The duty of every man and woman is to help to make this war the war that ends war.

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North Hastings Review.

"PARTY IS THE MADNESS OF MANY FOR THE GAIN OF A FEW"

$1.50 a Year | $1.50 a year

40TH YEAR—No. 49 | Madoc, Hastings County, Ontario, Thursday, December 6, 1917 | POSTAGE PREPAID

MR WILLIAM CROSS

The Liberal Candidate for East Hastings at the coming Dominion Elections, announces that

PUBLIC MEETINGS

will be held at the following places for the discussion of the public questions of the day, as follows:

Eldorado	Town Hall, Monday, at 8 p.m.	Dec. 10
O'Hara's	School House, Tuesday, at 4 p.m.	" 11
Hart's	School House Tuesday, at 8 p.m.	" 11
Actinolite	Town Hall, Wednesday at 8 p.m.	" 12
McCoy's	School House, Thursday at 8 p.m.	" 13
Queensboro	Orange Hall, Friday at 8 p.m.	" 14
Madoc	Masonic Hall, Saturday at 2.30 and 8 p.m.	" 15

The Ladies are Specially Invited to be present.

God Save the King

GREATER EAST HASTINGS CAMPAIGN

In the interests of Union Government and the Endorsed Union Government Candidate,

T. H. Thompson

The following meetings have been arranged and will commence at 8 p.m.

Marlbank	Orange Hall,	Monday	Dec. 10
Tweed	Auditorium,	Tuesday	Dec. 11
Queensboro	Orange Hall,	Wednesday	Dec. 12
Deseronto	Naylor's Hall,	Thursday	Dec. 13
Madoc	Masonic Hall,	Friday	Dec. 14

In addition to the Candidate, prominent speakers from outside the Riding will be present, also some of the following---W. C. Mikel K.C., Sandy Grant M.P.P., T. E. Burnside, O. M. Alger, W. E. Tummon, J. A. Gunter, Jas. Hill, and Ex-Wardens Andrew Kirk, Jas. Dryden and W. H. Nugent.

EVERYBODY WELCOME LADIES ESPECIALLY INVITED

God Save the King

KEEP A DATE OPEN FOR THE
THIRD ANNUAL

MADOC INTER SCHOOL DEBATE

High School vs. Model School

"Is Modern Civilization a Failure?"

At the Armouries 8 p.m. **Tuesday, Dec. 11th** Silver Collection

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

SIR EDMUND WALKER, C.V.O., LL.D., D.C.L., President
SIR JOHN AIRD, General Manager
H. V. F. JONES, Ass't. Gen'l. Manager

CAPITAL PAID UP, $15,000,000 RESERVE FUND, - $13,500,000

A SAFE PLACE FOR SAVINGS

It is as necessary to select a safe place for your savings as it is to save. Yet few give this matter much thought and many lose their savings because of ignorance or carelessness in this respect. Try this B[illegible]

A. Y. SNIDER, [illegible]
Madoc Branch

Mass Meeting of Women

A well attended and enthusiastic lady voters meeting was held in the Armouries on Tuesday evening. The speaker of the evening was Mrs. Starr, of Whitby, one of the energetic speakers of the Win the War League. Rev. A. E. Smart was chairman and the Madoc Brass Band rendered some very good music. Mrs. Starr is splendidly posted with information on the issue. She told her hearers that they must vote right, vote to support the boys in the trenches and vote right in voting for T. H. Thompson. Mrs. Starr described the work which the ladies had done for the men and that Sir Robert Borden had said if the women did not vote for the Union Government candidate and the Union Government failed, then it would be the first time that women would lose.

Mrs. Starr thinks that the failing of Canadians is selfishness and now is the time not to think of partyism but how best can I serve my country, which question can be answered effectively in voting for the Union Government. Mr. Burnside also addressed the meeting in support of the Union Government candidate, and if those who attended the meeting voted their personal convictions there can be no doubt of the issue. Now is the time for united action, and every vote counts, for the success of Mr. Thompson.

W. C. Mikel, K.C. Drops Out of Contest

W. C. Mikel, K.C., drops out of the contest in East Hastings to promote harmony in war time.

Belleville, Nov. 14, 1917.

T. H. Thompson, Esq.,
Madoc, Ont.

DEAR MR. THOMPSON, — I have learned that you have definitely decided to submit your name to the Convention at Madoc on the 15th inst., and knowing that there is a feeling in the Riding that it should be represented on this occasion by a local man, in order to preserve unity and to prevent discord and division at a time when our efforts should be made in one direction, namely, to win the war, I have decided not to submit my name to the Convention and if I should be naminated you can state to the delegates that it is my desire that my name should be withdrawn. I am told that there is a danger of a three-cornered fight in the election. If this be so it is an additional reason why I am anxious to take every step to secure harmonious action in favour of the choice of the Convention. I have a large number of friends in the Riding and I hope and believe that they will approve of my action in this matter.

This Convention at Madoc represents those who have done and will do most to win the war in the Riding, and I feel, therefore, whoever is chosen by this Convention is entitled to united support by every loyal and patriotic elector of the Riding. General French told the Canadians after the battle of St. Julien that when they held the line that day they saved the British Empire. Let us join up with that line and contribute our help. We are proud of our boys at the front; let us make the boys at the front proud of us. Let our mystic cords of memory stretch back to every battlefield and hero's grave in France and Flanders, that we may receive an inspiration to crush out any antagonism that may raise against the candidate who champions the cause of the Empire.

I am now engaged in defending in the Supreme Court of Ontario three young men who are on trial for offences punishable by life imprisonment. This has rendered it impossible for me to be present at the Convention. I wish, therefore, yourself or someone else would give to the delegates and those assembled my thanks for all they have done for me, and also my regret at not being able to be present owing to the above cause.

Yours truly,
W. C. MIKEL.

U. Farmers of Alta. Campaign for Laurier

The Laurier campaign in Alberta burst in full force in Winnipeg on Saturday Dec. 1st, and the rumor that has been current for some time became an aggressive fact: that the United Farmers of Alberta, led by James Weir, vice-president, would oppose T. A. Crerar in Marquette.

Weir has also challenged Mr. Crerar to a joint debate in Manitoba.

This campaign is a surprising one, as the Manitoba Grain Growers and Alberta United Farmers last summer united their forces for trade and commerce purposes.

Premier Stewart, of Alberta, is understood to favor Union Government, and so does Director Freame, of the United Farmers, and H. W. Wood, president, but they are placed in the background by superior numbers. Of the other members of Alberta Cabinet, Hon. Messrs. Cross, Mackay, Marshall and Boyle are against Union [illegible] are making active campaign with [illegible] Frank Oliver for Laurier.

Events of The War in Brief

British losses by submarines, almost negligible in recent weeks, showed an alarming increase in the last official weekly statement of losses—14 vessels over 1600 tons and seven of less than 1600. Generally, however, the submarine campaign has been growing less menacing for some time past. This is doubtless partly due to the increase in the number of destroyers available for protection following upon the entrance of the United States into the war. It is still more largely due to the use of what are called "depth bombs"—explosives that can be dropped over the place where a submarine submerges and which are timed to explode at any required depth. If one of these bursts anywhere near a submerged craft the latter is crushed by the concussion. It is also stated that as a result of the heavy losses in German submarines, difficulty is being experienced by the German naval command in securing volunteers for the manning of such craft.

Russia's collapse and the unreadiness of the United States make hopeless any thoughts of peace before 1919 in the opinion of Medill McCormick, in a statement made at Chicago Sunday night said: "The Germans are not winning the war. Neither are we The war presents a stalemate from which we are unable to extricate ourselves because of the collapse of Russia and the unreadiness of the United States.

"Nowhere in Europe did I find an informed soldier or public man who believed that a military decision could be achieved before 1919, when the United States might add effectively to pressure on the central empires," he said.

Queensboro

Mr. John Moore has returned home after spending several months in the West. On his trip he visited his brother, Robert, and many of the other Queensboro boys.

A number of Methodists met at the home of Mr. T. J. Sager to welcome them. Mr. T. H. Squire gave a short address after which Mr. Sager and Mr. Osborne responded after which lunch was served.

Rev. Merrick spent Friday in Flinton preaching a memorial service.

Mrs. J. Breakell, of Frankford, is the guest of Mrs. A. Howe.

The Patriotic League of Queensboro had their monthly meeting on Monday, December 3rd.

Mr. Northrup intends holding a meeting in the hall on Friday night.

Mr. Jack Nicol, of Bannockburn, is spending a few days in town.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Gray spent Sunday at the home of Mrs. T. Moore.

Wood is just $8 a cord and hard to get, some price.

Cooper

We are losing our snow. Wheels are on the road again.

Mr. Sam Rollins moved into camp this week with his men and will commence log making on his new limit.

Mr. Jas. Rollins took unto himself a wife last week and is spending a honeymoon in Belleville and Trenton. On their return they will reside on the home farm.

Our school-teacher, Mr. Klemmer, has answered the country's call for freedom and right and expects to close the school in a short time and don the khaki.

Miss Cassidy, of Tweed, was home over Sunday.

Miss Jessie Rollins, of Ivanhoe, is visiting friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Rollins spent an hour with Mr. Hark Rollins.

Mrs. John Hoag, of Foxboro, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Reynolds at the home of R. R. Hannah.

Mrs. O'Brien has returned home after spending some time with friends in Kingston and Sydeham.

Gilmour

Mr. and Mrs. J. Sprackett, of Belleville, visited their son, Mr. J. Sprackett, and daughter, Mrs. Wilson, last week.

Pte. Robert Greenlee has returned to Toronto and expects to leave this month for England.

Mrs. S. Neil and Miss Lillie Wilson, of Steenburg, visited Mrs. R. Dafoe Thursday.

The Red Cross Society met on Friday and packed 10 boxes to send to our boys in England and France.

We are pleased to learn that Pte. C. Dafoe in England is better.

The following letter was received by the Red Cross Society from Pte. R. Parks.

England, Nov. 4th.

Dear Friends, — In reply to your most welcome parcel, which I received yesterday o.k., I return many thanks to you all. I was pleased to see the nice cakes. It seemed like home. The gum and chocolate were grand and that maple sugar, well, I can taste it yet. Many thanks for the socks which I was glad to receive as they are very hard to get here. I remain,

Thankfully yours,
PTE. RODOLPH PARKS

Will There be Electric Light in Your Home This Christmas?

Get your house wired now! We supply everything but the electricity.

We sell a complete line of Electric Appliances to lighten the labor in the home. Costs nothing to try them. Costs little to use them.

JOHN BURKITT, MADOC
Kincaid's Store, Phone 61

XMAS MARKET

The Madoc Women's Institute wish to draw your attention to

DECEMBER 8, 1917

When a Market and Bazaar will be held at the

ARMOURIES

Meals served from 11 o'clock. Be sure and see the Summer Girls' Booth.
Tea and Strawberry Cake served from 2 to 5 p.m. Fancy work and Aprons Sold

Buy Your Sunday Dinner at the Farmers' Booth

Concert in the Evening

Beginning at eight o'clock. Madoc Band in attendance.
Mr. Aylesworth of Deseronto, Miss Bonnycastle of Campbellford, and Miss Jean Mackintosh of Belleville, have been engaged for the evening. Be sure and hear them.

Live Stock Auction

Held after the Concert, at which Chicken, Geese, Ducks, Lambs, Pigs, and all live stock donated, will be sold.

THE DOMINION BANK

Capital Paid Up $6,000,000 Reserve Fund $7,000,000

Depositors in this Bank are assured of efficient service.

A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED

MADOC BRANCH: G. P. LYND, Manager.

Madoc Sash & Door Factory

If you are thinking of building this spring be sure and get our estimates. We always carry a good stock of lumber of all description.

JOHN ROBERTSON

Tweed Planing Mills

Storm Sash and Doors

Put them on now and save on your fuel bill.

The Houston Co. Ltd.
TWEED, ONT.

Suppose the Review Ceased Publication

JUST suppose this community were left without a local newspaper! What would become of its local pride? Men and women might die, or marry, or go away, or suffer accident, or entertain friends, and you would hear about it all only through gossip. Farm sales and other announcements of interest in this particular part of Canada would have no publicity. Our local merchants would have no quick and cheap way of telling you what they provide for you. Our churches, schools and other institutions would have no medium of news or appeal.

The point is this:—If you kick against the subscription price, $1.50 per year, and drop your subscription, you say in effect: "This community doesn't need a local weekly." If you continue to take it, but "forget" to send or hand in the price, you do even worse.

BE LOYAL TO AND PROUD OF THE COMMUNITY YOU LIVE IN, KEEP IT ON THE MAP AND ITS NAME BEFORE THE REST OF THE COUNTRY, BY SUPPORTING YOUR LOCAL NEWSPAPER,—THE REVIEW.

Some of the Leading Features

in the Policies of

The Policy Holders Mutual Life Ins. Co.

of Canada.

Head Office - - Temple Building, Toronto

No Other Policy Nearly So Good

1. Premium rate from 10 to 25 per cent. lower than any other company in Canada for the same class of Policy.
2. Our Guaranteed Loan or Surrender Values are as good as the best.
3. Our Policies participate in the profits of the Company; all dividends are paid to you in cash, yearly, after the third year.
4. Every policyholder has the privilege of a thorough medical examination every year at the Company's expense.
5. Total abstainers are insured in a class by themselves, and will receive the larger profits their good habits insure.
6. This is a strong mutual Company, with all the security of a full Government Reserve, one vote in the management of your Company with every $1,000 of insurance.
7. Premiums may be paid yearly, half-yearly, quarterly or even monthly, at your convenience, without consulting the Company.
8. Freeinsurance for face value of Policy, for a specific term of years after the third year in force, if you are sick or are unable to pay premium, etc., etc.

A. H. Watson, Madoc, Local Agent

DAILY BETWEEN BUFFALO & CLEVELAND

3 — MAGNIFICENT STEAMERS — 3

The Great Ship "SEEANDBEE"—"CITY OF ERIE"—"CITY OF BUFFALO"

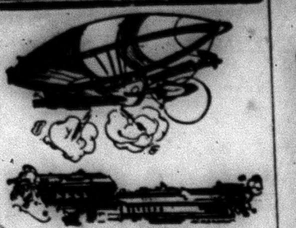
BUFFALO — Daily, May 1st to Nov. 15th — CLEVELAND

The Cleveland & Buffalo Transit Company

FARE $3.50

The SKY PIRATE

by GARRETT P. SERVISS.



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PROLOGUE.

The sea pirate has long been a fascinating figure of romance, but the march of progress has driven him into well deserved retirement, and he has now been replaced, in fiction at least, by the sky pirate, who is even more mysterious, more daring and more romantic than his predecessor. Read and there will unfold before you the extraordinary story of Captain Alfonso Payton and his airship, the Chameleon; of William Grayman, the richest man in the world; of his beautiful daughter, for whose ransom $10,000,000 was demanded; of Lieutenant Allen of the revenue service, of wonders by wireless and of fierce battles above the clouds.

CHAPTER I.

AN AMAZING ABDUCTION.

THE extraordinary outbreak of piracy which followed with such astonishing promptness the general adoption of aerial navigation in the fourth decade of the twentieth century will no doubt be regarded by future historians as one of the greatest curiosities of human annals. It has already been the subject of much laborious research and of many learned disquisitions, while the public has eagerly devoured the "lives" of a dozen of those astounding marauders of the atmosphere, who descended from the sky with the speed and ferocity of famished eagles. Whole towns were sometimes laid under contribution, the terror inspired by dropping bombs banishing all thought of effective resistance.

Of all the desperate adventurers of that period none was so fascinating in personality or had the romantic charm that characterized Captain Alfonso Payton, a Spanish American, whose real Christian name was probably that which he gave, but who had dropped the name of his family, which was said to be one of the oldest and proudest in Spain, dating back to the days of the conquistadores. Payton's exploits in his famous aero Chameleon commanded a great deal of attention at times in the newspapers, but his story has never been fully told, and the closing details, the most amazing of all, were withheld from public knowledge for reasons which will be apparent in what I am about to relate.

Payton, or "Captain Alfonso," as his reckless crew always called him, was one of the handsomest men that I have ever seen. He had a Spaniard's eyes and complexion, with the stature and vigor of a modern American, while his manners were those of an ideal prince. The charm of his personality was felt by everybody who came in contact with him. He was exceedingly well educated, especially in everything which makes a man attractive to women, and if he had chosen to lead an honest life he could unquestionably have married almost any heiress or any beautiful girl that he might have fancied, and he would have been an ornament to society.

But he was a born pirate. Brave and fearless, he was absolutely reckless of the opinions of mankind, rejoiced in his wickedness, sought only the gratification of his whims and pleasures, and yet he could commit an outrage on the liberty and personal rights of others with such winning gentleness, such delicate consideration for their feelings, that often the sting was not at the moment perceived.

Payton's methods were peculiar. He had chosen his line, and he stuck to it until the end. He never attacked treasure laden fliers, such as the early transatlantic liners of the International Aero express, which constituted the favorite prey of Morton, the other great pirate of the period, but he made an exclusive specialty of kidnaping, and almost invariably he kidnaped women, whom he treated with the utmost delicacy and consideration consistent with sure capture and safe keeping. There were many instances familiar to newspaper readers of his magic personality so working upon his victims that he won their respect and even friendship.

Nevertheless he was without mercy in his exactions. The object of all his abductions was ransom. No tears, no entreaties, no consideration whatever, had the slightest effect upon him. Pay or stay was his word.

The exploit which finally brought Payton's career to an end was the most extraordinary and romantic in all the long list of his adventures and one which would never have been dreamed of by a man less recklessly daring. At that time the most talked about and the wealthiest of New York's billionaires was the late William Grayman. He had accumulated a stupendous fortune by means of a "corner in banks."

I was a young lieutenant in charge of a government aero engaged in the revenue service, and the one thing outside my regular occupation that especially interested me was the progress of invention growing out of the old wireless telegraph.

Mr. Grayman, who had long been a widower, had an only child, Miss Helen Grayman, who was one of the most beautiful girls in the richest social circle of New York and was doted on by her father. She was about eighteen years of age, and it was the common report that several European counts and dukes and one prince sought her hand. But it was also averred that she had refused them all.

This made Miss Grayman popular with thousands who had never met her. I recall that my interest in Miss Grayman was first pleasantly awakened by seeing her portrait in a Sunday journal over the title of "An American Girl Who Is True to America."

One evening late in June, 1930, Miss Grayman had retired to her room on the third story of her father's splendid mansion in Fifth avenue and was about to begin her toilet for the night with the aid of her maid, Susan Jackson, when a peculiar noise at one of the windows facing Central park attracted their attention. Miss Grayman had a favorite cat, which sometimes signified its desire to enter her room by tapping on the door, and she directed Susan to open the lattice. The girl threw the window wide open, expecting, like her mistress, to see the cat leap in.

But instead of the cat a man stepped inside.

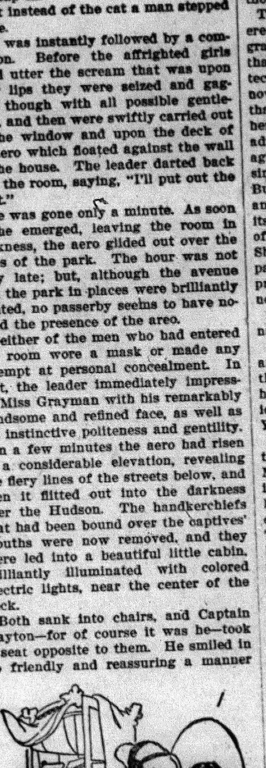
He was instantly followed by a companion. Before the affrighted girls could utter the scream that was upon their lips they were seized and gagged, though with all possible gentleness, and then were swiftly carried out of the window and upon the deck of an aero which floated against the wall of the house. The leader darted back into the room, saying, "I'll put out the light."

He was gone only a minute. As soon as he emerged, leaving the room in darkness, the aero glided out over the trees of the park. The hour was not very late; but, although the avenue and the park in places were brilliantly lighted, no passerby seems to have noticed the presence of the areo.

Neither of the men who had entered the room wore a mask or made any attempt at personal concealment. In fact, the leader immediately impressed Miss Grayman with his remarkably handsome and refined face, as well as his instinctive politeness and gentility.

In a few minutes the aero had risen to a considerable elevation, revealing the fiery lines of the streets below, and then it flitted out into the darkness over the Hudson. The handkerchiefs that had been bound over the captives' mouths were now removed, and they were led into a beautiful little cabin, brilliantly illuminated with colored electric lights, near the center of the deck.

Both sank into chairs, and Captain Payton—for of course it was he—took a seat opposite to them. He smiled in so friendly and reassuring a manner



INSTEAD OF THE CAT A MAN STEPPED INSIDE.

that it was impossible for Miss Grayman to be afraid of him. The idea of a criminal attempt upon her liberty never entered her thoughts. She imagined that it was a huge practical joke perpetrated by some of her intimate friends, and she tried to think who among them would be most likely to venture upon such an exploit.

"I must beg a thousand pardons for carrying you off in this way, Miss Grayman," Payton said, "and I wish at once to offer my absolute assurance that no possible harm to you is intended. I have been in a manner compelled to act as I have done for reasons which you will shortly understand. Since I know your charitable disposition and your sympathy with the unfortunate, I feel sure that I can count upon your heartfelt support in an enterprise which has been undertaken in order to afford a great and a fully deserved gratification to certain persons who have not been treated by the world with even handed justice. For the carrying out of this enterprise your co-operation and presence have been thought essential."

This extraordinary speech was delivered in a manner as confiding and gracious and with a smile so winning that Miss Grayman was far from detecting the irony that lurked in it. She now became more than ever convinced that this was really a ruse of some of her friends to engage her in a romantic adventure, although she could not imagine why they should have chosen so singular a method of enlisting her. But it had the charm of great novelty, and youth, inexperience and high spirits united to give her a delightful thrill of undefined interest in the escapade. She felt quite at her ease and was prepared to enjoy some most pleasant surprises. She answered, therefore, with no little gayety of manner:

"Mr. — of course I do not know your name, you know"—

"Brown," Payton replied promptly and with an even more engaging smile than that which had before illumined his countenance, "Commodore Frederick Brown of the Washington Aero Yacht club."

It was a lucky hit, though made entirely at random. It happened that Miss Grayman had many close friends in Washington, and now she could no longer entertain the least doubt of the correctness of her original surmise. This Commodore Brown evidently belonged to the best circle of society at the capital and had been selected by her friends to act as intermediary in their plot. The extravagance of the notion of having her carried off without the least warning or preparation at such an hour and by a stranger did not occur to her excited imagination. It seemed all as delightful as a fairy tale, and she tingled with the desire to witness the denouement, which could not fail to be most entertaining. With girlish eagerness she asked, with a knowing look:

"Where have they told you to take me?"

Payton was the shrewdest of the shrewd. He saw in a second the trend of Miss Grayman's thoughts and the advantage which it would give him. So, assuming an appearance of some confusion at being so quickly found out, he answered:

"Oh, you know I mustn't tell you that. It would spoil all the fun. You'll understand everything when we get there."

And then he broke out with a laugh so joyous, hearty and insinuating that the girl laughed with him, while Susan stretched her mouth in a broad grin over the unexpected hilarity.

"We've got quite a run before us," Payton resumed in a more serious manner, "and I think, if you will permit the suggestion, that it would be well for you to turn in, as we navigators say. I have a little cabin which, I hope, that you will find comfortable, and, with your permission, I will show you to it."

He led the way, courteously opened a door amidships, touched a knob to turn on the electric light within the apartment and as soon as the girls had entered bowed low with formal politeness, saying as he turned on his heel:

"I wish you pleasant dreams. Good night!"

The little room in which they found themselves might have been regarded as elegant anywhere. It was lavishly furnished, but with good taste, and contained two small beds.

"Good Lordy, Miss Helen!" Susan exclaimed as soon as they were alone. "What will your father say?"

The remark struck to Miss Grayman's heart. It was the first time she had thought of her father and of his distress when he should discover her absence. But her eager mind was full of resources.

"No doubt papa knows all about it," she replied. "It is my friends who are doing this, you know, and of course they must have taken him secretly into their confidence; otherwise they never would have ventured so far. And what a handsome man Commodore Brown is, and so agreeable!"

It required no more than the suggestion of her fancy to persuade the romantic girl that her father was aware of the ruse and had given his consent to it. This thought increased her confidence so much that, with the utmost self possession, she prepared to retire and was soon sleeping as peacefully as if she had been in her own chamber, the imperceptible motion of the aero being totally free from the disturbing effects of the rolling and pitching of a marine craft.

But Susan, with less peace of mind, lay awake thinking and wondering for hours.

(To be Continued)

SHOULDER TO SHOULDER

Without a united gun crew and mutual confidence behind the gun it becomes useless in assisting to defeat the Hun and protect Liberty and Democracy.

Black as Dirt About the Eyes

Liver Was All Upset and There Was Pain Under the Shoulder-blade — Two Interesting Letters.

So many people suffer from derangements of the liver that we feel sure these two reports, just recently received, will prove interesting reading and valuable information to many readers of this paper.

Mrs. F. L. Harris, Keatley P.O., Sask., writes: "I was suffering from liver trouble—had a heavy pain under one shoulder blade all the time, and was nearly as black as dirt around the eyes, so I concluded to try some of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. I did so, and before I had taken one 25c box the pain had left me and I commenced to gain in flesh, and by the time I had taken two boxes I was completely cured and felt like a new person. My trouble was caused by heavy work out-of-doors, and, of course, heavy eating and constipation. I would advise anyone suffering from kidney or liver trouble to give Dr. Chase's Pills a trial."

Mrs. Charles Terry, Tweed, Ont., writes: "Before I was married I was troubled with enlargement of the liver. My liver became so enlarged that you could detect the swellings on either side, and it was only with difficulty that I could get my clothes on. A friend advised me to get Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills and take them. I commenced this treatment, and used nine boxes, which cured me at that time. Then, about two or three years afterward I was troubled again with the swelling, but only on my right side. I secured some more Kidney-Liver Pills, and took them, which finally cured me. I have not been troubled in this way since. I can cheerfully recommend Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills to anyone having kidney or liver trouble.

"We have also found Dr. Chase's Linseed and Turpentine excellent for coughs and colds. In fact, any of Dr. Chase's medicines which we have used have been good."

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, one pill a dose, 25c a box, 5 for $1.00, at all dealers, or Edmanson Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

The Bridal Wreath.

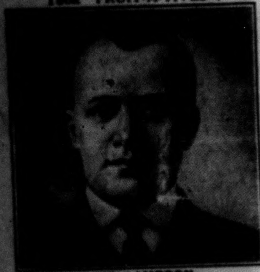
The Roman bridal wreath was of verbena, plucked by the bride herself. Holly wreaths were sent as tokens of congratulations, and wreaths of parsley and rue were given under a belief that they were effectual preservatives against evil spirits. The hawthorn was the flower which formed the wreaths of Athenian brides. At the present day the bridal wreath is almost entirely composed of orange-blossoms on a background of maidenhair fern, a sprig here and there of stephanotis blending its exquisite fragrance. The custom of using orange-blossoms at bridals has been traced to the Saracens, among whom the orange-blossom was regarded as a symbol of a prosperous marriage.

The Maine Deer Harvest.

The Maine deer killed last year totalled 12,000.

RHEUMATISM WAS MOST SEVERE

Dreadful Pains All The Time Until He Took "FRUIT-A-TIVES".



MR. LAMPSON

Verona, Ont., Nov. 11th., 1915.

"I suffered for a number of years with *Rheumatism and severe Pains in Side and Back*, from strains and heavy lifting.

When I had given up hope of ever being well again, a friend recommended "Fruit-a-tives" to me and *after using the first box I fell so much better* that I continued to take them, and now I am enjoying the best of heath, thanks to your remedy".

W. M. LAMPSON.

If you—who are reading this—have any Kidney or Bladder Trouble, or suffer with Rheumatism or Pain In The Back or Stomach Trouble—give "Fruit-a-tives" a fair trial. This wonderful fruit medicine will do you a world of good, as it cures when everything else fails.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size, 25c. At dealers or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

To the Public

We Sell Parisian Sage, and we Know the Guarantee is Genuine

PARISIAN SAGE, the quick-acting hair restorer, is guaranteed—

To stop falling hair,
To cure dandruff,
To cure itching of the scalp.
To put life into faded hair.
To make harsh hair soft and luxuriant.
To make hair grow, or money back.

It is the most delightful hair dressing made, and is a great favorite with ladies who desire beautiful and luxuriant hair. Large bottle only 50 cents.

Rierdon's Red Cross Drug Store

THE

Hospital for Sick Children

College St., Toronto

ITS CHRISTMAS MESSAGE

Dear Mr. Editor:—

Thanks for your kindness in allowing me the privilege of appealing to your readers this Christmas time on behalf of the Hospital for Sick Children, the "Sweetest of all Charities," which has as its mission the care of the helpless, the sick, the crippled and the deformed.

There never was a year in the history of the Hospital when funds to carry on the work were more needed than now.

Your purse is the Hospital's Hope. Your money lights the candles of mercy on the Christmas trees of health that the Hospital plants along the troubled roadway of many a little life.

So I am asking you for aid, for the open purse of the Hospital's friend is the hope of the Hospital at Christmas, just as the open door of the Hospital's mercy is the hope of the little children throughout the year.

Calls on generous hearts are many in these times. Calls on the Hospital are many at all times, and especially when food and fuel and drugs and service costs are soaring high. YOU know the high cost of living. Do you know the high cost of healing—of helping the helpless to happiness? What you do to assist is the best investment you will ever make.

Do you realize what this charity is doing for sick children, not only of Toronto, but for all Ontario, for out of a total of 3,740 in-patients last year 646 came from 254 places outside of Toronto. The field of the Hospital's service covers the entire Province—from the Ottawa to the far-off Kenora—from the borders of the Great Lakes to the farthest northerly district.

The Hospital is doing a marvellous work. If you could see the children with crippled limbs, club feet, and other deformities, who have left the Hospital with straightened limbs and perfect correction, your response to our appeal would be instant. In the Orthopedic Departments last year a total of 330 in-patients were treated; and in the Out-Patient Department there were 1,946 attendances.

Let your money and the Hospital's mercy lift the burden of misery that curses the lives, cripples the limbs and saddens the mothers of the suffering little children.

Money mobilises the powers of help and healing for the Hospital's drive day and night against the trenches where disease and pain and death assail the lives of the little ones.

Remember that every dollar given to the Hospital is a dollar subscribed to the Liberty Loan that opens the prisons of pain and the Bastilles of disease, and sets little children free to breathe the pure air and to rejoice in the money of God's sunlight.

Will you send a dollar, or more if you can, to Douglas Davidson, Secretary-Treasurer, or

J. ROSS ROBERTSON,
Chairman of the Board of Trustees.

ACTED AS POLICE SPY.

Trusted Member of Duma Betrayed His Friends.

Revelations of the Commission of Enquiry into Abuses of the former Government show that for two years there sat in the Duma, as a respected, member, a burglar, police spy, informer and organizer of crime. This member was the prominent Socialist Roman Malinowsky, a protégé of the "bolshevik" Lenine, whose attempts to overthrow the Provisional Government made such a stir.

Malinowsky's career, according to the commission, began with pocket-picking and burglary, for which in Moscow he was many times convicted. Fifteen years ago Malinowsky decided to enter politics and became associated with the semi-revolutionary Socialist party, to whom his criminal record was unknown. He showed such revolutionary fervor that he rapidly advanced, becoming a friend of the Socialist Nikolai Lenine, who was then living in exile abroad.

In 1910 the commission discovered Malinowsky began to co-operate with the "Okhrana," or Police Security Department, using his position with the revolutionaries in order to obtain facts. His plan was to spy and egg on his comrades into demonstrations and political crimes, and then betray them. He was taken on at first at $25 a month, but soon so distinguished himself as spy and informer that he was promoted, and was sent abroad by the police to watch and incite emigrant revolutionaries. He still kept Lenine's confidence and this enabled him to carry out his police work more efficiently.

For two years Malinowsky steadily rose in favor both of the revolutionaries and of the police. In May, 1912, he was elected Duma member. Both revolutionaries and police, unknown to one another, rejoiced. Malinowsky became so valuable that his salary from the police was raised to $250 a month. This, with his salary as Duma member, gave him an income of $5,000 a year. He drew continued praise for his admirable revolutionary work as Duma member, and reported everything to the Security Department. His speeches were carefully prepared in advance. Some were written by Lenine, and all were submitted before delivery to the police. The Enquiry Commission found corrected drafts of the speeches in the police offices.

Suspicion eventually fell on Malinowsky. But Lenine ridiculed the aspersion that Malinowsky was a spy, and by fresh attacks on the Government Malinowsky apparently proved his sincerity. In 1914 he led the extreme Left's assault on Prime Minister Goremykin, led it so stormily that he and twenty-one supporters were excluded from the session for a fortnight. Then Assistant-Minister of the Interior Djuinkowsky discovered what was already known to his chief—that the revolutionist Duma member was a spy and provocateur, and he informed M. Rodzianko, Speaker of the Duma. He declared, however, that there must be no police scandal. Malinowsky was allowed to resign his seat. The police continued to pay him his full salary, and he was sent abroad.

When suspicion again fell on him, his case was brought before a party court, and he was triumphantly acquitted, there being "no proof whatever that he was a police spy." His protector, Lenine, sent to the press an indignant denial of the espionage rumors. The real truth about Malinowsky was not known until after the revolution.

Malinowsky is now at liberty in Germany, and carrying on an active "Socialist" propaganda. For abetting his elevation to Duma membership, M. Makaroff, formerly Minister of the Interior, is to be put on trial.

Friendship in the Trenches.

To illustrate the fact that soldiers of very different social classes, after fighting side by side, often become affectionate friends, the author of "Notes on the War," a Frenchwoman, tells the following story:

"A very jovial young soldier used to entertain his companions most delightfully by his irrepresible gaiety. One day his spirits failed. When one of his comrades asked the reason he said:

"'In time of peace I am a clown in a music-hall. It's my business to entertain people; but to-day I got a letter from my wife telling of the illness of our two children. She can't go out to work, and things look black. That's why I can't joke to-day.'

"Some days later the same comrade said: 'You are merry to-day. What's happened?'

"'Why, a letter from my wife says a man called and handed her three hundred-franc notes from his client, M. Jean Breton; so things are bright again for us! But who can M. Breton be?'

"The other soldier was silent for a moment, but finally said:

"'Don't worry, mate! I am Jean Breton. I am rich enough to afford it. Now cheer us with one of your comic songs, please!'"

Murder at Sea

The unwritten law of the deep from time immemorial has been that the captain of a ship must defend with his life the passengers entrusted to his safe-keeping and be himself the last to leave the ship.

By the laws of civilized nations the lives of those travelling on unprotected ships have been considered sacred.

It has been left to modern German culture to introduce murder at sea. We remember the Lusitania, Falabar, the Belgium Prince, but at this moment we particularly think of Capt. Fryatt, in command of a passenger ship, whose only offence was that he sought to save the ship from the hungry maw of the Prussian Wolf in endeavoring to save his ship from being submarined. He was sent through the farce of a mock trial, condemned to death and was shot. Had he been a naval officer, seamen or soldier, he would have been made prisoner; because he was a merchant seamen, his life (according to the law of German civilization) must be forfeited. He is only one of many; thousands have been torpedoed again and again, and, after reaching port, they sign on and are out again on the Long Lone Trail.

For the merchant seaman there is no Patriotic allowance, separation or pension for his dear dependents; this is one of the objects the Navy League is seeking to provide for.

St. Ola

The weather took a sudden change last week when on Thursday there fell about four inches of snow.

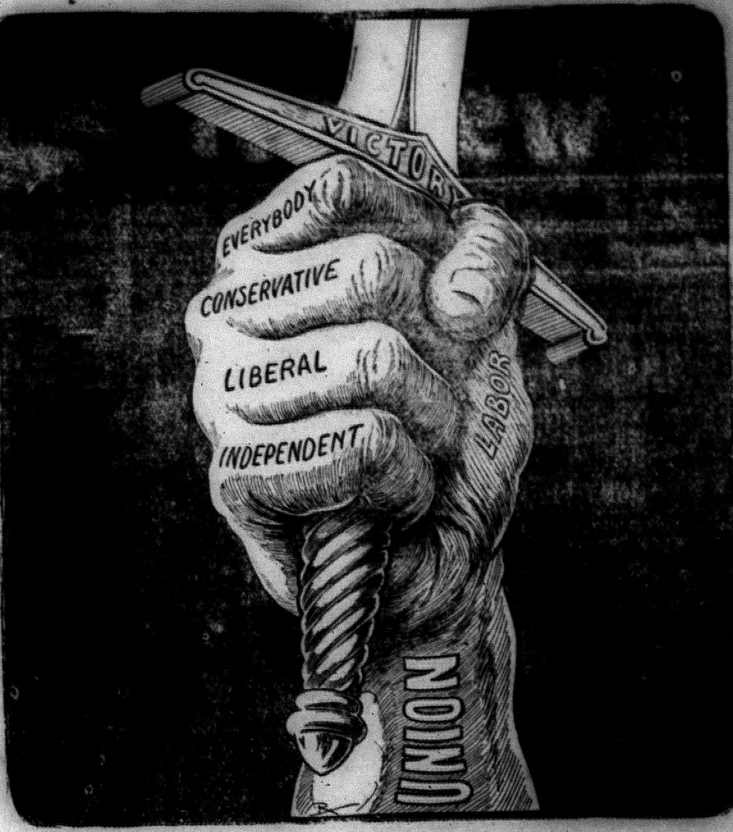
Mrs. Drinkwater, of Springbrook, returned home after visiting friends and relatives in this vicinity.

Mrs. P. P. Clark is home again after spending a week in Belleville.

Mr. Wm. Casement has moved in the village.

Miss Myrtle Thompson, of Springbrooke, is visiting Mrs. Gordon King after spending a few days in Cashel.

ONE COMMON OBJECT! ONE SUPREME CAUSE!



To defeat the Germans and preserve liberty and democracy.

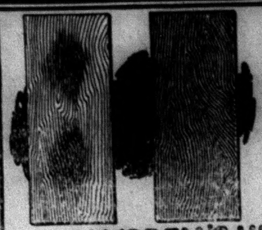
VINOL REMOVES THE CAUSE OF CHRONIC COUGHS

A Constitutional Remedy That We Guarantee

Lagrange, N. C.—"For years I suffered with a chronic cough, so I could not sleep nights and continued to lose flesh. My druggist asked me to try Vinol. It cured my cough, I can sleep nights and have gained twelve pounds. Vinol is the best tonic and tissue builder I have ever taken."—W. D. Ren, Lagrange, N. C.

We guarantee Vinol for chronic coughs, colds and bronchitis. Not a patent medicine. Formula on every bottle. Your money back if it fails.

J. Will Vince, druggist, Madoc. Also at the best druggist in all Ontario towns.



Grease Sinks In But— that makes no difference if you use Campbell's Varnish Stain on your floors and woodwork. It dissolves grease spots—wipes them out. The illustration shows a greasy board, and beside it a picture of the same board after Campbell's Varnish Stain has been used. The grease spots are gone.

It comes in a yellow can with the famous camel picture on it. Sold everywhere. Ask *your* dealer for

CAMPBELL'S VARNISH STAIN

DISSOLVES GREASE SPOTS

There are 13 colors: Natural wood color, light oak, dark oak, walnut, cherry, mahogany, green, rosewood, white enamel, flat black, gloss black, piazza green and piazza red. A post card brings a color card *free*.

Sold by the following progressive merchants

FRANK DAFOE, - - MADOC

Made by
CARPENTER-MORTON CO. 77 Sudbury Street, Boston, Mass.

THERE IS SOUND ECONOMY IN BUYING GOOD CLOTHES

You will get one hundred cents worth for every dollas you spend in a Suit or Overcoat of

ART CLOTHES

and a little extra in Style, Fit and Workmanship. They are tailored to your measure---perfect fit and satisfaction guaranteed.

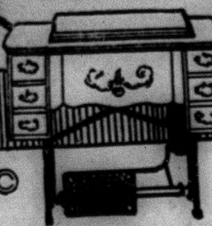
The Fall and Winter samples are here---Make your selection now.

GEORGE WEST DEALER **MADOC**

Sale Starts Monday.—Come Early

Come in and let us Explain Our Plan

25c INITIAL PAYMENT



25c INITIAL PAYMENT

Here's a wonderful opportunity to get a new "Made in Canada" WHITE

Twenty-Five Cents is all You Need

TO JOIN OUR "WHITE" PROGRESSIVE SEWING MACHINE CLUB

Twenty-Five Cents sends to your Home one of the Newest Models of the Famous White Machine
Only 50 Memberships—50 White Sewing Machines will be sold on this Club Plan

WHY YOU SHOULD JOIN ON MONDAY

Because no better machine can be had at any price.
Because the first cost is so low.
Because the Club Payments are so easily made.
Because you cannot buy again with so little inconvenience to your pocketbook.

Because sewing will henceforth become a pleasure.
Because your health deserves it.
Because it never pays to put off dofng a good deed.
Because after the Club closes prices will be higher.
Because such an opportunity may never come again.

Special Prices permitted by Manufacturers during this sale only

This is one of the Wonderful Values

"White" Auto Lift

An elegantly constructed machine with automatic lift, nickel plated hand wheel, a one-piece hanging center panel, with two drawers at each end of table; beautiful swell front furniture of golden oak, quarter sawed and finely finished, fitted with ball bearings, and exclusive belt gripping device which holds belt on hand wheel whep head is lowered, and a complete set of the latest style steel attachments.

$39.20

The old rule "first com e, fisg served" will hold good durin this sale. Choice of any

"WHITE"

on this plan at equally low prices.

Come on Monday and enroll

10c An added feature of the "WHITE" Progressive Club is the opportunity to save premium refunds. Make any final payment in advance and save TEN CENTS.

First Payment 25c	20th Payment $1.10
2nd Payment 25c	21st payment $1.20
2rd Payment 35c	22nd Payment $1.20
4th Payment 25c	23rd Payment $1.20
5th Payment 50c	24th Payment $1.20
6th payment 50c	25th payment $1.30
7th payment 50c	26th payment $1.30
8th payment 50c	27th payment $1.30
9th payment 75c	28th papment $1.30
10th payment 75c	29th payment $1.40
11th payment 75c	30th payment $1.40
12th payment 75c	31st payment $1.40
13th payment $1.00	32nd payment $1.40
14th payment $1.00	33rd payment $1.50
15th payment $1.00	34th payment $1.50
16th payment $1.00	35th payment $1.50
17th payment $1.10	36th payment $1.50
18th payment $1.10	37th payment $1.60
19th payment $1.10	Last payment $1.60

A. KINCAID

"THE BUSY CORNER"
MADOC

Letters from Our Soldiers

Somewhere in France, Nov. 6th,
Mrs. Geo. Bassett,
Madoc, Ont.

DEAR MADAM,—It is with a feeling of great loss that I have to tell you of your brother's death this morning.

No. 40442 Driver P. M. Broadworth was killed in action this morning while packing ammunition in to our guns. A shell burst quite close to him and he died instantly, never knowing how he had been hit. His body is being brought out and will be buried tomorrow by our Chaplain in one of the nearby cemeteries.

I feel his loss keenly myself as he was one of my old standbys on whom I could always rely for any work I wanted done. The conditions one finds here are not always of the best, yet I never knew your brother to complain or do anything but turn out smiling.

In collecting what personal effects I could I came across a picture of Dr. Hogdson. I have enclosed it in his pocketbook with several other pictures. This driver, another of my old men, was killed about the same time and place.

The personal effects will be forwarded to you by registered mail.

With my deepest sympathy, believe me,

Yours most sincerely,
A. ERIC COPLAND, Captain.

Next Event in Great War

Trenton Courier:—The next great events in the great war now raging in Europe, according to a little book on Bible prophesy in the possession of the Editor of this paper, will be as follows:

Russia will break away from the Allies and drop out of the present war or become friendly to Germany. This is already acknowledged by the daily papers.

Austria will break away from Germany and join the Allies, according to the same authority, which was published in 1885, and reprinted in the leading dailies of London and New York in 1902 and 1903, giving a full description of this war and its ending.

England during this period will suffer disasters and lose Ireland.

Come in and see our stock of

NEW FALL FOOTWEAR

Just a little more attractive than any previous season, not only as to style, but also as to selection. These Boots are our finest makes, and best styles, and can be had in Patent Leather, black or grey Kid or brown Calf.

G. C. MOON

SPECIAL

25 doz. men's and boys' Four-in-hand

NECKTIES

for Christmas trade. All shades, worth up to 50c, on sale

25c.

GEORGE WEST
Gentlemen's Furnisher

THE

North Hastings Review

IS PUBLISHED

THURSDAY MORNING

AT THE

REVIEW PRINTING OFFICE, MADOC, ONT

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.—One dollar and a half per year in advance.

No paper will be stopped until all arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher. A post office notice is not sufficient unless a settlement to date has been made. Subscribers changing their address should immediately notify the publisher, giving old and new address. Subscribers outside the limits of the County must pay in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.—Transient advertising such as Legal Notices, Public Notices, Public Meetings, Municipal Advertisements, etc., inserted at the rate of 10 cents per line Nonpareil space for the first insertion and 3 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. All advertisements of this class measured from rule to rule and by the scale of solid Nonpareil, 12 lines to the inch.

Condensed advertisements of Estray Stock, Articles Lost, Found, or For Sale, Teachers Wanted, Situations Wanted, Help Wanted, To Let, Business Chances, and others of a like nature, not exceeding 12 lines Nonpareil, inserted at the rate of 50 cents for first insertion and 25 cents for each week afterwards. Ads. of this class must be paid in advance.

Any notice, the object of which is to promote the pecuniary benefit of any individual or corporation is considered an advertisement and must be charged as such.

Notices of Births, Deaths and Marriages will be charged at the rate of 25c. per insertion.

A. H. WATSON, Proprietor

MADOC, DECEMBER 6, 1917

Communication

To the Editor of The Review.

DEAR SIR,—I beg to ask you to insert a few lines re Mr. Cross nomination. He is certainly voluminous in his criticisms. He talks like the great political I Am of this election. If he were honest and practical he would give someone credit for something and state that Laurier's platform means the postponing of sending help to our boys before they are all killed. It is too late to lock the stable doors after the horses are stolen.

DR. H. H. SUTTON,
Madoc.

—Waxed paper for wrapping parcels to soldiers can be had at the Review office for 5c. a package

Madoc Public School

The following is the Roll of Honour for November:

Sr. IV—W Rupert, E Rupert, G MacTavish, I Wellington, L Rousehorn.

Jr. IV—A Tucker, E Cochran, K Phillips, M Ash, M Foote, A Rogers, E Vince, M Cochran, A Harden, V Keene, V McGhee, C Clark, S Eagleson, A Smith.

MRS. PATTERSON.

Sr. III—G McCoy, L Ketcheson, M McTavish, E Jarvis.

Jr. III—W Peacock, N Williams, M Langman, B Jackson, R Devolin, J O'Connell, A Robertson, C Smith, L Forestal.

N. FEENEY.

Jr. II—D Campbell, L Walker, S Kilpatrick, N Whytock, M Ross, J Rupert, L Hart, G Lett.

Sr. III—H Caskey, M Clark, P Crawford, J McTavish, G Vince, W Devolin, A McCoy.

I. M. BREAKELL.

Sr. I, A.—G Robinson, E Hart, L Sandford, W Danford, P Gillen.

Sr. I, B.—P Mumby, A Tompkins, E Adams, M Tufts, F Adams.

Sr. I, C.—E Tompkins, C Carswell, E Mumby, A Caskey, G Armstrong, F Conley.

M. M. KEENE.

A.—B Adams, C Wallbridge and D Whytock equal, R McCaw, C Hill, A Adams, M Clark.

B.—H Carswell, H Caskey and C Phillips equal, M Kellar and L West equal, M Bassett, D Nickle.

C.—E Armstrong, F Mumby, M Gillen, R McConnell.

M. A. BLACK.

The following has been handed in by one of our subscribers and is taken from The Message, of Toronto:—As to nationality, of which we hear the Unionists say so much, perhaps they would be willing to hear Lloyd George on the matter: "The only way you can attain national unity is by recognizing that there is a variety of faiths and creeds and that unity is only possible by recognizing each one in its own channel and giving fair play to all.

Card of Thanks

We desire, through the medium of the Review, to express our heartfelt thanks to our many friends who, on the occasion of the death in action on November 9th of our brother, Driver P. M. Broadworth, showed their sympathy by many acts of kindness, and we take this opportunity of conveying to the Rev. A. E. Smart our appreciation of his sincere sympathy with us on this and other occasions.

Mr. and Mrs. George Bassett.

M. W. P. L. Notes

Mrs. W. Cross, secretary of the M. W. P. L., reports a most successful meeting at the home of Mrs. Cochrane on the evening of December 4th. Several overseas letters of appreciation and thanks were read from Corp. Scanlon, who enlisted with the 254th Battalion, and as he has no friends in Canada and is lonesome for home news the League will continue to send him letters and parcels. The League wish to thank all those who have responded to the recent call for more socks enabling the Society to send a box of 90 pair, value $103.50, as field comforts this week and another will go forward shortly. To date Miss Cross has knitted 340 pair or 5½% and Mrs. M. Brown has knitted 200 pair, which is 9% of all socks shipped. After the business meeting a very enjoyable program of music and recitations was given. Miss Wellington and Miss Cochrane very kindly provided the instrumental music which was much appreciated. Miss Lighterness sang two solos very sweetly and Miss Reavie captivated those present with her recitations. Her rendering of the "Sewing Circle" caused much mirth and her recitation of "Baptiste" was most winning. The League wishes to thank Mrs. Cochrane and the young ladies for providing them with an evening of relaxation and pleasure and express the hope that this enjoyable hour may be repeated.

In Memoriam

In memory of Mrs. Chas. Murphy.

Our dearest one from us has gone.
A voice we loved is still.
A place is vacant in our home
Which never can be filled.

There was an angel band in heaven,
That was not quite complete.
God wanted our dear mother
To fill the vacant seat.

BORN

OSBORNE.—On November 22nd, 1917, to Mrs. John Osborne, a daughter, Helen Dorene.

KODAKS

EVERYTHING presented here for Christmas giving is distinctive, good and acceptable. But of all the gifts—nothing is quite so universally acceptable and brings so much pleasure to the person who receives it as a Kodak—the Christmas gift that is used throughout the year. Don't fail to visit us.

Kodaks $8 up.

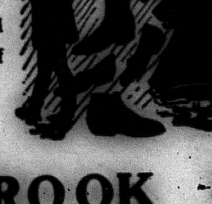
Brownies $1.25 up.

Geo. F. Maybee
Jeweler and Optician

Men's Rubbers 75c.

Men's Over Rubbers, college last, sizes 6,8, 8 1-2 and 9, Saturday 75c per pair.

We have a full line of Men's tan and black Rubbers, also four good lines of lower Gum and Snag Rubbers.



All we ask is for you to call and inspect these lines if you require a pair; and a pair will surely go home with you at the yrice we will quote you.

THE LUDBROOK SHOE STORE

Review Ads. Pay Big Profits

Vinol

Our delicious Cod Liver, Beef, Peptone and Iron Tonic.

It will build you up and create strength. $1.04 a bottle.

Vince's Drug Store

The Rexall Store.

10% Reduction Sale 10%

for

Saturday, December 8th.

Ten per cent. off on all

Suits and Coats

Every Suit and Coat will be offered.

Everything in Ladies' Wear

Fred Curry

HOME NEWS — GOSSIP CHAT

Dr. Patterson, of Toronto, was the guest of his wife over Sunday.

—Xmas Cards and Booklets 1 cent up, also Christmas Papetries at the Review Office.

Mr. Ed. Diamond, of Shannonville, paid the Review a call this week.

—Madoc Methodist Christmas Tree and Concert on Friday, December 21st.

Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Jarvis, of Madoc, spent Sunday with friends in Holloway.

—Don't forget the auction sale of live stock after the concert. Tickets for the calf will be drawn then. Dec. 8 at Institute Bazaar.

Mr. and Mrs. Ashley, of Foxboro, were the guests of their son in Madoc recently.

—For Sale, Coal Heater, as good as new, cheap for quick sale. Enquire of Mrs. Ambrose Smith, Madoc. 49-1p

Rev. T. Wallace acknowledges the receipt of $40 on April 16th, 1917, from Mr. Sam Bush.

—Come to the Armouries and get a hot dinner on Saturday, December 8.

Mr. A. Diamond, of Belleville, was a visitor in town this week and gave The Review a call.

—Moore's non-leakable Fountain Pens, $2.50 up at Review Office.

Miss Marjory Brown, of Bowsman River, Man., is renewing acquaintances in town this week.

Miss Annie Bailey and Miss Cora McCaul spent the week-end in Deseronto with the latter's mother.

Mrs. Nelson Stapley and mother, Mrs. George Hamilton, of Holloway, have been spending the week in town.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Belshaw, Mrs. S. Belshaw, daughter, Pearl, and son, Robert, of Stirling, visited friends in Madoc on Sunday.

—The December meeting of the I. O. D.E. will be held in our Tea Room on Monday next at 3 p.m. A full attendance is required for important business.

Mr. Truscott, who is holding evangelistic meetings at Queensboro, will speak in Hart's Church Sunday evening at 7 o'clock.

A number of our citizens went to Peterboro on Friday last to hear Sir Robert Borden, Hon. N. W. Rowell and Major General Sir Sam Hughes.

—Mrs. W. H. Tummonds is called away from Madoc and will be obliged if those owing money to her husband will pay the same into the Canadian Bank of Commerce by Dec. 8th, 1917, as she is anxious to get all business settled before Christmas. All having any claims against him and all communications should be addressed to her at Madoc P. O. 48-2

Mr. Cross, the Liberal Candidate for East Hastings, Says:

Ladies and Gentlemen:

I appeal to you for your votes. If you think I am right, vote for me. I appeal to Conservatives to vote for me, if they think I am right. There is no such thing as a Conservative Government to vote for. I appeal to Liberals to vote for me, as I believe in Liberal principles of the right of Democracy to rule; I believe in the government of the people for the people and by the people.

Now a word as to the great war. I believe that England entered into this war from righteous motives and in self defense. I believe that Canada sprung to the assistance of the British Empire from righteous motives and in self defense. I think the imperative duty of the Canadian people is its continued vigorous prosecution. I believe in organization of all the resources of the country and the conscription of wealth and war profits to obtain the money for the vigorous prosecution of the war to a successful conclusion. I am in this war to the last man and the last dollar.

Signed
WILLIAM CROSS

Madoc, Dec. 5th, 1917.

This week we have started our new serial story entitled "The Sky Pirate," by Garrett R. Serviss. All should read this interesting story.

Pte. Bruce Elmhirst is among the number of returned soldiers, now at Quebec. He is home on leave but expects to return to England. Pte. Elmhirst was at one time on the Review staff.

—St. Peter's Presbyterian Sunday School will hold their Christmas Tree and Concert on Thursday evening, December 20th. 49-2

Very few young men can give a better excuse for not appearing for examination under the new military draft, than the man who wrote the New York Military Board that he was to be hung on November 9th.

—Corrugated boxes for sending to the soldiers, 2 sizes, 8c. and 15c. at Review Office.

Mr. Wesley Bristol, of Halifax, was a visitor at the home of his parents this week.

—Where would you be without the British sailor? Remember him on Sailor's Day, December 8. Mrs. Harrison, Regent of the I.O.D.E., will receive contributions.

Services in St. John's church, on Sunday, December 9th, 2nd Sunday in Advent, as follows:—10 a.m. Sunday School; 11 a.m. morning prayer and sermon, subject "Prayer;" 7 p.m. evening prayer and sermon, subject, "Faith."

—Eavetroughing and Job Work at G. A. Rollins'.

The British Government has declined to permit entry from Canada in the United Kingdom of Christmas parcels for civilians, but will allow importation parcels, strictly limited weight and size, for Canadian Expeditionary Force.

—Don't forget to call at the Summer Girl's Booth when you visit the Women's Institute Bazaar. Lots of bargains at this counter. Come and select your Christmas presents and be served with a fresh strawberry shortcake and a cup of tea, Orange Pekoe, green or black, before you take that long drive home. Strawberry shortcake with whipped cream and cup of good tea for 10 cents from 3 p.m. to 5 p.m. Be sure to call.

A remarkable feature of the Russian revolution is the proclamation of religious freedom. The provisional government has repealed all laws limiting the right of Russian citizens as to creeds and religions. This puts an end to religious persecutions, which has been common in Russia, and will mean much, not only to the Jews, but to Protestantism as well.

—Coming to the last call for Christmas photos, only a few days left. 12 gifts in the form of a nice photo will be unique in appreciation. Come now and give the photographer time to complete your work early. The Ludbrook Studio.

An exceedingly well attended meeting, in the interests of Mr. T. H. Thompson, Union Government candidate, was held in the hall, Thomasburg, on Monday evening, Mr. Sandy Grant, M. P. P., in the chair. The candidate was given a splendid hearing, and was supported by Rev. R. H. Bulteel, Rector of Thomasburg, Rev. A. E. Smart, Madoc, Messrs. Burnside, Moore and Alger. The addresses were crisp and the Union Government thoroughly explained. It looks good for Mr. Thompson there.

—McCormick and Deering Repairs at G. A. Rollins'.

Nyal Face Cream

Every woman welcomes the time of social functions. Nyal's Face Cream predominates in quality, and its distinctive fragrance and soothing softness appeals to women everywhere. That's why it sells and repeats. 25c and 50c jars.

Rierdon's Red Cross Drug Store

PHONE 73 MADOC

To the Electors of East Hastings

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—

Your vote and influence respectfully requested for T. H. Thompson, Unionist Candidate, officially endorsed by the Premier and the Union Government.

I am in hearty accord with the platform of the said Government and for every measure of the Government to win the war.

I am for the abolition of the patronage system, food control and the regulation of the prices of the necessities of life, limitation and regulation of profits, the best treatment for returned soldiers, and for the dependents of those who are fighting our battles overseas.

I believe that wealth should bear a greater part of the financial burden than it has done in the past, and that labour should have its just share in the Government of the country. I believe in the franchise for women equally with men, and am for any measure that will aid in a better social and economic reconstruction of Canada.

T. H. THOMPSON.

—Commencing December 1 we will only grind grain Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday until further notice. Vanderyoort Bros., Eldorado. 48 2

Fall and Winter Wearables

Our stock of Fall and Winter goods was never more complete.

We have a splendid range of Sweater Coats at very moderate prices, also a full line of Men's Mackinaw Coats and Pants at last year's prices.

How about Rubbers? We have everything in men's and boys'.

All kinds of farm produce taken, as far as possible, in exchange for goods—or cash.

Vandervoort Bros
M. Vandervoort, Mgr.
Phone 60 r2
Eldorado, Ont.

Beautiful Christmas Gifts for all

We offer the most desirable line to choose your presents from.

Our carefully selected display of Holiday Attractions will impress you with worth, beauty and reasonable prices.

Desirable and useful presents, novel and beautiful presents.

Our attractions insure the greatest pleasure in buying, the most joy in giving.

For gifts that are decidedly popular and pleasing, we suggest the following—

Wrist Watches $5.50 to $24.
Necklets and Lavaliers $2.00 to $20.
Toilet Sets $1.50 to $7.00
Kedaks $8.00 up.
Fountain Pens $1.25 up.
Mesh Bags $1.75 to $5.00.
Silver Tea Spoons, $2.50 dozen up.
Watch Fobs, $1.75 up.
Cuff Links. 50c up.
Silver Cream and Sugar, $4.50.
Silver Bake Dishes, $3.50.
Casserolles $6.50.
Silver Knives and Forks in Case$ 6.50.
Hand painted Cups and Saucers. 50c to $1.75
China Dessert Sets, 75c to $4.00.

You will find our Christmas offerings in harmony with your Christmas needs, Our up-to-date stock is in close touch with the times, and anticipates your every want.

Geo. F. Maybee Jeweler and Optician.

McIntosh Bros.

The Christmas Store.

Gifts for Everyone

The Problem of What to Give? is easily solved at McIntosh's.

Immense assortments of practical gift suggestions throughout this Christmas store. Every department of our store displays a brilliant assemblage of gift things which fairly sparkle with real Christmas expression. Here you will find bounteous stacks of Christmas gifts for the family, relatives and friends.

CHINAWARE

Special Sale of China

Just received, a shipment of hand-painted China, which we intend putting on special sale. See our China Specials at 15c and 25c.

McINTOSH BROS.

WE WANT NOW

A Reliable Agent in Hastings County to sell Pelham's Peerless Fruit and Ornamental Trees during fall and winter months. Good pay, exclusive territory, free selling equipment.

Over 600 acres of the choicest Nursery stock including NEW varieties, controlled by us. Handsome up-to-date selling equipment and a splendid Canadian grown stock to offer customers. We are not jobbers. Write now for agency terms to PELHAM NURSERY CO., Toronto, Ont.

N.B.—Catalogue sent on request to applicants for agencies or purchasers of Nursery stock. 37-15t

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A. B. COLLINS

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY, ETC.

Solicitor for Bank of Montreal

TWEED : : ONTARIO

Will visit Madoc Court days.

G. FRASER, D. D. S., L. D. S.

Graduate of Toronto University, Licentiate of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.

Plates, Crowns and Bridges a specialty.

MIKEL, STEWART & BAALIM

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC.

A large amount of private funds to loan on mortgage at lowest rates.

Offices: Belleville, Madoc and Tweed

W. C. MIKEL, K.C. D.E.K. STEWART
FRANK BAALIM.

DR. EAGLESON

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, AND ACCOUCHEUR

Graduate of Trinity Medical College Post Graduate of Moorefield's Eye Hospital London, Eng., and Central London Nose and Throat Hospital.

Special attention given to diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throa and fitting of Eye Glasses

Coroner for Hastings County.

Phone 32.

DR. W. J. GARDINER

Coroner For Hastings County.

GRADUATE OF TORONTO UNIVERSITY

Late a resident Physician and Surgeon of Toronto General Hospital.

Special attention given to the diseases of women and children.

Eldorado, - Phone 50 RS.

DENIS GILLEN

NOTARY PUBLIC

Conveyancing, Fire Insurance.
Money to loan on farm property.
No commission, no valuation fee.
Office—One door southof Masonic Hall
MADOC — ONT.

Veterinary Surgeon

MADOC

J. WARING, V.S.

Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto; twenty-three years' experience as a practitioner.

Charges moderate. Terms 30 days

Special attention Veterinary Dentistry.

Office—Elgin street, near Whytock's store. Phone No. 34

WILLIAM CROSS, LL. B.

BARRISTER AND SOLICITOR
NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEYANCER

Appraiser at Madoc for The Canada Permanent and Western Canada Mortgage Corporation

Money to loan at 5 per cent. on good farm security. No commission. No valuation fee

Office—Wood Block, Madoc.

E. C. TUFTS
Licensed Auctioneer

For Hastings County.

Terms moderate.

MADOO — — ONT.

PORTER & CARNEW

Barristers and Notaries Public, etc. Office Robertson Block, East Front St., Belleville, Ont.

E. GUSS PORTER, K.C., M.P
WM. CARNEW
Solicitors for Union Bank.

J. ARCHER & SON

ENGINEERS AND CONTRACTORS

All kinds of Building and Construction Work.

Plans and Estimates Furnished.

DELORO — — ONT

String Instruments Wind Instruments

WM. SCRUTTON

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

Of All Kinds,

Sheet Music of Every Description.

MADOC — ONT.

ARE YOU IN NEED OF A MONUMENT!

If you are, we are prepared to fill your order promptly from our new and well equipped shop, formerly of Tweed, now under the same management but a new name. We will give you good stock and workmanship, prompt delivery and perfect satisfaction. Call and see us or ask for quotations.

The McCallum Granite Co., Ltd.
397 Princess St., Kingston.

PUBLICITY

Is as necessary to the growth of business as are gentle rains, balmy air and generous sunshine in the propagation of flowers and fruits. An increase in business is bound to follow an advertisement in

THE REVIEW.

SAVED FROM AN UNTIMELY GRAVE

Seldom has a more tragic tale been told than that of this young woman, whose parents, brothers and sisters have all died of consumption, leaving her alone to make a living as best she could.

Never robust, hard work and worry soon undermined her health, when she, too, become a victim of this dreaded disease. Shunned by friends who feared contagion, without funds, for she had been unable to save from her small earnings, she seemed doomed, like the others of her family, to an untimely grave. Fortunately, she was discovered and sent to the Muskoka Free Hospital, before it was too late, where she is now doing well, with every chance of ultimate recovery.

Appeals are now being made for the Muskoka Free Hospital for Consumptives to enable it to continue the great work of caring for just such cases as this. No matter how small the gift, it will be welcome.

Contributions may be sent to W. J. Gage, Chairman, 84 Spadina Avenue, Toronto, or to Geo. A. Reid, Secretary-Treasurer, Gage Institute, Toronto.

Immigration into Western Canada for the past ten months was more than double that in the same period of last year, and more than treble that in the first ten months of 1915.

For the Defence of Canada

(continued from last week)

In 1863 Lincoln prepared an opinion on the draft for the Civil War in which he said. "At the beginning of the war, and ever since, a variety of motives, pressing some in one direction and some in the other, would be presented to the mind of each man physically fit for a soldier upon the combined effect of which motives he would, or would not, voluntarily enter the service. Among these motives would be patriotism, political bias, ambition, personal courage, love of adveture, want of employment or convenience or the opposites fo some of these. We already have, and have had in the service, substantially all that can be obtained upon this voluntary weighing of motives. And yet we must somehow obtain more or relinquish the original object of the contest, together with all the blood and treasure already expended in the effort to secure it. To meet this necessity the law for the draft has been enacted. You who do not wish to be soldiers do not like the law. This is natural, nor does it imply want of patriotism. Nothing can be so just and necessary as to make us like it if it be disagreeable to us. We are prone, too, to find false arguments with which to excuse ourselves for opposing such disagreeable things. In this case, those who desire the rebellion to succeed, and others who seek reward in a different way, are very active in accommodating us with this class of arguments." He added, "The republican institutions and territorial integrity of our country cannot be maintained without the further raising and supporting of armies. There can be no army without men. Men can be had only voluntarily or involuntarily. We have ceased to obtain them voluntarily, and to obtain them involuntarily is the draft—is conscription. If you dispute the fact, and declare that men can still be had voluntarily in sufficient numbers, prove the assertion by yourselves volunteering in such numbers and I shall gladly give up the draft. Or if any one of you will volunteer he for his single self will escape all the horrors of the draft and will thereby do only what each one of a million of his manly brothers have already done. Their toil and blood has been given as much for you as for themselves. Shall it all be lost rather than that you, too. will bear your part? I do not say that all who would avoid serving in the war are unpatriotic, but I do think every patriot should willingly take his chance under a law made with great care in order to secure entire fairness.

The situation that Lincoln describes is very much the situation in Canada. The blood that was shed by valiant Canadians at Ypres, Givenchy Festubert and on the Somme, at Vimy Ridge and before Lens, will have been shed in vain if an inglorious peace is imposed upon Briton and her Allies and the German people strengthened in allegiance to a dynasty which will vex mankind with its pretentions, conspiracies and infamies until it is destroyed. Moreover, as long as Germany has power to fill the earth with apprehension Governments will continue their eager competition in armaments and huge expenditures for defence. The war is for freedom, and upon its result the free institutions of Canada depend. If it was the unanimous judgment of parliament that Canada should enter the war, and if among the people there was universal approval of the action of parliament, how can we withdraw until victory is achieved? How can we continue in the war unless we can maintain and reinforce the regiments in the field? How can we get men except by command of the State when the persuasion of the State has ceased to be effective? There are those who talk wildly about "driving men to slaughter." But more than 400,000 of the sons of Canada have driven themselves to "slaughter," and because they have done so our homes and institutions have been secure.

(To be continued).

THE CHOICE OF THOSE WHO GIVE USEFUL CHRISTMAS GIFTS

CANADIAN WM. A.

ROGERS "1881"

SILVERWARE

GEO. F. MAYBEE

Madoc

—Waxed paper for wrapping parcels to soldiers can be had at the Review office for 5c. a package

---

"Lend Us a Hand, Mate!"

We are deep-sea sailor folk. We are the men who sail and fight His Majesty's battle-ships. We are the men who go down to the sea in merchant ships. We combat storm and wave—ice-floe, shipwreck and submarine, that the Empire may not receive its death blow on the High Seas. We do this for little wage. We do it without a thought of our own safety. Nor can we provide for our loved ones if the hungry sea swallow us or the whining shell blast us into the Beyond—and there is none else to look after them.

Will you help us on

Sailors' Day

December 8th— through the Daughters of the Empire

The Strong Right Arm of Civilization is the Unconquerable Sailor of the British Navy and Mercantile Marine

His history and achievements are too glorious to need eulogy. Your subscriptions are asked to assist the sick and wounded, also the dependents of the mercantile sailor who receive no pensions or patriotic allowance.

As the life-blood to the body—so the value to the Empire of the Mercantile Marine.

From Yokohama and Hong Kong, Bombay, Vancouver, Naples, Port Said, Halifax and Archangel, these sailor men and their ships are the allied lines of communication; to destroy them is to cut the jugular vein of our war.

It's a curious thing in our history, recurring through every stage, that this strange breed of high-spirited, hard-handed, far-sighted, cautious, cunning, silent British sailors have been a rock on which our enemies have been broken. They smashed the Armada, they foiled the Dutch, they defeated Napoleon, they defy the slinking, murdering German submarine to-day.

Last year $700,000 was collected and sent overseas for the British Sailors' Relief Fund. This year the Navy League has been entrusted with the raising of funds to provide for the dependents of seaman who have lost their lives. Their wage is pitifully inadequate to their mighty task—entirely so when it comes to caring for their pensionless dependents.

The Daughters of the Empire Will Take Your Subscription

On December 8th, for the relief of Canadian and British sailors and their dependents, for Sailors' Homes, Institutes and Hospitals in Canada, and throughout the Empire. All who appreciate the magnificent work of the Navy and the Mercantile Marine are asked to contribute so that these brave fellows and their families may not become destitute when shipwreck or the perils of the seas wreak loss upon them. If the Canvasser doesn't reach you—don't fail with YOUR gift.

Objects of the Navy League of Canada

ONTARIO BRANCH

Affiliated with the Navy League of the British Empire.

The Navy League of Canada is the Canadian Branch of the Navy League of the British Empire, and is an association of voluntary members formed to carry out the following objects:—

1 A thoroughly organized educational campaign in matters pertaining to the Navy and Mercantile Marine.

(a) By lectures. (b) By the circulation of literature. (c) By placing readers in public schools.

2 To raise funds for the relief of British and Canadian Sailors and their dependents for Sailors' Homes, Institutes and Hospitals in Canada and throughout the Empire.

3 To encourage volunteer Naval Brigades for boys and young men in which they can receive practical and theoretical instructions in seamanship to prepare them for service in our Mercantile Marine.

It shall be a fundamental principle of the League that its objects, membership, management and conduct shall be absolutely unconnected with and free from all party politics and from every orginization connected with party politics.

Patrons—Their Excellencies the Duke and Duchess of Devonshire, K.G., &c.
Col. Sir John Hendrie, K.C.M.G., C.V.O., Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario.
Hon. Pres.—Sir John C. Eaton, K.B., S.S.D.
Pres.—Commodore Aemilius Jarvis, S.S.D.

If the Canvasser misses you, please mail your subscription to the Secretary of the Ontario Branch of the Navy League of Canada, Lieut. Col. CECIL G. WILLIAMS, 34 King Street West, Toronto.

Be Fair - Be Generous - Be Quick!

$$$

On the Witness Stand.

A little flaw in his statements ruins the evidence of the witness. It may be a slight exaggeration, but the opposing lawyer seizes it and uses it to impress upon the jury that this witness is not reliable.

The Advertiser to-day is on the witness stand. If he makes mis-statements he is judged accordingly and his entire advertising is mistrusted.

Wide-awake business men realize this. They tell the truth in their advertisements; not because they are better than they used to be; but because they have learned that it pays.

The advertising columns to-day contain real, dependable information that will save money for you if you follow them intelligently.

COPYRIGHTED 1914 — SEICLE SYNDICATE

Up-to-Date Machine Shop

Having one of the most complete and up-to-date Machine Shops in Hastings County, I am now prepared to do machine work of all description, such as repairing Sawing Machines, Gasoline Engines, Threshing Outfits, Threading Bolts, Pipes, etc., and in fact anything that needs expert workmanship and up-to-the-minute machinery.

Give Us A Call And Be Convinced

We also cater to the Autoists and have a full line of Auto Accessories on hand. Our Bowser Gasoline Tank is always ready to supply your wants.

AGENCY FOR THE McLAUGHLIN MOTOR CAR

P. H. NAYLER

Machine Shop and Garage Phone 88 Opposite Blue's Hotel, Madoc

FIRE

YOUR HOME, YOUR STORE,

might easily have a total or partial loss—sound business methods demand that you be prepared for such a calamity, the good old

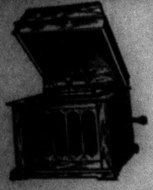
Phoenix Insurance Co.
of Hartford, Conn.

is time tried and fire tested. Since organization it has paid losses of $81,617.128.80

Assets - $15,345.365
Surplus - $ 9.056.106.

Policies cost $2.00 and upwards. Consult me.

A. H. WATSON, Madoc - - - Local Agent.



Edison's 1918 Amberola

The very latest model of the phonograph that has a Permanent Diamond Point . . . . .

The NEW EDISON DIAMOND AMBEROLA

Brighten your home with good music. Make the evenings a delight. Keep the young folks contented. Entertain friends when they call. The New Edison Diamond Amberola enables you to have everything—literally everything—in music that your heart desires.

You will never realize what a splendid entertainer the Amberola is until you have it in your own home

Come in and let us play your favorite music, or let us arrange An Amberola Concert for you and your friends.

Thus, you will be able to appreciate the mellow richness and even smoothness of

Edison Blue Amberol Records

There are over 3,000 of these, made by the foremost singers, instrumentalists, bands and orchestras of to-day. They are quality records, in the truest sense of the word. The following are a few selected at random from the Edison catalogue. Send for a complete catalogue.

HEART SONGS—Somewhere a Voice Is Calling; Lost Chord; Believe Me If All those Endearing Young Charms; Bonnie Doon.
SACRED — Crossing The Bar—Holy City—The Palms —Trust and Obey.
BALLADS—Somebody Cares—Songs of Other Days —I Hear You Calling Me—Just Because It's You.
BANDS—Rigoletto Selection — Too Much Ginger—Jolly Fellows Waltz—Zampa Overture.
MARCHES—At The Mill—Rose of The Old Brigade—Under the Double Eagle—True To The Flag.

INSTRUMENTAL—Humoreske (Violin)—Anna Gavota (Guitar)—Fairest Rose Waltz (Xylophone)—Little Flatterer (Bells)—Through The Air (Piccolo)—Trumpeter of Sackingen (Cornet).
VAUDEVILLE — Peaches and Cream — Grandma's Mustard Plaster—My Uncle's Farm.
QUARTETTES —Watermelon Party—Call to Arms —Help The Other Fellow—Peace Be Still.
DANCING—Poor Butterfly Fox Trot — Carnival One-Step — Destiny Waltz — Millicent Hesitation—Pepper Pot One-Step — Universal Fox Trot — Money Musk Melody Reel—little Persian Rose Two-Step.

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The J. M. Greene Music Co. Ltd., Madoc, Ont.

A GLORIOUS EDIFICE.

Rheims Cathedral May Become Pantheon for Heroic Dead.

The proposal to convert the shattered cathedral of Rheims into a pantheon for the heroic dead of all the allied nations at the end of the world war attracts attention once more to this great Gothic edifice.

Pronounced by many students of architecture the most beautiful structure produced during the middle ages, the Cathedral of Rheims is also one of the world's most historic edifices, some of the most inspiring and magnificent episodes in the life of the French nation having taken place within its walls. It is the matchless beauty and symmetry of the cathedral's west facade which distinguishes it above all other ecclesiastical buildings of the moyen age. This front of the edifice, which has been so frequently pictured since its disfigurement by the shell-fire of German gunners, has three recessed portals which are decorated with more than 530 statues of saints, apostles, martyrs, vices, virtues, and historic figures, together with sculptured scenes of famous events. Above the portals is the indescribably beautiful rose window, fully forty feet in diameter, while to the right and left the massive yet graceful twin towers rise to a height of more than 260 feet. The spires which were designed to crown the towers were never built, although they had been started and were destroyed in the great fire of 1481, which consumed the roof and five lead spires of the north transept.

The most notable piece of statuary of the cathedral is the figure of Christ in benediction, over the smaller of the two portals of the north transept. This statue, known as 'Lo Beau Dieu,' has been described as 'a work of such beauty that it may be considered the most solemn creation of its time.'

The wonderful simplicity and severity of its architectural outlines, free from the trappings of period "restorations," can be attributed in large measure to the fact that the cathedral was rushed to completion in the space of thirty years (1212-1242) by the Archbishop Alberic Humbert, who employed the services of four great architects—Bernard de Soissons, Gauthier de Reims, Jean d'Orbais, and Jean Loups. During the latter half of the thirteenth century the completed structure was found to be entirely too small to accommodate the vast court assemblages which gathered to witness the coronations of the kings of France, so the nave was lengthened during the fourteenth century, under the supervision of Robert De Courcy, from thirteenth century designs.

The history of the cathedral of Rheims may be said properly to date from the fifth century, even though the structure was not begun until more than 700 years later. It was Christmas day of the year 496 that St. Remigius baptized Clovis and anointed him king of the Franks in the little basilica which stood on the site now occupied by the cathedral. Upon that occasion, according to legend, a dove flew down from heaven bearing a vase (Ampulla Remensis), filled with inexhaustible oil, with which the king was christened. This sacred vessel was retained in the cathedral and offered the excuse for holding the subsequent coronations at Rheims. It was shattered during the French revolution, but a fragment containing a particle of the oil was supposed to have been preserved and placed in a new ampoule, which was used for the last time at the coronation of Charles X. in 1825.

After Clovis, Pepin the Short was crowned at Rheims by Pope Stephen II.; Charlemagne, by Pope Leo III., and Louis the Debonnair by Pope Stephen IV. Beginning with the Capetian dynasty all the kings of France were crowned either in the earlier church, which occupied the site, or in the present cathedral, except Hugh Capet, who was anointed at Noyon; Henry IV., who was invested at Chartres; Napoleon, who crowned himself in the Cathedral of Notre Dame, in Paris, and Louis XVIII., Louis Philippe, and Napoleon III., none of whom was ever formally crowned.

In all this long line of Rheims coronations the most famous was that of Charles VII., who received the kingdom of France at the hands of the most heroic feminine figure of all history, Joan of Arc. At the coronation of this unworthy monarch the Maid of Orleans stood holding the standard of France and at the conclusion of the ceremony she knelt, and, embracing his knees, said, "Noble king, now is accomplished the will of God, which commanded me to bring you to this city of Rheims to receive your holy unction—now that you are at last king and that the kingdom of France is yours."

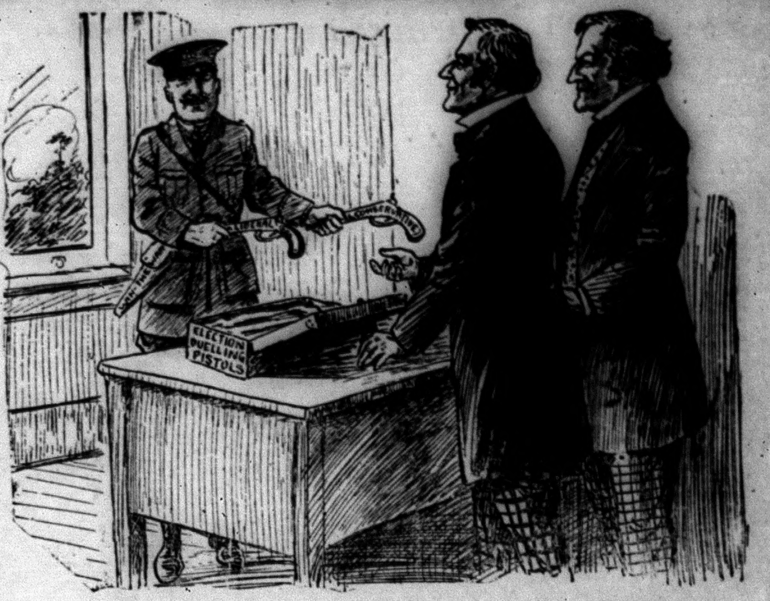
The great organ of the Rheims cathedral was installed in 1481 (the year of the great fire), by the master instrument maker, Oudin Hestre. Among the most highly prized possessions of the church are its famous tapestries, fourteen of which were the gift of Robert de Lenoncourt in 1530. Others were presented by Cardinal de Lorraine, in 1570, and the superb "tapisseries de Pepersaek" (a weaver who worked for the Duke of Mantual), were given by Archbishop Henri of Lorraine, in 1633. The French Government, in 1848, added to the cathedral's rich collection two Gobelin tapestries woven from Raphael's cartoons of St. Paul at Lystra and on Mars hill.

Australian Casualties.

The Australian casualties from the beginning of the war up to May 21, 1917, were 60,793, according to a statement issued by the Defense Department. They were divided as follows: Dead, 24,106; wounded, 31,585; missing, 5,102. It was explained that the men listed as wounded did not include those who had gone back to the trenches.

A refrigerator made of concrete cools by the action of water flowing over the sides of the device.

In Union there is Strength



CANUCK—Shoot with me at the Kaiser gentlemen, not at each other.

MARTYRS TO GIRDLES.

A Native Protest Against Feminine Fashions in Japan.

A caustic Japanese critic, Saito Man, has this to say in the Tokyo Advertiser about women's fashions in Japan:

"Archaic costumes, especially those universally worn by ladies, demand reform. The indigent world can be clothed out of the materials wasted in gorgeous kimono sleeves. Nothing is so absurd as the long, heavy, pendulant sleeves attached to a girl's holiday kimono. They serve no purpose, impede locomotion and are a pitiful spectacle. The girdle is more cumbrous and expensive, especially those woven in one piece of heaviest silk.

"Formerly the latter were only worn at weddings and state affairs; now every geisha has one. Every wife must have one to sport at the theater. In price this maruobi varies from 30 to 1,000 yen ($15 to $500) and upward. To girdle it requires all the strength of a well built husband or father. I do not know any Japanese woman who ever succeeded in putting on one herself.

"It is over three feet wide, folded into half that width when worn, and its length is three times the full height of its wearer. In weight it is terrific, thickly embroidered as it is with golden threads. It is chiefest attraction in the whole dress scheme of Japanese womanhood. One might as well ask a woman to discard her hair as it. Every well dressed Japanese lady is a martyr to her girdles. Her entire waist is covered with layers of belting. From the viewpoint of health the girdle (obi) is a most vile contrivance, as every doctor asserts."

HAVE YOU ADOPTED A PERFUME?

Have you discovered the one scent, so light and ethereal that you have no desire to try another?
Most women try many perfumes once—but they never tire of the elusive fragrance of

CORSON'S IDEAL ORCHID

You should carry out your toilet harmoniously. Perfume, Talcum, Cold Cream and Toilet Water should not be of conflicting odors. Corson's delightful Orchid Line is designed expressly for the well-groomed woman.

For Sale at All Druggists
Sovereign Perfumes, Ltd., 146-148 Brock Ave., Toronto

General Sir Sam Hughes will have opposition in the coming election in Victoria county where George Isaac, of Fenelon Falls, a well-known stock breeder and farmer, will contest the riding as a straight Laurier candidate."

The new Methodist Hymn Book is now ready for public use. The new book is the result of seven years of careful labor on the part of a special committee appointed at the General Conference in 1910. It contains 656 hymns and a selection of psalms and canticles.

Union Government

is concentrating its efforts to win the War. It has gone about raising reinforcements in the only practical way; under the Military Service Act, 1917.

Laurier, Bourassa and their adherents admit their intention of holding up reinforcements so urgently needed in the trenches.

Where do YOU stand?

To Back up the Boys—
To Hasten Victory—
To Win the War—

SUPPORT UNION GOVERNMENT

To Women Voters: Every woman may vote who is a British subject 21 years of age, resident in Canada one year, and in the constituency 30 days, who is the mother, wife, widow, daughter, sister or half-sister of any person male or female living or dead who is serving or has served without Canada in any of the Military forces, or within or without Canada in any of the Naval forces of Canada or of Great Britain in the present war, or who has been honorably discharged from such services and the date of whose enlistment was prior to September 20th, 1917.

Unionist Party Publicity Committee.

14

PAINTING

I am prepared to paint Automobiles, Carriages and all kinds of vehicles.

Second block west of the Dominion Bank.

ALEX. ROBERTSON

WANTED

CREAM

We have again advanced our prices for good quality Cream. We could use yours. It will be worth your while to write us.

TORONTO CREAMERY CO. Ltd,
13 Church st. Toronto

Strayed

Came onto the premises of Ed. Sandford, 3 weeks ago, a yearling black and white Steer marked by a pig ring in its right ear.

48-3p ED. SANDFORD, Eldorado

Complete Service to Ford Owners Everywhere

COURTEOUS attention to your needs wherever you may travel is something you appreciate, and being a Ford owner you can get it. You are always "among friends".

There are more than 700 Ford Dealer Service Stations throughout Canada. These are always within easy reach of Ford owners —for gasoline, oil, tires, repairs, accessories, expert advice or motor adjustments.

The cost of Ford Service is as remarkably low as the cost of the car itself. Nineteen of the most called for parts cost only $5.40. Just compare this with the cost of spare parts for other cars and you will realize the advantage of owning a Ford.

Ford
THE UNIVERSAL CAR

Runabout - - $475
Touring - - $495
Coupelet - - [illegible]
Sedan - - - [illegible]

F. O. B. FORD, ONT.

Frank Smith, Madoc, Dealer

Cigars as Christmas Gifts

Be sure and include **Cigars** in your Christmas list.

Your men friends who smoke will appreciate such gifts.

Let us assist you in making your selections of

Cigars, Case Pipes, Kola Pipes, Cigar and Cigarette Cases, Pouches, etc.

F. Vandervoort

Madoc

Hymeneal

LANDON—FITZGIBBON

On Wednesday, November 7th, Miss Ethel May, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Fitzgibbon, 4th concession of Sidney, was united in marriage to Mr. Earl James Landon, of Glanmire. The ceremony was performed at the parsonage by Rev. Mr. Sharpe. They were unattended. The bride looked charming in a gown of white satin trimmed with lace and pearls. The groom's gift to the bride was a gold pendant set with pearls. After the ceremony the happy couple motored to the bride's home, where a formal reception was tendered them, after which they left for a short honeymoon among the groom's friends. The bride's travelling costume was of navy blue silk with hat to match. Although the young lady had only resided a short time in her new home she has made many friends both young and old as was shown by the many beautiful presents she received. Their many friends on the Hill and elsewhere wish them a long and happy wedded life.

ROLLINS—HOLLAND

A pretty wedding took place on Wednesday evening, November 28th, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Holland, when their second oldest daughter, Bina Myrtle, was united in marriage to Mr. James Everton Rollins, son of Mrs. M. Rollins, of Cooper. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Mr. Frederick, of Ivanhoe in the presence of about forty guests. To the strains of the wedding march played by Miss Lena B. Rollins sister of the groom, the bride entered the drawing-room leaning on the arm of her father and took their places under an arch of evergreen, white roses and a white floral bell. The bride was charmingly dressed in a gown of white silk crepe de chene. She wore the traditional bridal veil and crown of orange blossoms and carried a bouquet of chrysanthemums and ferns. The young couple were unattended. The house was tastefully decorated for the occasion. A sumptuous supper was awaiting them in the dining-room. The groom's gift to the bride was a set of black fox furs, and to the organist a pearl ring. The young couple left on Thursday mid showers of rice and confetti for Belleville, Trenton and other southern points. The bride's travelling suit was navy with hat to match. She received a number of lovely presents. On their coming home they will reside in Cooper. Their many friends join in wishing them a long, happy and prosperous life.

Crookston

Mrs. W. Mack and Misses Elsie and Pearl Woods spent Wednesday with Mrs. H. Mitts.

Mrs. A. Carson is visiting her daughter, Mrs. I. Wannamaker, of Madoc.

We are glad to hear that Mrs. H. Woods and family are recovering from diphtheria.

Miss M. Howard, of Toronto, is visiting her mother, Mrs. T. Howard.

Mrs. C. Adams and Mrs. E. Emmerson spent Friday at West Huntingdon where they attended the funeral of Mrs. Donnan.

A few from here attended the tea at Mrs. Ash's on Wednesday.

Master Burton Woods is recovering from an attack of rheumatism.

A large crowd attended the League Rally on Thursday evening.

We had a bad fire on Friday night when Mr. D. Woodcock's home was burned down. Mrs. E. Emmerson's furniture in the adjacent house was partly destroyed. Mr. Woodcock secured most of his furniture downstairs.

Mrs. Alex. Woods has returned from her brother's.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Huffman and children, of Hart's, spent Sunday with Mrs. C. Adams.

Mrs. L. Norman and Misses Verna and Vera took supper with Mrs. Geo. Vincent on Sunday.

Ptes. C. Blair and Woodcock returned to Kingston on Monday after a visit with the formers' mother.

An associated Press despatch from San Francisco to-day says: A fighting force of 100,000 men, comprising priests and peasants of the Thibetan plateau, has been offered to the British Government for service with the allies of Dalai the Great Llama of Lhassa, according to Edmund Heller, naturalist, who, after several months exploring the wilds of Thibet, has returned to civilization. Mr. Heller was here to-day on his way to New York with 300 specimens of mammals for the American museum.

In Faith They Died

All that we had we gave,
All that was ours to give,
Freely surrendered all
That you in peace might live.
In trench and field and many seas we lie,
We who in dying shall not ever die
If only you, in honor of the slain,
Shall surely see we did not die in vain.

We made our sacrifice,
Love of those loved we left,
Homes and the simple joys,
Homes now of joy bereft.
But, after striving greatly, we can sleep,
Content we sowed that British lives may reap,
If only you, in honour of the slain,
Shall surely see we did not die in vain.

We did not cavil, we
All that we had we gave,
Gave with no niggard hand;
All that we gained a grave!
All that we gained a grave, unless there be
O'er hell's fell hosts triumphant victory.
See that you keep your faith with all your slain,
Then, only then, we have not died in vain.

—Walter E. Grogan.

Springbrook

Mr. R. J. Graham addressed a meeting of the electors in the Orange Hall here last Friday evening. The hall was well filled although it was a very bad night. Mr. E. Gus Porter expects to hold a meeting here this week.

Mr. Robert Lloyd and wife, who moved out to Saskatchewan over 30 years ago, are back on a visit to their old friends. They expect to remain for several weeks.

Mrs. Levi Mason has been very sick for several months and is not improving.

Mrs. Annie Morgan is seriously ill of heart trouble.

The pupils of the school are practicing a huge program for an entertainment at the closing of the term.

Miss Pauline Welch, of Peterboro, has been home on a visit for a few days. She left for Peterboro on Monday.

A Wonderful Newspaper

The Family Herald and Weekly Star, of Montreal, is a most unique paper and very popular in every home in Canada. It is surprising what great value to the reader is contained in every issue. Few homes are without it, and they are the losers in not having it. The subscription price is $1.25 a year, and includes a colored war map of the fighting area in Europe. It is a splendid map and of great assistance to understand the war. We understand the map offer is shortly to be withdrawn. The year's subscription and war map are certainly big value al $1.25.

Whytock Bros.

BUTCHERS

DEALERS IN

Groceries and .. Provisions

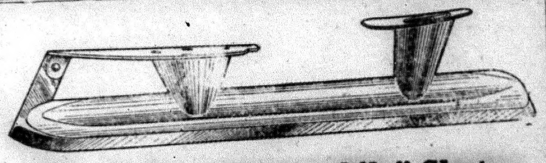
MADOC — — ONTARIO

THE HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR

**SCRAPIRON
COPPER
BRASS
RAGS
RUBBERS**

WRITE FOR PRICES

SAM LAPAM. MADOC



Why Called "Automobile" Skates

Because the Blades are made from the special Chrome Nickel Steel perfected for use in those parts of high grade automobiles where strength and lightness must be combined—a very different quality of steel from that usually made in making skates.

The blades are tempered hard as glass on the outside, and take a very keen edge, but they are not brittle. By a special process, the hardening extends inward for only a certain depth. This leaves a soft, tough "core" which renders the blade practically unbreakable.

The Aluminum Tops are also made from the same grade of aluminum alloy as used in the crank cases of the better motor cars.

The automobile influence is perhaps also responsible for the unusual elegance of line and finish which imparts such an air of distinction to Automobile Skates.

	$8.50
Automobile Figure, Aluminum Top	7.00
" Waltz " "	7.00
Model "D" Automobile, Aluminum Top	6.00
" "C" " "	6.00
" "T" " Tube	5.50
" "B" "	4.00
" "A" "	5.00
Auto Fancy low price (Figure Model)	
Ladies' Auto $3.50	Cycle Pleasure 2.75
Model Cycle 25 3.25	Arctic Special 2.25
Pastime 3.25	Yukon 1.75

M. W. Connor & Son Hardware Phone 8, Madoc

New Advertisements.

Advertisements under this head, one inch space,—50c first insertion, 25c each subsequent insertion 75c per month after first month

Strayed

From the owner's premises about the middle of November one yearly black Heifer. Anyone notifying the owner as to her whereabouts will be suitably rewarded.

49-1p W. T. HARRIS,
Phone 4412 Madoc R R No 1

For Sale or Rent

15 acres in the 5th concession of Huntingdon township, ¼ mile from Thomasburg, good garden land. Erected on the premises are a good frame house 18x22, frame barn 24x30, stone basement, a good well, a nice orchard, apples, pears, cherries. For further particulars apply on the premises to

JAMES PINE,
49-4p Thomasburg

Strayed

From pasture lot near Bannockburn some time during the summer 5 head of young cattle marked with two notches in right ear and one in left.

49-3p H. R. BLAKELY,
Phone 6or6 Eldorado, R R No. 1

Steer Estray

From Jas. Kenny's ranch yearling steer, red and white with notch cut in bottom of left ear, B brand on left hip about midway between hip bone and pin bone. Anyone knowing of his whereabouts will please advise the Madoc Review or

JAS. KENNEY,
49-2p Madoc

Annual Meeting

A meeting of the shareholders of the Spring Creek cheese factory will be held in the factory on Wednesday, Dec. 12th, at 1 o'clock for the purpose of paying dividends, transacting general business and hiring a cheesemaker.

49-1p T. J. MOORCROFT, President

Strayed

There came onto the premises of lot 17, con. 5, Madoc, a black and white yearling Heifer about October 1.

CHAS. W. THOMPSON,
49-3p Eldorado

Notice

The Voters' List for Polling Sub-division No. 2, Madoc Township, have been posted in Rimington and Cooper Post Offices on December 3rd. Appeals may be submitted to me any time between the hours of 9 a.m. and 11 a.m., up to and including December 10 at my residence, lot 14, con. 10, Madoc township.

GEORGE LOVE,
49-1p Enumerator

For Quick Sale on Easy Terms

A farm containing 110 acres of good, choice land, being lot 27, con. 6, Thurlow. On the premises there is a large brick house barn, driving shed, hog pen, 2 never failing wells, fall plowing all done, 25 acres of new seeding. Just 1 mile from church, school, blacksmith shop, grist mill, post office and store, independent phone in house. Quantity of hay, grain and straw can be bought with the place. The buyer may have possession at once. For further particulars apply to the owner on the farm.

WALKER HOSKIN,
49-4mos Latta, Ont.

For Sale

Three pure bred Tamworth Boar Pigs and one Sow 5½ months old.

48-2p WM. McMECHAN,
Phone 44-32 Queensboro R R No. 1

Notice

The Voters' List for Polling Sub-division No. 3, Madoc Township, will be posted in Eldorado and Bannockburn Post Offices on Saturday, December 1st. Appeals may be submitted to me any time between 2 p.m. and 4 p.m., up to and including December 10, at my residence, lot 14, con. 3, Madoc Township.

48-2p ANGUS NICOLSON, Enumerator

Notice

To electors of Polling Sub-division No. 4, Madoc Township,—You are hereby notified that I will be at and may be conveniently found by electors at my residence, lot 11, con. 3, between the hours of 12 o'clock a. m. and 2 o'clock p.m. of the ten days, except Sunday, before the 17th day of December, 1917, being polling day, and that I will be at the above said poll during the whole period of time that the poll is open on said polling day, also that a list of voters may be seen posted on blacksmith shop, O'Hara's Corners, after Dec. 2nd, 1917.

48-2 JAMES KINCAID, Enumerator

Cheesemaker Wanted

The Bell Cheese Company of Springbrook require the services of a cheesemaker. State qualifications and price wanted. Apply to above address. 47-3p

For Sale

Four well-bred road Colts, two rising 2 years, one rising 4 and one spring Colt. For sale cheap. Apply to

MRS. MARCELLA LOVE,
44-tf Madoc

Wool Wanted

Highest market prices paid in cash at the Madoc Woolen Mills.
Blankets and Yarn for Sale at the Mill.

18 S. J. DANFORD & Co

Farm for Sale

Good Farm of 150 acres, with splendid buildings, large basement barn with cement floor, stabling for 22 cows, cement pig-pens; all in good condition, water in barn, situated in Prince Edward County along bay shore, three miles from city of Belleville.

For particulars apply to
D. R. DAVIDSON,
Rossmore, Ont.

The duty of every man and woman is to help to make this war the war that ends war.

LOOK AT THE LABEL
This label shows to what date your paper is paid. Subscribers who wish to secure the $1.50 rate must pay for their paper in advance.

North Hastings Review.

"PARTY IS THE MADNESS OF MANY FOR THE GAIN OF A FEW"

$1.50 a Year | $1.50 a year

40TH YEAR—No. 50 | Madoc, Hastings County, Ontario, Thursday, December 13, 1917 | POSTAGE PREPAID

Town Council

The adjourned meeting of the Council was held on December 5th. Present—Couns. Whytock, Atkins, Blair.

Atkins — Blair —Whytock was appointed chairman pro tem.

Atkins—Blair—the minutes of last meeting were read and adopted.

A deputation was present from the Fire Co.

Atkins—Blair—that the Firemen receive $100, also Stephen Hoard $10 on account of acting as assistant engineer during the year and that Whytock and Atkins be a committee to meet the Firemen and arrange for the distribution of the funds.—C'd.

A communication from the MacBride Press, Brantford, re certificate of honor for soldiers.

Atkins—Blair—that this be received and filed.—C'd.

Atkins—Blair — the following accounts were ordered paid :

Village Accounts—

[illegible], town hall and fire hall	$864 00
lighting	25 00
[illegible] Smith, engineer	21 20
[illegible] Wannamaker, cedar	7 20
[illegible] Taylor, cedar	39 25
N. H. Review, printing	60 00
[illegible] Smith, 3 fire extinguishers	16 25
[illegible] estate, rent	27 00
[illegible] Dafoe, account	
Geo. West, constable's coat and rubber coat	42 00
W. McBain, clerk and treas	190 00
" postage, etc	8 82
[illegible] McGhee, balance salary	64 17
[illegible] Richmond, salary, stoker	20 00
[illegible] O'Riordan, 3 mos. salary	21 25
[illegible] O'Riordan, care fire hall	48 00
[illegible] Dafoe, salary Bd. of Health	50 00
[illegible] J. Atkins, cleaning re B. of H	5 00
[illegible] O'Riordan, work	12 50
[illegible] Gunyou "	6 30
[illegible] Huffman "	2 93
[illegible] Ketcheson "	4 05
[illegible] Huffman and team, work	6 98

Close Call

That one of Madoc's citizens is today among the living is due to a fortunate circumstance not intended by one of the principal actors in the drama. A few days ago a Sergeant Major at the Trenton Munition Works drank a quantity of alcohol under the impression that it was the real stuff. The influence of the decoction on the S. M. was not long before it began to manifest itself in a rather dangerous way. The S. M., who was armed with a 32 automatic revolver, began to hold up everyone whom he met, especially the guards on duty. He entered the guard house and fired two shots. Lieut. Wilfrid Smith was phoned for who, on his arrival, attempted to arrest the Sergeant when the Sergeant pointed his revolver point blank at Smith's breast at a distance of about 2 feet and pulled the trigger, but fortunately for Smith it was an empty cartridge that was in the cylinder. Before the would-be assassin had time to bring the next cartridge into line with the barrel the Lieut. disarmed him and had him put under guard.

Electric Light Accounts.—

R. O'Riordan, moving poles	$1 00
J. Gunyou " "	90
G. Huffman " "	45
E. Smith, work and looking after street lights	44 70
N. H. Review	12 25
W. H. McBain, salary	85 00
" postage, stationery	28 97
Can. Gen. Elec. Co., acct	8 25
Hydro Elec. Com., power	311 93
" " " service	6 25
" " " oil	2 20

Atkins—Blair—that persons be permitted to sleigh-ride on Elgin street but all sleigh-riding on main streets be prohibited.—C'd.

Council adjourned to December 15th at 8 p.m.

Appeal for Men at the Front

The following is a copy of a letter addressed to Senator Foster by Capt. Rev. Allan P. Shatford. Can any one who is privileged to vote on Monday next vote for an anticonscription candidate and ignore this pathetic appeal from the men at the front?

I have been wanting for some time to write you in the hope of discovering the exact condition of things politically in Canada. We are much concerned over here because we are quite satisfied that the issue is more tremendous than the people at home think. If Conscription is not carried it will be the gravest disaster that could happen in the lives of our fighting men. Everything really hangs upon that question. Our men have done magnificently—it is everywhere conceded that the Canadian corps is the finest in the whole army. In every engagement they have been splendidly successful—there are deeds of courage and heroism that thrill one to the core; in fact, I am firmly persuaded that human bravery is higher than ever it was in all the long history of the past. There is, however, a war weariness setting in and can you wonder at it? Humanity after all can only endure so much. The constant marvel to me is that it has held out so long, and if we put too much strain upon it something will snap. There was never an hour when we required more cheering and encouragement. Our lads must be assured that the country is behind them—if by the decision of the Canadian electorate that fact is revealed the future is assured. If, on the other hand, there is any uncertainty about the approaching election it will paralize our efforts and take the heart out of our brave boys. What is the hope, therefore? I am watching the despatches anxiously for I stand in a position of opportunity and responsibility. It is my privilege to speak to thousands of these men every week and I can, therefore, do much to strengthen the morale of the corps. But I do not want to buoy them up with false hopes—to be quite frank, I am desperately afraid of the situation in Canada. I see that Laurier is resigning and a new leader contemplated, also that Borden is taking able Liberals into his Cabinet. Is the election to be fought on party lines? Are they trying to eliminate Conscription as an issue? I tell you solemnly, my dear friend, that the Canadian people must, in some way, be made to see that this time is critical beyond exaggeration. Cannot something be done even yet to eliminate the party issue and make the election a straight war issue? Let the whole country realize that Canada's future depends upon her full and determined prosecution of the war. Every available dollar and man must be put behind the Government—it matters little whether the Government be Conservative or Liberal. But let no mistake be made that the Government is a certain and vigorous war Government. You will forgive my writing so strongly but I know your position and influence and am convinced that your last ounce of strength is in this struggle. The best evidence is in the surrender of your boy. Can you give me something that will wing my message to the troops with directness and absolute conviction? We are facing a long dreary winter and I yearn to put cheer and inspiration into our wonderful lads.

I have had a busy summer, all day and every day working amongst the men. Yesterday I preached four times and spoke to 5000 men. A big storm was on last night and all our lights were out. I had one candle to read over the hymn and the men sang in utter black darkness. It was weird and impressive. I must have made a ghostly kind of preacher standing in the fitful light of a tallow dip. How wonderful it was to hear those lads sing the verse after I read it. They roared even when they couldn't remember the words. We are on the move just now so packing is the order of the day. All good wishes and a thousand regards.

Very sincerely yours,
ALLAN P. SHATFORD.

Mr. Northrup Resigns

The following is a copy of the resignation of Mr. Northrup as a candidate:

To W. J. Hill,
Returning Officer, East Hastings.

I beg leave to withdraw my name as a candidate for the House of Commons for the Electoral District of East Hastings.

Dated at Ottawa this 10th December, 1917.

Signed W. B. Northrup.

MARRIED

MARSH — SEXSMITH. — At St. John's Rectory, Madoc, by Rev. A. E. Smart, Russell Marsh and Kathleen Sexsmith were united in the bonds of Holy matrimony on December 11.

Cheer up! You have two chances—one of being drafted and one of not; and if you are drafted, you have two chances—one of going to France and one of not; and if you go to France you have two chances—one of getting shot and one of not; and if you get shot you have two chances—one of dying and one of not; and if you die—well, you still have two chances.

Mr. Thompson's Meetings

The following have been taken from the Belleville Ontario:

MEETING AT PLAINFIELD

A meeting was held at Plainfield Wednesday night in favor of Mr. T. H. Thompson, the candidate for Union Government. W.J. Hall occupied the chair and addresses were delivered by Reeve Jordison, of Monteagle; Henry K. Denyes, Sandy Moore, Mr. Thompson, the candidate; Mrs. Starr, of Whitby, and W. C. Mikel, K.C. After the meeting Mrs. Starr organized the lady voters and Mr. Thompson held a general organization meeting.

MEETING AT CANNIFTON

T. H. Thompson, the Union Government candidate of East Hastings, held a meeting in the township of Thurlow December 5 at Cannifton. Ex-Warden Willet Farley occupied the chair and after the candidate had opened the meeting the following gentlemen spoke on his behalf: Simeon Fox, reeve, and Henry Kells, deputy reeve of Madoc township; Dr. Embury, reeve of Bancroft; T. Montgomery, reeve of Rawdon; and W. C. Mikel, K.C. Mr. Mikel went into the issues exhaustively. He contended that as Laurier had always followed the wishes of Quebec it would be unwise to place him at the head of a Government because he would be under the control of Quebec more than ever, and Quebec was opposed to helping either Great Britain or France in the war. Canada would very likely be compelled to drop out of the war in deference to Quebec's wish and the $400,000,000 War Loan could, on the vote of Quebec members, be diverted to other purposes. He said that as Mr. Cross was endorsed by Sir Wilfrid Laurier, a vote for him was a vote for Laurier and a vote for disunion, while a vote for Mr. Thompson was a vote for union. He also contended that a vote for Mr. Northrup simply brightened the chance of Cross. If you helped to elect Cross you would regret it all your life. There is but one sure way to give support to the Union Government, that is, by voting for Thompson. Remember what Lloyd George said: "He that promotes disunion helps the enemy and hurts his country."

MEETING AT ROSLIN

"Let all the ends thou aimest at be thy God's, thy country's and truth's." With this quotation from Shakespeare Mr. Mikel, K.C., brought an eloquent address in support of T. H. Thompson to a close. He explained that the Military Service Act was designed to make Quebec do its share, not to force the boy from the farm. The Department of Agriculture would have a representative at the Tribunals to protect farming interests and to appeal where mistakes were made and even take up the matter with the Department of Militia.

Mr. F. A. Covert, of Montreal, made an eloquent appeal to help free speech, liberty and justice, which were denied in Quebec, by supporting Mr. Thompson.

Rev. Mr. Bulteel, Anglican clergyman, and Rev. Mr. Mitchell, Presbyterian minister, also appealed for support of the Union Government candidate.

Judson Gunter told the audience that the 6 northern townships had dropped politics and would vote solidly for the Union Government candidate. He also spoke in praise of the ability of Mr. Thompson.

The Union candidate said the convention chose him without any canvassing on his part and the Government had endorsed him without any solicitation from him, and he felt that every elector who wanted Union Government to win should support him. Some people had a mistaken notion about the Military Service Act. They would find that no injustice would be done anybody on the farm even though some tribunal might make a mistake. The slacker in Quebec would, however, be made to do his share. We sent our boys away and they have done nobly. We must do our duty to them. Reports from all over the constituency show that I will win with a big majority though Northrup is against us.

Sandy Moore occupied the chair and made an appropriate address emphasizing the necessity of everyone doing his bit for the Union Government candidate.

MEETING AT SHANNONVILLE

There was an enthusiastic meeting in support of Mr. Thompson.

James Hill, a prospective candidate, was chairman and pointed out that a vote for Northrup was a vote for Cross and a vote for Cross was a vote for Laurier which gave comfort to the Kaiser.

Andrew Kirk, ex-Warden, said Tweed and Hungerford was solid for Thompson.

Judson Gunter, Reeve of Tudor and Cashel, said that Cross would not poll a vote in that constituency.

Reeve Fox and Deputy Reeve Kells, of Madoc township, said both Liberals and Conservatives were supporting Thompson.

Reeve Jordison, of Monteagle, said that Thompson was the only candidate mentioned in his section. He said Cross had too little experience of public life. He said Cross could not even get elected Reeve of the village of Madoc. Thompson had much experience, had been Warden of the County and had occupied important offices in the cheese industry.

Mrs. Starr, of Whitby, organized the lady voters.

G. W. Morley, of Toronto, made a powerful appeal in favour of the Union Government.

W. C. Mikel, K.C., wound up the meeting by a speech bristling with humor and pathos.

The meeting broke up with cheers for the candidate, the boys at the front and the King. Mr. Thompson's friends say that with the woman vote his majority over both candidates will be 1,000.

BORN

BURRIS. — At Calgary on November 29th, 1917, to Mr. and Mrs. John R. Burris, a son.

Senator McKenzie Bowell died December 10th in his 94th year.

Jerusalem, after being in possessions of the Turks for Centuries is captured by the British.

Gilmour

Mr. Harry Ricketts has returned from North Bay, where he has spent the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Dafoe and Miss Rose spent the week-end in Coe Hill.

Miss May Dafoe, of Trenton, is home for the holidays.

Mr. Wm. Cross, of Madoc, gave a lecture in the school-house on Friday.

Mr. H. Chomard spent Sunday in Thanet.

Mrs. S. Neil, of Steenburg, spent Thursday with Mrs. G. Dafoe.

Mrs. Roy Neil and son, Carmen, visited Mrs. S. Greenlee on Thursday.

The wastage of Canadian troops in the latter half of November was 10,589 while the enlistments were only 1958.

"LET THE PEOPLE RULE"

Mr. Wm. Cross

The Liberal Candidate for East Hastings at the coming Dominion Elections, will address meetings in

The Masonic Hall, Madoc, on Saturday, Dec. 15th

at 2.30 p.m. and again at 8 p.m.

The ladies are especially invited to attend, and seats will be reserved for them.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Grand Rally

In the Interests of Union Government
WILL BE HELD IN THE MASONIC HALL, MADOC, ON

Friday Evening, Dec. 14th

at 8 o'clock.

RAREST TREAT OF THE CAMPAIGN.

Speakers of the Evening:
Rev. P. P. Shields, Pastor of Jarvis St. Baptist Church, Toronto.
and
Sam Carter, M.P.P., Liberal Member for Wellington, Ont.

RESERVED SEATS FOR LADIES.

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

SIR EDMUND WALKER, C.V.O., LL.D., D.C.L., President
SIR JOHN AIRD, General Manager
H. V. F. JONES, Ass't. Gen'l. Manager

CAPITAL PAID UP, $15,000,000 RESERVE FUND, $13,500,000

The Safety Deposit Boxes of this Bank offer the desired security for valuable papers and other effects. The charge is very moderate for the protection thus afforded.

72

A. Y. SNIDER, MANAGER

Will There be Electric Light in Your Home This Christmas?

Get your house wired now! We supply everything but the electricity.

We sell a complete line of Electric Appliances to lighten the labor in the home. Costs nothing to try them. Costs little to use them.

JOHN BURKITT, Kincaid's Store, MADOC Phone 61

THE DOMINION BANK

Head Office, Toronto
SIR EDMUND B. OSLER, M.P., President
W. D. MATTHEWS, Vice-President
C. A. BOGERT, General Manager

Capital Paid Up $6,000,000 Reserve Fund $7,000,000

Savings Department

Interest paid on deposits of $1.00 and upwards.
Place your savings in the Bank.

MADOC BRANCH: G. P. LYND, Manager.

Madoc Sash & Door Factory

If you are thinking of building this spring be sure and get our estimates. We always carry a good stock of lumber of all description.

JOHN ROBERTSON

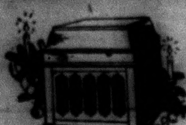
Tweed Planing Mills

Storm Sash and Doors

Put them on now and save on your fuel bill.

The Houston Co. Ltd.
TWEED, ONT.

What a Glorious Christmas Gift



Of all the gifts that the genius of man has laid at our feet, no other brings so much genuine happiness to so many people as

The NEW EDISON DIAMOND AMBEROLA

What an endless means of delight to the children; what a source of inspiration to the young men and young women; what keen enjoyment to those of more mature years!

You know you have always promised to "Get some music for the young people." Do it this Christmas. Get an Edison Amberola and bring the joy of music to your home.

Edison Blue Amberol Records

present over 3,000 selections, made by the leading singers, bands, orchestras and entertainers of the world.

The following include Records particularly suited to the Christmas season:

HEART SONGS — Silent Night — Sweet Christmas Bells — Christmas Song — Christmas Time.
SACRED — Lord is My Shepherd — O! Sing to God — Birthday of a King — Star of Bethlehem.
BALLADS — Once in Royal David's City — When Christmas Bells are Ringing — Santa Claus — It Came Upon the Midnight Clear.
BANDS — Bells of Christmas — O Come, All Ye Faithful — Christmas at Sea — In Toyland.
MARCHES — Valcartier — Dominion of Canada — Athol Highlanders' — Boys of the Old Brigade.
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Had Piles For Ten Years

And Tried Nearly Everything Except a Surgical Operation Without Obtaining Relief — Tells How Complete Cure Was Effected.

There are reported here three cures of chronic cases of piles. In all three cases many treatments were tried before it was discovered that Dr. Chase's Ointment is about the only real cure for this distressing ailment.

Mrs. A. Oates, 22 Gilkinson street, Brantford, Ont., writes: "I have used Dr. Chase's Ointment as a household remedy for ever so long, and am particularly indebted to it for a cure from Piles. I had suffered from this annoying trouble for ten years, and tried nearly everything I heard of. After using Dr. Chase's Ointment a short while I was completely cured."

Mrs. Wm. Shantz, 155 Albert street, Kitchener, Ont., writes: "For several years I was troubled with bleeding piles. I tried different remedies for relief without success. I read in Dr. Chase's Almanac of the benefits other people were receiving from Dr. Chase's Ointment, so I sent to your office for a sample box. I found it gave me such relief that I went to a drug store and purchased a full-sized box. I have used several boxes since, and have derived more benefit from its use than any remedy I have ever used."

Mrs. F. Cussons, Victoria street, Ingersoll, Ont., writes: "About two years and a half ago I was suffering from Piles. I had tried many different remedies for this distressing trouble, but nothing helped me. Finally I got a box of Dr. Chase's Ointment, and after using it found that I was completely cured and have not been bothered in this way since. I can cheerfully recommend Dr. Chase's Ointment to anyone suffering as I did."

Dr. Chase's Ointment, 60 cents a box, at all dealers or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. There are no rivals to Dr. Chase's Ointment as a treatment for Piles.

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Liberals and Conservatives are United The People Must Unite to

Win the War

A Laurier-Bourassa Victory means deserting our boys in the trenches for over a year, throwing up our hands and quitting! Don't shout "Kamerad" under the Referendum proposal. Come out and fight for Union Government.

Make No Mistake

IF LAURIER WINS:

(1) Canada will send no more reinforcements to the front, which practically means quitting the war and placing the country in the same class as Russia.

(2) The French-Canadians who have shirked their duty in this war will be the dominating force in the Government of the country.

ARE THE ENGLISH-SPEAKING PEOPLE PREPARED TO STAND FOR THAT?

It is because the French-Canadians have not done their duty that Conscription had to be resorted to.

The French-Canadians have made it perfectly clear that they do not like the war and are against Canada participating in it further. Some of them even go to the length of saying that the soldiers should be brought back from the front.

The Nationalists are demanding that the men who have been enrolled under the Military Service Act be disbanded and sent back to their homes. To secure the Nationalist support Laurier-Liberal candidates in Quebec have signed the following pledge:—

"I, the undersigned, candidate in the Federal Elections, undertake by these presents, if I am elected, to demand the immediate suspension of the Military Service Act, 1917, and of all its effects until Canadian electors have pronounced by way of plebiscite; and should the majority of the electors condemn it, that it be considered as null from its origin and that in consequence all conscripts be disbanded."

"I also undertake to vote against any Government which should refuse to adopt the above enunciated policy."

This Advertisement is inserted by The Unionist Party Publicity Committee

The SKY PIRATE

by GARRETT P. SERVISS.

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CHAPTER II.

AFTER AN ALL NIGHT FLIGHT.

WHEN Miss Grayman and her maid awoke the Chameleon was running high in the cool blue morning air, and the rays of the just risen sun were streaming across the tops of seemingly boundless forests spread far below them. They were, indeed, at so great an elevation that the hills and valleys, covered by the green mantle of the trees, resembled the swells and troughs of immense waves. Here and there a bare rocky mass rose out of the sea of vegetation like an island.

Miss Grayman had never been on an aero before. Her father always preferred the old fashioned railroads and steamships, and she seldom made even a short journey without him. As she glanced over the edge of the deck, which seemed frightfully close, and her eyes ranged down the clear atmospheric depths, beholding the earth so far beneath, she became giddy and clung convulsively to her companion. But Susan was no less affected than her mistress by the unaccustomed experience and could lend her neither support nor courage. They were about precipitately to retire into their room when the cheery voice of Commodore Brown was heard as he approached, smiling and bowing gallantly.

"Good morning, Miss Grayman," he said. "You are out rather earlier than I expected, and I must apologize for not having had your coffee prepared sooner. It will be sent to your room at once. As soon as you have finished your breakfast if you will come out on deck again I can promise that you will no longer experience distress from our elevation. I fancy that you are not accustomed to these heights."

"It is my first aerial trip," she replied.

"I am charmed to have had the opportunity of offering a new pleasure to Miss Grayman," he responded, "for a pleasure I know you will find it to be."

Miss Grayman colored slightly and glanced at Payton with a smile which

"WE ARE JUST A MILE AND A HALF ABOVE SEA LEVEL."

she would not have bestowed upon him if she had guessed his real character or the seriousness of her own situation. She was on the point of referring again to the supposed plot of her friends when an unmistakable Frenchwoman with a white cap on her head appeared, bearing a steaming urn. At Payton's order she placed it on a table in Miss Grayman's room.

"Go," said Payton, "and take your coffee while it is hot. Afterward we will look over the landscape, which I dare say is the most extensive you have ever seen."

Miss Grayman and Susan entered their apartment, and Payton turned away.

"I'm sure I shall like it," said Miss Grayman as they sipped their coffee. "How easy the motion is! It's much pleasanter than a ship. I don't know why papa would never take an aero, but he'll have to do it hereafter, for I shall insist. I know I shall not be the least bit afraid or dizzy when we go out again. It was the surprise that upset me at first—seeing things so awfully far down, you know."

Payton was waiting for them when they emerged.

"Oh," he exclaimed, "isn't this glorious? Look at the view!"

It was indeed a most splendid prospect that was spread beneath them. The sun had risen higher, and flocks of beautiful clouds were casting picturesque shadows that flitted across the rolling green surface of the earth.

"Why, the aero is all dressed in white!" cried Miss Grayman, catching sight of the white fluffy material that played in the wind created by their rapid motion.

"Why shouldn't she wear gala dress when she carries such a passenger and goes on such an errand?" responded Payton, with a bow.

Whatever of impertinence there might have been in his words was softened into a graceful and acceptable compliment by his voice and manner, and Miss Grayman blushed and smiled in return.

"Really, Commodore Brown, you do me too much honor," she said.

"Impossible," was the reply, "but I know what is required in recognition of the honor your friends have done me."

"Where shall we meet our friends?" she asked quickly.

"You certainly wouldn't wish me to betray a confidence," he replied, smiling. "I should like to answer, but for the present my lips are sealed."

"Oh, then tell me, please, how high up are we? Susan says a hundred miles, but I say not more than ten."

Payton laughed heartily.

"Well," he said, "you are nearer the truth than Susan, although your estimate, too, is a trifle extravagant. Let me see," and he consulted an indicator on the outer wall of the cabin. "We are just a mile and a half above sea level and about three-quarters of a mile above the highest peaks that you see down there."

"Then I guessed truly that we were going over mountains?"

"To be sure we are. But it is not quite an unbroken wilderness. You see that little town in the valley yonder, don't you?"

"Is that a town?" asked Miss Grayman, with surprise. "I thought it was a heap of rocks."

"No, it is a town, though not a large one. But you can see smoke rising from some of the chimneys."

"What is the name of the town?"

"I mustn't tell you that just now, you know."

"Oh, yes; I forgot that you are pledged to secrecy. But I suppose I am at liberty to guess, and I guess that these are the Catskills."

"Perhaps," said Payton, with another smile. "Really, Miss Grayman," he added in a serious tone, "if I had foreseen how unpleasant it would be to decline to answer your perfectly reasonable questions I should have hesitated to accept this mission."

The girl actually rebuked herself for letting her curiosity increase the embarrassment of a gentleman who she felt must keenly regret his rather equivocal position.

"You know the Mitchells in Washington, I suppose?" she asked.

Payton saw that if this question were followed by a cross examination he would be trapped; accordingly he shut off that line of inquiry at once.

"Oh, Miss Grayman," he said, "of course I know almost everybody worth knowing in Washington, but really, you see, if we begin to discuss these things we shall inevitably trench upon forbidden ground—forbidden, you understand, only for the moment. Afterward, in a little while, everything will be clear and we can talk freely. In the meantime let me beg of you not to lose the enjoyment of this glorious cruise in the pure morning air.

"It is wonderfully beautiful," replied Miss Grayman, "and to me the appearance of the earth seen from so great a height is indeed a revelation. It is entirely unlike the view from a mountain. And then it glides away under us so fast. It seems as if it were flying and we standing still! But, look," she exclaimed, clasping her hands, "we are actually among the clouds!"

A huge roller of cirro-cumulus which seemed rushing to meet them had suddenly attracted her attention. It was so dazzlingly beautiful that for a moment she closed her eyes. The sunbeams that transfused its margins encircled it with a border of gold and pink, while the denser central parts were of a delicate pearl gray clouded with soft opaline masses. Suddenly the Chameleon plunged into the cloud. In an instant the sunshine and the color were gone, the blue sky vanished, the earth beneath was concealed, and they seemed to have passed from the brilliant morning into a thick, damp, dismal fog. Raindrops gathered on the rigging of the aero, and with surprising quickness the deck became dripping wet. The cold, by contrast, seemed intense and very penetrating, and Miss Grayman shivered.

"Go into your room at once, Miss Grayman," said Payton. "This is no place for you now; you will take cold. In a few minutes we shall emerge from the cloud and all will be as before."

She was about to obey, calling Susan to follow her, when a spasm seemed to seize her, succeeded by a paralysis which prohibited all movement. She became as helpless as if her hands had grasped the handles of a powerful electrical machine. At the same time a curious crackling noise broke out on all sides and little pointed flames flickered on every jutting object. Susan cried out in terror, but Miss Grayman was unable to open her lips.

These enigmatical electric phenomena which manifest themselves capriciously when one is among the clouds were comparatively unfamiliar in those days, and even yet little is really known about them. A singular, blue light which spread a ghastly illumination around the aero added to the consternation, and Susan fainted from fright.

Payton sprang to aid Miss Grayman. As he touched her hand a blinding spark leaped forth, and he dropped to the deck, but was on his feet again in a second. At the same moment Miss Grayman felt the force which had held her immovable relax its grasp, and she, too, fell in a dead faint beside Susan.

When they came to themselves they found that they were in their little cabin. Payton stood beside them with a smelling bottle in his hand; the neck was near with another: the door was wide open, and brilliant sunshine was pouring in.

"Do not feel any alarm, Miss Grayman," he said. "It is all over. There was no real danger. The spirits of the air were a little inconsiderate in welcoming you to their domain, but they meant well. I have often been similarly shocked by them, but it is only intended for a friendly pat on the shoulder."

As Payton spoke he laughed so charmingly that Miss Grayman could but smile in response.

"I am afraid that I shall not like your spirits of the air, Commodore Brown," she said. "They are rather too exuberant in their greetings. I do not care to meet them again."

"And you shall not," replied Payton. "We have dropped down below the region of the clouds and are now entirely outside their fairy realm. They will trouble us no more with their attentions. You may be interested to learn that we are nearing our destination."

"Oh," said Miss Grayman, instantly rising, full of vivacity, "then our friends are close at hand!"

"I hope so," said Payton; "but we may have got the start of them. We shall know in a short time."

Payton had a wireless telephone apparatus on the Chameleon, and he now retired to his cabin and sent out a call, to which after a brief interval he had a response. He then held a long conversation with some distant interlocutor.

When the conversation was finished Payton hung up his receiver and leaned back in his chair with a laugh. But it was a very different laugh from that with which he was accustomed to put his "guests" into good humor and make them feel that he was the most agreeable of companions. It was a laugh that would have sent a chill to Miss Grayman's heart, so cold, so cruel, so expressive was it of satisfied cunning and anticipated triumph.

It was a couple of hours before Payton knocked at the door of the little cabin and called Miss Grayman out to witness the arrival of the aero at its destination. She was a little surprised to find how rapidly they had descended from their aerial flight. They were now within a hundred feet or so of the ground, and as she glanced around she could see nothing but trees on all sides—tall, wild looking trees whose aspect proclaimed that they at least belonged to a real wilderness.

"I begin to doubt," said Miss Grayman, addressing Susan, for Payton had immediately withdrawn to superintend the landing, "whether we are, after all, in the Catskills. I don't believe that the Catskill woods are so large."

"But there was a town, you know," said Susan.

"Ah, yes, but we may have come hundreds of miles since we saw that. I can't understand why my friends should have put the rendezvous at such a distance, but I suppose they had some good reason. Anyhow, we shall soon see them now, and all will be explained. Just think of it! They must have come by aero also. Isn't it romantic?"

While they were talking the Chameleon quietly descended until her aeroplane almost swept the top branches of the tall pines and hemlocks. Her movements were directed by sharp, short orders from Payton. Suddenly she sank through an opening in the treetops and entered a forest glade, and, with the branches sweeping overhead, she moved very cautiously, like a ship in a tortuous channel. Then a partial clearing appeared directly ahead, and a gleam of water came to their eyes. This soon resolved itself into a small lake, embosomed in the forest, with a large building on its shore.

"Stop her!" commanded Payton.

A shiver ran through the aero, she settled gracefully for a few seconds and came to rest just in front of the building. Immediately two men in woodsmen or hunter's dress ran to meet her, and in the door of the building appeared a stout, ruddy faced woman wearing a huge white cap and smiling a welcome.

"We have arrived safely, Miss Grayman," said Payton, approaching, hat in hand. "Permit me to assist you down."

She took his offered hand and descended upon a bright, sandy path which led from the lake to the house.

"I welcome you to my lodge in the wilderness," said Payton. "It has never had a guest who could do it so much honor."

"Then this is yours?" she exclaimed.

"Oh, yes; it belongs to me, but quite as much to my friends!"

"But where are my friends?"

"I had hoped to be counted as one of them," Payton replied, smiling. "But, unfortunately, the others have not yet come. I rather expected to distance them, for my aero has few rivals for fleetness, but they cannot be far away. Let me put you in charge of my housekeeper, Mrs. Williams, who will make you as comfortable as possible until their arrival. Ask her for anything that you may require and command her as if she were your own servant.

"Mrs. Williams," he continued, "this is Miss Grayman of New York. Show her and her maid to the front suite and see that she lacks nothing to make her comfortable."

Mrs. Williams made a profound courtesy, and her smile broadened as she led the way into the lodge.

(To be Continued.)

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For the Defence of Canada

(continued from last week)

Under national service the State calls all its manhood to arms but relieves from odium and suspicion all those who can better serve its interests on the farms, in the factories, or in other necessary activities. The Military Service Act of Canada, as has been said, was passed by parliament in obedience to a general public demand and in assertion of the Government's deliberate conviction that only by selective draft could the necessary reinforcements for the army in France be obtained and the orderly continuance of production and industry assured. In the machinery for applying and enforcing the measure there are ample safeguards against partiality, injustice or partizanship. The Military Service Council has been constituted to advise and assist in the administration and enforcement of the Act. The Deputy Minister of Justice is the chairman of the Council, and the other members have been chosen equally from the two great political parties. The advice of the Council is sought in order to ensure that the Act will be administered with just and equal regard to the interests of all classes of the community, and in all questions affecting the draft, requiring the consideration of the Governor General or the Minister of Justice, the conclusion will be reached in consultation with the Council. Moreover, the provincial registrars and the local tribunals receive instructions from the Council as to the manner in which their duties are to be discharged; and while the local tribunals exercise their judicial functions with perfect independence, so far as concerns the determination of individual cases, they may nevertheless refer to the Council for direction or advice upon general questions of doubt or difficulty. Provincial tribunals, chosen from the judiciary of the various provinces, are provided for resort by those who are dissatisfied with decisions of the local tribunals; and in order to ensure uniform treatment of claims for exemption, as well as sympathetic and consistent consideration alike of local and national conditions, an ultimate appeal is authorized to Mr. Justice Duff, a distinguished member of the Supreme Court of Canada.

There is reason to believe that the selective draft will operate with greater equality than has distinguished voluntary recruiting in the townships. Doubtless there are farms from which the only son has gone to the Front, while from other farms the men who could have gone have exercised the option which they had to remain at home. Such inequalities will be avoided under the draft system, and the men will be taken who can best be spared. If in any occupation, be it that of the farmer, the miner, the skilled artizan or the mechanic, there be men available for military service who for the present are not needed in their ordinary pursuits, these will be required to serve; but it will be the duty of the tribunals, as much to uphold a natural title to exemption, as to reject a claim which cannot compatibly with the national interest be established. Professional and literary men as well as men employed at manual occupations, and those engaged in directing them may seek exemption by reason of the importance to the community of the work in which they are habitually engaged and which would in a material degree remain undone if they were taken. The State will first seek those who have no dependents, but the fact that a young man is unmarried will not be conclusive evidence against his exemption. He may hold a position for which he has peculiar qualifications, and in which his service is essential to the prosperity or comfort of the community. No doubt there are many young men in Canada who should not have waited until compelled to serve, but there are also thousands who have chafed and fretted because they could not enlist, and whom it would be grossly unjust to describe as "slackers" or "shirkers." Reflection upon these considerations emphasizes the defects of the voluntary system and suggests the essential justice and fairness of national service.

(To be continued).

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THE SAD STORY OF THE STRUGGLE FOR LIFE

is frequently revealed in these war times even in this well-to-do Province. Hard enough to be poor—still worse to be sick and poor.

The lot of the consumptive is a specially trying one. Only recently a family was discovered living in two small rooms over a store. At one time they had occupied a comfortable home but the father took sick and had to give up work. With the savings all gone, they were forced to sell the furniture to buy food. When the man was found to be a consumptive, this was the opportunity of the Muskoka Free Hospital to bring relief so that not only would the stricken husband have a winning chance for life, but more desirable still, the wife and children should be removed from danger of contracting the disease. Under skilful guidance the home was cleaned up and the family temporarily provided for. It is now reported that the patient is doing well, with every chance of recovery.

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Great Christmas Sale

At this time of year everybody is thinking over the perplexing problem "What shall I give this Christmas?" Our lines are so many and varied that you will experience no difficulty in selecting an appropriate gift for any friend or relation that you may wish to remember. Here are a few of the many lines that will serve as suitable gifts for most anyone:

Felt Boots, Moccasins, Overshoes high and low, Cozy Slippers for every member of the family. Boots and Rubbers for young and old. Sets of Furs from $5.00 up to $90.00; Muffs and Stoles sold separate if you wish. 10 pr. womens $10 high top Boots, sale price $7.85. Sewing Machines on sale from $15 up. Victrolas and Talking Machines from $21 up. How about that Heintzman Piano? Get your order in at ance so that you may have it in your home for Xmas. Club Bags, Suit Cases and Trunks for all those who wish to travel. A few Winter Coats, both fur and cloth, to clear at a bargain. Come early and get first choice of anything.

A. KINCAID

Nyal Face Cream

Every woman welcomes the time of social functions. Nyal's Face Cream predominates in quality, and its distinctive fragrance and soothing softness appeals to women everywhere. That's why it sells and repeats. 25c and 50c jars.

Rierdon's Red Cross Drug Store

PHONE 73 **MADOC**

Come in and see our stock of

NEW FALL FOOTWEAR

Just a little more attractive than any previous season, not only as to style, but also as to selection. These Boots are our finest makes, and best styles, and can be had in Patent Leather, black or grey Kid or brown Calf.

G. C. MOON

MADOC, DECEMBER 13, 1917

Communication

Back Lot, No. 2, Dec. 10, 1917.

To the Editor of The Review.

Dear Sir,—Will you allow an old farmer a little space in your good paper because I am an old man and I have done a sight of thinking in my day and I sometimes see things other fellers don't. I read some too—The Review I get and a couple of farm journals and they are the readin for a farmer. I don't set much stock on them city papers. They are mostly advertisin, one thing and another. These days they do seem mostly taken up with this here Union Government advertisin. Looks like a forced sale to me—bankrupt stock. I calculate if this here Union Government had a good sure thing they naturally would not waste a couple of million dollars advertisin in them city papers—and in the Marmora Herald too. Josh! it will take pretty nigh all the Liberty Loan to pay for it. Well, no, I didn't buy any Liberty Bonds. I intend to all right but I'm going to wait till I see whose goin to spend it. I don't believe in them city papers getting it all. Say, Josh, I'm a Tory from way back and I wouldn't have nothin to do with that Union Government. They are saving a lot of nasty dirty talk about Quebec. Sir John A. McDonald never talked that way. Now there was a man. I wish he was alive to-day. Josh, it's one d——d thing after another, conscription, exemptions, elections, appeals, enumerators, Liberty Bonds, and all advertised in them city papers—makes an old man tired. Well, guess I ain't got no more to say, only—well—I can't vote for no Union Government cause I'm a Tory. Well, good-day to you. Yours,

FARMER.

Send Relief to Halifax

A meeting of the citizens was called to meet on Monday evening in Mr. C. R. Ross' office to consider the sending of relief to the sufferers in Halifax. Rev. A. E. Smart was elected chairman of the committee. Mr. G. H. Gillespie as secretary-treasurer. The following committee was appointed:—Rev. W. S. MacTavish, Messrs. Blair, Wellington, Bristol, Kincaid, Connor, Snider, Aylesworth, Ross, Wyman, with secretary and chairman. The committee will wait on the Council to secure their assistance in a grant of $200. Canvassing teams were appointed to call upon the citizens, the teams meeting on Thursday evening in Mr. Ross's office to which all citizens are invited. Subscriptions will be gratefully received and a list of subscribers will be given in the press in next issue. Let everyone give to this worthy cause.

Interesting Debate

The Literary Society gave an interesting program of choruses, recitations and a well contested debate on the subject: "Resolved that modern civilization is a failure." The speakers to the resolution were Margaret Watson and Harold Cross, of the High School, and to the negative Alice Bateman and Jennie Brown, of the Model School. A very lengthy catalogue of crimes against civilization as committed by the most civilized nations of the world were given by the speakers on the affirmative side, while the speakers on the negative side showed the advantages to humanity derived from civilization. Messrs. Brown, Kincaid, Dr. MacTavish and Rev. A. E. Smart, judges of the debate, after due consideration returned a verdict of not proven by the affirmative. Between the various numbers the college yells of the two institutions were given with a vigor and enthusiasm that showed that there were few slackers there. Miss Jean McIntosh, of Belleville, gave a number entitled "The Sales Lady" in which she showed considerable powers of personation. A pleasant evening was brought to a close by singing "God Save the King."

CHRISTMAS!

The Best Christmas Gift is something to wear.

This store now presents a fascinating exhibition of those things which men and boys would buy for themselves and associate with the spirit of Christmas.

See our full line of

NEW TIES 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00
NEW SHIRTS $1.00, 1.25, 1.50, 2.00
NEW SWEATERS $2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 7.00
NEW SCARFS 75c, $1.00, 1.50, 2.00
NEW GLOVES 1.00, 1.50, 1.75, 2.00, 3.00
New Cuff Buttons, Handkerchiefs, Sleeve Holders and New Caps.

THE GIFT STORE FOR MEN

GEORGE WEST
Gentlemen's Furnisher

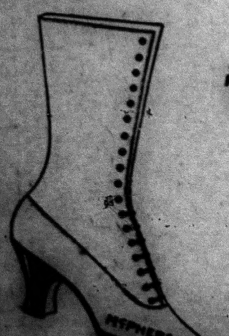
Shoes for Christmas

Let your giving take a practical turn this year. Buy Hockey Boots, a comfortable Felt Boot, a pair of cozy Slippers or Moccasins; a pair of men's, women's or children's Spats or Leggings; a pair of women's Empress Boots; a pair of Felt Lined Boots for men, women and children; a pair of Overshoes or Rubbers; a Suit Case, Club Bag or Trunk.

Our large stock is at your choice now, and these suggestions are well worth considering. Do your buying early and get first choice and a larger assortment to choose from.

Buy NOW at

THE LUDBROOK SHOE STORE



BROWNIE

Give him watch, books or money, but nothing will please a boy like a Kodak or Brownie Camera. It's a Christmas gift for all the year. Besides, the picture story of the good times with his playmates—pictures of the winter fun both indoors and out—will be interesting always, and increase in value with each succeeding year.

Kodaks $8 up.
Brownies $1.25 up.

Geo. F. Maybee
Jeweler and Optician

Review Ads. Pay Big Profits

Vinol Our delicious Cod Liver, Beef, Peptone and Iron Tonic.

It will build you up and create strength. $1.04 a bottle.

Vince's Drug Store

The Rexall Store.

CHRISTMAS GOODS

For Saturday only, Ten per cent. discount on

Suits and Coats

See our lines of JABOTS, COLLARS, HANDKERCHIEFS, APRONS, UNDERWEAR, BLOUSES, BOUDOIR CAPS, for Christmas Gifts.

Everything in Ladies' Wear — **Fred Curry**

Hastings County Council met in Belleville last week.

Rev. Scott will hold service on Sunday at Queensboro 10.30 a.m., Millbridge 3 p.m. and Bannockburn at 7.30 p.m.

A memorial service for Pte. Carl J. Doughty, who was killed in action Somewhere in France about November 9th, will be held Sunday, December 16th, at 2.30 p.m. in Hazzard's church.

Port Hope Guide:--Mr. Fraser Aylesworth, Ontario Land Surveyor and Civil Engineer, of Madoc, has during the last week made a contour survey of the site of a motor accident which took place at the corner of Walton and Kidout streets, involving a law suit.

—The last gathering of the Madoc Women's Patriotic League for 1917 will take place at the home of Miss Cross on Thursday, Dec. 20th, from 3 p.m. The collection will go towards the relief of our sailors and you are asked to dispense with some of your Christmas presents to those who are not in need and give the amount in at this meeting. Let your Christmas presents this year be for the children only. Let the rest go to give comforts to the British seamen who through these bitter nights and days guard our shores.

—Corrugated boxes for sending to the soldiers, 2 sizes, 8c. and 15c. at Review Office.

HOME NEWS

Mr. J. Cooney, of Harold, spent a few days in Madoc recently.

Some interesting letters from our soldiers appear on page 6.

Miss Daisy Roy is visiting her brother in Madoc.—Stirling Leader.

—Madoc Methodist Christmas Tree and Concert on Friday, December 21st.

Mr. Ine Smith, of Queensboro, was a week-end guest of Mr. G. Huffman.

Miss Kathleen Burns, of Victoria, spent a few days at her home in town recently.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Callery, of Madoc, visited Tweed friends on Tuesday.—Tweed Advocate.

Miss Jean McIntosh, of Belleville, spent a few days in town with Miss Margaret Watson.

—Eavetroughing and Job Work at G. A. Rollins'.

Miss Carrie Love, of Queensboro, has been the guest of Mrs. G. Huffman for the past week.

Miss Kate MacBeath left on Monday with a party of 32 nurses to assist in attending the wounded at Halifax.

—Xmas Cards and Booklets 1 cent up, also Christmas Papetries at the Review Office.

—Box Social at S. S. No. 7, Rupert's School, Eldorado, Wednesday, Dec. 19. Proceeds in aid of Red Cross.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Tufts, Miss Marguerite and Mrs. Nixon were guests of Mr. R. Townsend, of Holloway, recently.

—St. Peter's Presbyterian Sunday School will hold their Christmas Tree and Concert on Thursday evening, December 20th. 49-2

Rev. W. B. Tucker left on Monday to visit his mother, who is very ill in Toronto. On Wednesday he attended two committee meetings in Belleville.

—Annual Oyster Supper of L. O. L. No. [illegible], will be held New Year's night in Orange Hall, Cooper. Admission [illegible], or $1 a couple. Proceeds in aid of Red Cross. 50-3

King George has proclaimed January 6th as a day of prayer throughout the Empire when all creeds are expected to unite in petition for the success of the Allies in this gruelling war.

—McCormick and Deering Repairs at G. A. Rollins'.

—The I.O.D.E. are planning for a Musicale to be given by Mrs. Pincott, Miss O'Hara and Miss M. Preston during the Christmas holidays. Time and place to be given later.

R. M. MacTavish, who at the beginning of the war enlisted as a private in the King Edward Light Horse and who, 7 months' afterwards, was given a commission as Second Lieutenant in the South Staffordshires, has recently been promoted to a Captaincy. He is serving in France. Captain MacTavish is the eldest son of Rev. Dr. MacTavish, of St. Peter's Church.

—A Christmas gift of footwear is a gift of economy and common sense. Make your gifts useful this year by buying boots, slippers, overshoes at Ludbrook Shoe Store.

Mr. Justice Duff's first judgment rendered as Central Appeal Judge for Canada on Dec. 7th makes it quite clear that farm workers are entitled to exemption on the grounds that production must be maintained in order to sustain the Military power of the Allies. This judgment of the Appeal Judge is binding as law upon appeal tribunals and local tribunals throughout the whole country. Another judgment by Justice Duff shows that exemption is favored for men with all brothers already at the front or in [illegible]

—Moore's non-leakable Fountain Pen's, $2.50 up at Review Office.

At a meeting of the Public Library Board on Friday evening last it was decided to invest $25 in new books. The books have been ordered since and as soon as they can be catalogued they will be available for the readers of the Library.

—Christmas Suggestions.—A pair of hockey boots, cosy slippers in good variety, felt lined boots for men, women and children, overshoes, men's, women's and children's spats and leggings at the Ludbrook Shoe Store.

I. O. D. E.

will hold

A Sausage Tea

Saturday, December 15th

in the Tea Room from 3 p.m. to 7 p.m.

Proceeds all go to the relief of the Sailors.

Everybody come.

Contributions gladly accepted by Mrs. Harrison.

The way to mark your ballot at the General Election, December 17.

William Cross X

"The People's Candidate, Let the people rule."

The Gift Makers Great Opportunity

Here you will find the answer to the annual qeestion—"What shall I give father, mother, brother, sister, son, daughter, sweetheart or friend?"

Here you will find something appropriate for all of them—something that will bring pleasure to the heart of the recipient and express just the sentiment you want to express.

The following list of gift suggestions will help you to make your selection.

Brooches	50c up	Ebony Hair Brushes	75c to 2.50
Pendants	75c to $24	Watch Chains	$1.50 to $8
Neck Chains	50c to $5	Toilet Articles	50c
Bracelets	$1.50 up	Beauty Pins	25c up
La Valieres	$6.00 up	Rings	50c up
Fobs	$1.75 up	Wrist Watches	$5.50 to $24
Silver Tea Sets	$4.50 to $18	Silver Berry Spoons	$1.00 up
Tie Clasps	25c to $1.00	Cold Meat Forks	90c up
Lockets	75c to $6.00	Lodge Emblem Pins	50c up
Manicure Sets	$1.50 up	Brownie Cameras	1.25 to $14
Earrings	40c up	Fountain Pens	$1.25 to $3.50
Toilet Sets	$3.50 to $7	Cut Glass Bewls	$6.50
Mesh Bags	$1.75 to $5	Clocks	$1.75 up
Sc$rf Pins	50c to $4	Kodaks	$8.00 up
Safety Razors	$1.25 to $5	Hand Painted Dinner Sets	$30

Select your gifts from our up-to-date stock and you will get the best and most appropriate presents at the fairest prices you have ever known. Come in to-day.

Geo. F. Maybee Jeweler and Optician.

Attractive Toys for the Children

A full range of iron toy Autos, Horses and Carts, Drums, Banks, Shoofly Rockers, Doll Carriages, etc., all prices.

Full assortment of GAMES from 5c up.

DOLLS—All the latest novelties from doll-land. Baby dolls that go to sleep and waken at their wee nurse's command. All prices from 25c up.

Christmas Shipping Tags and Seals, good assortment, 5c and 10c per package.

Christmas Post Cards, 12 for 10c.

Christmas Booklets (beautifully designed and colored), 5c each.

Books

Children's Linen Books with beautiful colored pictures, each 15c.

Children's limp covered picture books, good assortment, each 5c and 15c.

Well-known and immensely popular novels in good cloth bindings. The list includes some of best titles and authors. We have the Red Cross girls' books in this edition. Each 50c.

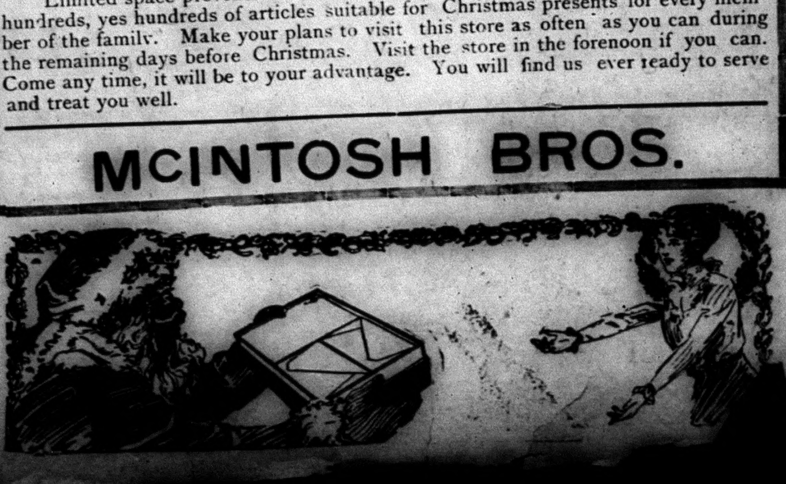
Toy books by Horatio Alger, jr., cloth bound and containing many interesting stories of boy life, also some of popular novels in this edition. 25c and 35c each.

Our Entire Store

Presents attractions pulsating with the Christmas sentiment, and appeals to your gift-giving propensities. Our buyer recently visited Saint Nicholas' storehouse, with the result that after careful and considerate search, a good, big supply of useful articles; all having old Santa's trade mark, is here awaiting your inspection and choice.

Limited space prevents enumeration of the entire list. Suffice to say, there's hundreds, yes hundreds of articles suitable for Christmas presents for every member of the family. Make your plans to visit this store as often as you can during the remaining days before Christmas. Visit the store in the forenoon if you can. Come any time, it will be to your advantage. You will find us ever ready to serve and treat you well.

McINTOSH BROS.



Handkerchiefs

The new colored corner designs. Colored one corner embroidered Handkerchiefs in dozens and dozens of fascinating designs. Each 15c.

For the Kiddies. Boxes of kiddies' handkerchiefs in a number of cunning designs, per box 15c.

Khaki Handkerchiefs, a nice Christmasy gift for our soldier boys. Two for 25c.

Also some fine embroidered Handkerchiefs in boxes, some in colors and some plain white, a number of dainty designs, per box 50c and 75c.

The Xmas Blouses were never smarter or more acceptable. You should be able to find just what you want at the price you will like to pay.

Boudoir Caps

Daintily made and in all the shades. Prices 15c, 25c, 50c and $1.00.

Note Paper

For the Kiddies, in good quality linen finish. Just the thing to write to "daddy" or "mother" or your little friend on, 15c box.

For grown ups—in the ever popular linen finished quality, beautiful colored boxes, per box 15c and 25c.

ANXIETY

THE KAISER—How is Canada voting?

Letters from Our Soldiers

Nov. 7th, 1917.

Dear Mrs. Bassett,—

As Sergeant Major of this section let me offer you my deepest sympathies for the loss of your brother. He will be very much missed by us all for he was a very popular boy. He always worked hard and well and we never had occasion to find fault with him or his work. From the Captain down we all feel alike the loss of him. For so young a boy I could not wish for a more capable soldier and I wish that some of the older men were as good. Again accept my sincere sympathy.

Yours sincerely,

A. F. BUTTON, Sgt.-Major.

Nov. 7, 1917.

Dear Mrs. Bassett,—

I am taking the liberty of writing you a few lines to sympathize with you in the loss of your brother. For over a year I was his Sergeant until I became Quartermaster Sergeant and I can truthfully say there never was a lad under me I liked better. He was always cheerful and jolly, no matter what the conditions. What is more he was one of my best and most reliable drivers. I always found him quite cool under difficulties and though he wasn't very large in stature he had the heart of a lion. He has died nobly for his country and what more can a man do. I attended his funeral this afternoon and I can assure you it was like losing one of my own brothers. He is buried in a quiet little cemetery along with other Canadian boys who have given up their lives also.

In concluding this letter let me again offer you my most sincere sympathy. I remain,

Yours sincerely,

D. U. GRANT, B.Q.M.S.

Nov. 9, 1917.

Dear Mrs. Bassett,—

I understand that Capt. Copland has written informing you of the sad fact that your brother has been killed and I am just sending you a line to express my own sympathy for you in your loss and to say how much I regret his loss. He died in the performance of his duty. That is as fine an epitaph as any man can have. He was buried with a comrade who was killed at the same time in a cemetery near here and the details of this, with the number of his grave, will be sent you in due course, as well as his personal effects. He was an excellent man, a good soldier. The officers directly over him have always spoken very highly of his work and he will be missed by us all.

Yours faithfully,

J. J. BENHALE, Lee.Col., Com. 1 C.D.O.U.

Dear Mother and all,—

Last week I was at Mytchett taking my musketry course. I made first-class shot. Poor Harry could not see the target so did not make very good. When we came back to camp I was selected for a guard of honor to go to London next Friday to the Lord Mayor's show. Our division was picked to represent the Canadians in England. There is only 50 going. It is an honor to be selected out of 200,000 men and I sure feel it. We were issued with new uniforms and everything shining like silver. My friend in England sent me a lovely box a few days ago of cigarettes and cakes. Believe me, it is nice to have a friend near by.

PTE. T. E. TAYTOR, No. 412313,
C. Co., 208th C. I. Batt.,
c o Army Post Office, London, Eng.

A GIFT THAT IS SURE TO PLEASE

CANADIAN WM. A. ROGERS "1881" SILVERWARE

WE RECOMMEND IT

GEO. F. MAYBEE
MADOC

Up-to-Date Machine Shop

Having one of the most complete and up-to-date Machine Shops in Hastings County, I am now prepared to do machine work of all description, such as repairing Sawing Machines, Gasoline Engines, Threshing Outfits, Threading Bolts, Pipes, etc., and in fact anything that needs expert workmanship and up-to-the-minute machinery.

Give Us A Call And Be Convinced

We also cater to the Autoists and have a full line of Auto Accessories on hand. Our Bowser Gasoline Tank is always ready to supply your wants.

AGENCY FOR THE McLAUGHLIN MOTOR CAR

P. H. NAYLER

Machine Shop and Garage Phone 88 Opposite Blue's Hotel, Madoc

SEE THE DIFFERENCE

Here are two cans with glass sides inserted to show contents. On the left is an ordinary varnish stain. See the muddy sediment settled at the bottom. It must be stirred before using and never gives good results. On the right is Campbell's Varnish Stain—clear as a crystal—no dregs or sediment. Its ingredients are scientifically unified. You can use it on any floor or furniture with perfect results.

CAMPBELL'S VARNISH STAIN

DISSOLVES GREASE SPOTS

There! we have given you two big reasons for using Campbell's in preference to all others. You'll find many other reasons in the first can you buy.

There are 13 colors: Natural wood color, light oak, dark oak, walnut, cherry, mahogany, green, rosewood, white enamel, flat black, gloss black, piazza green and piazza red.

Color cards sent free upon request.

Sold by the following progressive merchants

Frank Dafoe, Madoc

Made by
CARPENTER-MORTON CO. 77 Sudbury Street, Boston, Mass.

FIRE

YOUR HOME, YOUR STORE,

might easily have a total or partial loss—sound business methods demand that you be prepared for such a calamity, the good old

Phoenix Insurance Co.
of Hartford, Conn.

is time tried and fire tested. Since organization it has paid losses of $81,617,128.80

Assets - $15,345,365
Surplus - $ 9,056,106.

Policies cost $2.00 and upwards. Consult me.

A. E. WATSON, Madoc - - Local Agent.

Slander!

That man is a slanderer
who says that

The Farmers of Ontario

will vote with

Bourassa Pro-Germans
Suppressors of Free Speech
and
Slackers

Never!

They Will Support Union Government

Citizens' Union Committee.

Is a United Quebec to Rule All Canada?

This, the most tremendous question in Canada's history, is to be answered within ten days.

Our answer involves Canada's honour, her freedom and her future. Old-time party questions are being advanced to obscure the gravest issue ever placed before a nation. Canada is in real danger. The clouds that obscure her vision must be brushed aside so that the great issue stands forth clear and distinct.

"Is a United Quebec to Rule All Canada?"

To-day, in our national crisis, Quebec alone among all the provinces stands more united than ever before. She knows what she wants:

(1) Withdrawal from the war.
(2) Bilingual schools everywhere.
(3) Weakening of the ties of British connection.
(4) Political control of Canada.

From the Ottawa River to Labrador and the Gulf, a common purpose actuates Quebec in her determination to profit by the factional divisions of Canada and to impose her will upon all the people of Canada.

Within the last few weeks, Quebec has mobilized all her forces to dominate Canada under the unified leadership of Bourassa and Laurier. Canada knows that these two men in their earlier days were personal friends and political associates. Canada knows how in recent times they gradually drew apart—until in 1911 Bourassa opposed Laurier and helped to bring about his defeat, at the polls. Canada knows that from that time forward, until a few weeks ago, the breach between them steadily widened until envy and hatred, each toward the other became the possession of both. Bourassa and his followers were anathema to Laurier.

Should not the people of Canada ask themselves, before it is too late, why these two men have suddenly agreed to bury the past, why this sudden embrace each of the other? If we will but let the scales drop from our eyes the answer is obvious. The all-compelling influences of Quebec have combined to force the union of Laurier and Bourassa in the common purpose of French Canadian domination.

We concede the right of French Canadians to make common cause of anything they think it is in their interests so to do. This is a free country. But as the French Canadians have already combined to assert their views, it is the duty of the hour that we English-speaking Canadians get together and present to Quebec a united front in the defence of our rights. This is imperative.

With sixty solid seats Quebec is about to accomplish her designs. Bourassa, the real master and idol of Quebec, is in sight of his goal.

To attain her purpose, Quebec has not scrupled to ignore British traditions and to suppress freedom of speech. So thoroughly organized is her campaign to prevent even the discussion of the war that Unionist candidates are prevented from holding public meetings throughout that Province. The Unionist minority in Quebec are the victims of organized obstruction.

To be successful in her determination to rule all Canada, Quebec has but to secure a few seats in each of the other Provinces. Quebec leaders now seek to divide the rest of Canada into factions by insidiously bringing into political discussion old-time party questions, to divert the public mind from Quebec, her purpose and her ambitions.

United in her determination to quit the war, Quebec would compel a divided Canada to do likewise. By union only can the English-speaking people prevent this calamity.

However well-meaning Laurier candidates in Ontario may be, they will be helpless against a united Quebec.

Apart from the splendid work of the small English-speaking population, Quebec has failed the Red Cross, has failed the Patriotic Fund, has failed in recruiting and has failed in the Victory Loan. Dare we trust our soldiers, their wives, their children, their pensions and their allowances to Quebec, that will neither give, enlist nor invest, and which will resist taxation for the support of our men and their dependents?

Canada must decide whether she will become a deserter and quit with Russia, or fight to the end for liberty with Belgium. This decision must not be dictated by the only Province which has shirked its obligations throughout the war.

All Canada knows that Germany has been working through agents, spies and bribes in every country in the world. The latest evidences are the revelations recently made to the world by President Wilson. Do we Canadians think the Kaiser has overlooked Canada? If we do, what a fool's paradise!

Germany benefits by division among her enemies. Upon whom would she look in Canada as furthering her designs? Not Sir Robert Borden, Mr. Rowell and their colleagues in the Union Government. That is certain. But can the same be said with respect to the leaders in the Province of Quebec whose attitude in this war is against Canada's continuation in the war. We regret to be compelled to say these things, but we must not shut our eyes to facts.

The Citizens' Union Committee, anxious for the maintenance of British ideals and traditions, views with alarm the menace of French-Canadian domination with its inevitable influence upon the home, the school and the state.
We, therefore, call upon all English-speaking men and women to realize that—Canada, divided by political factions and old-time party questions, is at the mercy of a united Quebec. Union Government alone can save Canada from the menace of French-Canadian domination.

The Citizens' Union Committee

A Non-Partisan War-Time Organization to Support Union Government

J. W. LYON, Guelph, Chairman **NORMAN SOMMERVILLE, Toronto, Vice-Chairman**

G. A WARBURTON
Chairman Executive Committee

ALBERT H. ABBOTT, Secretary **Telephone, Main 5824** **Headquarters: Canada Life Bldg., Toronto**

Complete Service to Ford Owners Everywhere

COURTEOUS attention to your needs wherever you may travel is something you appreciate, and being a Ford owner you can get it. You are always "among friends".

There are more than 700 Ford Dealer Service Stations throughout Canada. These are always within easy reach of Ford owners—for gasoline, oil, tires, repairs, accessories, expert advice or motor adjustments.

The cost of Ford Service is as remarkably low as the cost of the car itself. Nineteen of the most called for parts cost only $5.40. Just compare this with the cost of spare parts for other cars and you will realize the advantage of owning a Ford.

Ford
THE UNIVERSAL CAR

Runabout - -	$475
Touring - -	$495
Coupelet - -	[illegible]
Sedan - - -	[illegible]

F. O. B. FORD, ONT.

Frank Smith, Madoc, Dealer

CHRISTMAS GIFTS

What could you give to your gentlemen friends who smoke that they would appreciate more than a nice box of Cigars, a good pipe, a cigar case or a cigarette case full of good cigarettes.

Some of our many lines of Cigars:

Japs	a box of 25	$1.75
Bachelor	" " "	1.75
Ovido	" " "	1.75
Davis Perfection (A new brand)	" " "	1.75
Arabella	" " "	1.50
Milo	" " "	1.50
El Proposo	" " "	1.50

Boxes of 10 Cigars to the box from 65c up

F. Vandervoort

Barber and Tobacconist

Behind the French and British lines immense Labor Battalions are busy which contain tens of Thousands of brown men and yellow men from Asia and of black men from Africa. At the request of the British Government a number of Missionaries have been released by various societies to take up positions as Officers or Chaplains of these Labor Battalions whose languages they can speak and understand. The Bible Society has also provided for them Testements and Gospels in a score of different languages.

One of Germany's greatest munition plants exploded. The loss to Germany at the present time is comparable to a serious military defeat in its effect on the war.

Final Appeal Judge Gives Ruling on Exemption of Farmers

Mr. Justice Duff (the Final Court of Appeal) Declares it is Essential that there shall be No Diminution in Agricultural Production.

(Published by authority of Director of Public Information, Ottawa.)

Hon. Mr. Justice Duff gave judgment on December 6th, in the first test case brought before him, as Central Appeal Judge (the final court of appeal), for the exemption of a farmer. The appeal was made by W. H. Rowntree in respect of his son, W. J. Rowntree, from the decision of Local Tribunal, Ontario, No. 421, which refused a claim for exemption. The son was stated to be an experienced farm hand, who had been working on the farm continuously for the past seven years, and ever since leaving school. He lives and works with his father, who owns a farm of 150 acres near Weston, Ontario. With the exception of a younger brother, he is the only male help of the father on the farm. The father is a man of advanced years.

In granting the man exemption "until he ceases be employed in agricultural labor," Mr. Justice Duf said:

"The Military Service Act does not deal with the subject of the exemption of persons engaged in the agricultural industry; and the question which it is my duty to decide is whether the applicant being and having been, as above mentioned, habitually and effectively engaged in agriculture and in labor essential to the carrying on of agricultural production, ought to be exempted under the provisions of the Military Service Act.

"These two propositions are indisputable:

"(1) In order that the military power of the allies may be adequately sustained, it is essential that in this country and under the present conditions, there should be no diminution in agricultural production.

"(2) The supply of competent labor available for the purpose of agricultural production is not abundant, but actually is deficient.

"The proper conclusion appears to be that the applicant, a competent person, who had been habitually and effectively engaged in labor essential to such production, ought not to be withdrawn from it.

"It is perhaps unnecessary to say that such exemptions are not granted as concessions on account of personal hardship, still less as a favor to a class. The sole ground of them is that the national interest is the better served by keeping these men at home. The supreme necessity (upon the existence of which, as its preamble shows, this policy of the Military Service Act is founded) that leads the State to take men by compulsion and put them in the fighting line requires that men shall be kept at home who are engaged in work essential to enable the State to maintain the full efficiency of the combatant forces, and whose places cannot be taken by others not within the class called out."

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1917.

Automobile Figure, Aluminum Top	$8.50
" Waltz " "	7.00
Model "D" Automobile, Aluminum Top	7.00
" "C" " " "	6.00
" "T" " Tube	6.00
" "B" "	5.50
" "A" "	4.00
Auto Fancy low price (Figure Model)	5.00
Ladies' Auto $3.50 / Cycle Pleasure	2.75
Model Cycle 25 3.25 / Arctic Special	2.25
Pastime 3.25 / Yukon	1.75

M. W. Connor & Son Hardware — Phone 8, Madoc

New Advertisements.

Advertisements under this head, one inch space,—40c first insertion, 10c. each subsequent insertion 75c. per month after first month

Custom Sawing

Those who intend taking out logs this winter may have them sawed at Arthur Pitts' mill, Moira Lake. 50-tf

Estray

About the 10th of November there came on the premises just west of the G. T. R. two yearling calves. Owner can have same by proving property and paying expenses.
50-3-p MISS ELLIS, Madoc.

Found

Two stray calves, with droop horns, one black, one red, strayed onto my premises, lot eight, con. 14, two miles west of Madoc.
50-3-p SAM REYNOLDS.

Notice

All accounts owing the estate of Louis Love must be paid on or before January 1, 1918.
MRS. MARCELLA LOVE,
50-3 Administratrix for the Estate

Strayed

Came onto the premises of Ed. Sandford, 3 weeks ago, a yearling black and white Steer marked by a pig ring in its right ear.
48-3p ED. SANDFORD, Eldorado

For Sale or Rent

15 acres in the 5th concession of Huntingdon township, ¼ mile from Thomasburg, good garden land. Erected on the premises are a good frame house 18x22, frame barn 24x30, stone basement, a good well, a nice orchard, apples, pears, cherries. For further particulars apply on the premises to
JAMES PINE,
49-4p Thomasburg

Strayed

From pasture lot near Bannockburn some time during the summer 5 head of young cattle marked with two notches in right ear and one in left.
49-3p H. R. BLAKELY,
Phone 6or6 Eldorado, R R No. 1

Steer Estray

From Jas. Kenny's ranch yearling steer, red and white with notch cut in bottom of left ear, B brand on left hip about midway between hip bone and pin bone. Anyone knowing of his whereabouts will please advise the Madoc Review or
JAS. KENNEY,
49-2p Madoc

Strayed

There came onto the premises of lot 47, con. 5, Madoc, a black and white yearling Heifer about October 1.
CHAS. W. THOMPSON,
49-3p Eldorado

For Quick Sale on Easy Terms

A farm containing 110 acres of good, choice land, being lot 27, con. 6, Thurlow. On the premises there is a large brick house barn, driving shed, hog pen, 2 never failing wells, fall plowing all done, 25 acres of new seeding. Just 1 mile from church, school, blacksmith shop, grist mill, post office and store, independent phone in house. Quantity of hay, grain and straw can be bought with the place. The buyer may have possession at once. For further particulars apply to the owner on the farm.
WALKER HOSKIN,
49-4mos Latta, Ont.

For Sale

Four well-bred road Colts, two rising 2 years, one rising 4 and one spring Colt. For sale cheap. Apply to
MRS. MARCELLA LOVE,
44-tf Madoc

Wool Wanted

Highest market prices paid in cash at the Madoc Woolen Mills.
Blankets and Yarn for Sale at the Mill.
18 S. J. DANFORD & Co

Farm for Sale

Good Farm of 150 acres, with splendid buildings, large basement barn with cement floor, stabling for 22 cows, cement pig-pen, all in good condition, water in barn, situated in Prince Edward County along bay shore, three miles from city of Belleville.
For particulars apply to
D. R. DAVIDSON,
33 Rossmore, Ont.

WANTED CREAM

We have again advanced our prices for good quality Cream. We could use yours. It will be worth your while to write us.
TORONTO CREAMERY CO. Ltd,
11 Church st, Toronto

PAINTING

I am prepared to paint Automobiles, Carriages and all kinds of vehicles.
Second block west of the Dominion Bank.
ALEX. ROBERTSON

ARE YOU IN NEED OF A MONUMENT!

If you are, we are prepared to fill your order promptly from our new and well equipped shop, formerly of Tweed, now under the same management but a new name. We will give you good stock and workmanship, prompt delivery and perfect satisfaction. Call and see us or ask for quotations.

The McCallum Granite Co., Ltd.
397 Princess St., Kingston.

SUPPLEMENT TO

[illegible]orth Hastings Review

Thursday, December 13th, 1917

Letters [illegible] Our [illegible]diers

[illegible] 10th, 1917.

Dear Father,—

I see that Co[illegible] is beginning to be operati[illegible] and it is time. I believe [illegible] Borden's chief oppositio[illegible] several months ag[illegible] that such a step woul[illegible].

That was in the [illegible] then Canadian casual[illegible] and reserves used up [illegible] present time probably ever[illegible] warned for draft and the [illegible] are those 5000 untrained [illegible] have arrived from Canad[illegible] the past month.

The soldiers, I [illegible] are overwhelmingly in favo[illegible]scription and will give the U[illegible]ment a large majority if a[illegible]. A Referendum would [illegible] larger majority.

You say several [illegible] developing many incur[illegible]. It reminds me of a [illegible] in a hospital magazine. A[illegible] complaining [illegible]. His ailments [illegible] M. O. says: "[illegible] from [illegible]ving the Leadities," [illegible] the patient replies, "and it [illegible] to be getting worse."

In this country the [illegible] being "combed out" for the [illegible] previously rejected men [illegible] examination. Ireland [illegible] Conscription and instead [illegible] troops has caused large [illegible] be transported there [illegible] in case of renewed outbr[illegible] of the Sinn Feiners. The [illegible] are full of Boloism repo[illegible] pacifists are viewed with [illegible] awful price of all living [illegible] the strain of this awful [illegible] to the feeling that the G[illegible] not firm enough, is resulti[illegible] spread feeling of disco[illegible] newspapers are daily [illegible] Government to take [illegible] Russian revolution and the [illegible]bacle. Stern measures [illegible]ism (or agents of German [illegible] and pacifism are urged as [illegible]ment's only hope. The [illegible] is now more largely a co[illegible] and although there appear[illegible] unrest there the dangers of [illegible] are great.

The Canadian troops are [illegible] steadfast in the army and [illegible] captured all objectived [illegible] them At Belle Vue Crest, [illegible] Australians failed, the C[illegible] pulled victory out of defeat a[illegible] the way for the greater [illegible] Passchendaile. To-day we [illegible] the Canadian corps are the [illegible] "shock" troops of the allied ar[illegible] the west. They are to hold no [illegible] the line but reserved for assau[illegible] ever needed. This, I think, [illegible] will be an advantage. The [illegible] food and billets must be reserve[illegible] frequent and protracted rest [illegible] given if this crack corps is to [illegible]ways in the very best of con[illegible]. Whether this report is untrue [illegible] I do not know. We have heard [illegible] directly and from a 58th Batt[illegible] man who was present at Belle [illegible] Spur on October 28th.

Am leaving for France in 4 [illegible] days. We are nearly all cas[illegible] and during the summer I have [illegible] most of them so it won't be so [illegible] like going among strangers this [illegible]. Send about 5 francs a week and [illegible] handkerchiefs, etc. I have wri[illegible] several times what I want so I g[illegible] wont need to repeat it.

Leave for France any time a[illegible] reveille to-morrow (Friday) mor[illegible] probably about 7.30. Expect the Can[illegible]adians will be in a quiet part of [illegible] line by the time we get there. The Passchendaile fighting has been ver[illegible] costly and they must be reliev[illegible] shortly. The weather continues [illegible] much nicer than a year ago. So lo[illegible] as the weather is fair the fighting [illegible] fall will continue.

PTE. CHAS. WATSON.

The following letter was received by Mrs. John Osborne from her son, Pte. Earl Twiddy:

Nov. 13, 1917.

Dearest Mother,—

I arrived in France safely and we had a fine trip although it wasn't long. We had pay parade at 9 p m., at 10 45 we had another kit inspection which was held in the mess room. Then we packed up and at midnight said good-bye to Seaford and marched off. A light showed in every house for people were roused by the racket. You can imagine what kind of a noise the brass band, bugle band and 150 men would make all yelling and making an attempt to sing. We boarded the train and went to Folkstone, a beautiful place, where we got a few hours' sleep and breakfast, such as it was. We marched to the docks and boarded the boat By 9 a.m 2 other boats had been loaded, at 9.30 we left the harbour and at 11 30 a m were in a harbour in France. We then marched through town to the top of a hill where French girls were selling chocolates and apples. They told us the price in francs, etc., but we couldn't understand at first. We learned to speak a few words and the girls were very good at the English language. A little later we were loaded in motor trucks and arrived at our base at 3 30 p.m. and had a big supper for our first feed in France.

PTE. K. E. TWIDDY, 1058044,
C.G.B.D., 21st Batt.,
c/o Army P O, France.

The following letter was received by Mr. John A Canniff, Cooper, from his brother:

Nov. 12, 1917.

Dear Brother,—

I have been admitted to hospital slightly wounded, am getting on well. The weather is fine just now, quite cold I saw George McCaw over here looking hearty and well. As there is not much news these few lines will look like a very short letter. I hope to be able to find more to write next time if God spares our lives. I trust the war will soon be over and I may have the good luck to meet you and all the folks at home in good old Canada. Just cheer up and let us hope for the best. I trust Ed. is still alive and may be spared to reach Canada. Wishing all the folks the very best of luck, in hopes to meet some time before long.

PTE PETER CANNIFF.

Letter of Condolence

To Mr. and Mrs. Edward Gordon and Family:

Dear Friends:—The Edith Cavell [illegible] Cross Society of Cooper and Rim[illegible] desire to express to you the [illegible]pathy of its members in your [illegible] sorrow, the death of your son, [illegible] Alfred Gordon, who made the [illegible] sacrifice on the battlefields of [illegible] for the cause of human liberty. [illegible] nobly answered his country's call [illegible] was faithful unto death.

[illegible] feel a personal interest in his [illegible] inasmuch as it was our home[illegible] honor he died to defend and his [illegible] will be held in proud and loving [illegible]brance by us all.

[illegible] to you, dear friends, his loss is [illegible]rable. We can only pray that [illegible] may comfort and sustain you in [illegible] hour of anguish and that you [illegible] find "grace to help" in this time [illegible].

[illegible] on behalf of the Society,
Mrs. R. R. Hannah, Pres.
Mrs. G. A. Ferguson, Sect.
Beatrice King, Treasurer.
[illegible], Dec. 11th, 1917.

Queensboro

[illegible] Tuesday evening of last week [illegible] motored to Madoc to meet Pte. [illegible] Dyer, who has returned from [illegible] because of medical unfit[illegible] not allowed to proceed to [illegible] where he desired to go. On [illegible] night a real hearty welcome was given to Pte. Dyer. The [illegible] Brass Band rendered some [illegible] selections. The Madoc male [illegible] of the Methodist church [illegible] quartettes in style and was [illegible] appreciated. Mrs. Ashley [illegible] at the piano. A solo was given by Miss Lydia Love, accompanied by Miss Nellie Howe. Mr. T. E. Burnside acted as chairman and several addresses of welcome were given.

Miss Jessie Rollins, of Ivanhoe, was visiting friends here.

The Ladies' Aid of the Methodist church met at the home of Mrs. S Cox Thursday afternoon. A profitable time was spent.

A number of the Patriotic League met at the hall last week and quilted two quilts and also made some caps.

The men are very busy driving around these days; easy seeing election is near. The hall was filled Friday night to hear Mr. Northrup's address and on December 12th and 14th it will, no doubt, be the same to hear Messrs. T. H. Thompson and W. Cross.

Events of The War in Brief

Isac Don Levine, author of "The Russian Revolution," writing in the New York Independent, gives the clearest statement yet seen of the attitude of the new Russia towards the Allies.

"At the basis of all of the new Russia's troubles lies the universal longing of the masses for peace, not a separate, but a general peace," he says. "The Russian Revolution itself was the product of this longing. The great fact, hardly recognized yet outside of Russia, is that the revolution was an outbreak not only against Czarism, but also against the war, in so far as the Russian masses considered it Czar made.

"There is the idea, maliciously fostered in Allied countries, that Russia is after a separate peace. Every Russian's blood boils with indignation at this suggestion, and yet it has apparently found a firm position in Allied public opinion. The truth is, and one wishes it reverberated throughout the world incessantly, that there is not and never has been a party or faction in the new Russia favoring a separate peace with Germany. The Bolsheviki even never stood for it.

"The Allies have done their best in the last six months to alienate the sentiments of the Russian masses. By failing to recognize the cardinal fact that a new Russia had come into existence last March, a Russia which could not possibly be bound by treaties concluded by the Czar, the Allies laid the foundations of all the Russian disasters. The new Russia upon finding herself in the Allied camp, regarded the partners of the Czar with suspicion from the very beginning To the Russian mind, affiliation with Czarism was in itself a crime. Russian revolution automatically severed the bonds tying Russia and the Allies. But the Allies would not face this fact Nor would they listen to those Russians who begged them to negotiate at a conference a new alliance with the free Russian masses.

"Two weeks after Russia's adoption of the new foreign policy, Scheidemann, the leader of the Majority Socialists, made a momentous declaration in the Reichstag, which was never adequately reported in the United States He said; "If Great Britain and France should follow the example of Russia and renounce all aims at conquest. . . there would be a revolution in this country," meaning, of course, Germany.

"Kerensky fell because he failed to change the Allied war aims. The Bolsheviki have won because they adopted the original mandate of the revolution as their chief program.

"Russia will not fight in the Allied cause so long as Allies stick to aims which she considers imperialistic If France and Britain should now repudiate all aims at conquest and define their purpose in the war as the democratization of Germany only, there is no question in any forwardlooking Russian's mind that the Russian crisis would quickly come to an end. Moreover, Russia's striking power would be immediately resurrected in case a German revolution fails to materialize.

To the Electors of East Hastings

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:—

Your vote and influence respectfully requested for T. H. Thompson, Unionist Candidate, officially endorsed by the Premier and the Union Government.

I am in hearty accord with the platform of the said Government and for every measure of the Government to win the war.

I am for the abolition of the patronage system, food control and the regulation of the prices of the necessities of life, limitation and regulation of profits, the best treatment for returned soldiers, and for the dependents of those who are fighting our battles overseas.

I believe that wealth should bear a greater part of the financial burden than it has done in the past, and that labour should have its just share in the Government of the country. I believe in the franchise for women equally with men, and am for any measure that will aid in a better social and economic reconstruction of Canada.

T. H. THOMPSON.

Christmas

will soon be here.

This Merry Christmas Gift List shows some of the things you want-

For Men—Sweater Coats 2.75 up to $5; Ties 25c up; arm bands, etc.

For Women:—All kinds of China; boxed Writing Material and So-Cozy Slippers.

For Children we have a nice assortment of Toys; also Slippers, Sweaters, Mittens and many other useful gifts.

We want all the poultry, live and dressed, we can get. Also all kinds of grain and produce.

Vandervoort Bros
M. Vandervoort, Mgr.

Phone 60 r2

Eldorado, Ont.

THE HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR

SCRAPIRON
COPPER
BRASS
RAGS
RUBBERS

WRITE FOR PRICES

SAM LAPAM. MADOC

e duty of every man and woman is to help to make this war the war that ends war.

LOOK AT THE LABEL
This label shows to what date your paper is paid. Subscribers who wish to secure the $1.50 rate must pay for their paper in advance.

North Hastings Review.

"PARTY IS THE MADNESS OF MANY FOR THE GAIN OF A FEW"

50 a Year | $1.50 a year

Year—No. 51 | Madoc, Hastings County, Ontario, Thursday, December 20, 1917 | Postage Prepaid

...mpson is the Man

...Monday the voters of East ...gs, by an overwhelming major... a mandate to T. H. Thomp... Union Government candidate, ...the Government of Canada to ...this war the war that ends war. ...issue in this election was ...ption. To a certain extent the ...ty lines were broken down and ...h the cry of "Union Govern... and "Win the War Party" ...sed as "slogans," yet we are ...that the old party spirit furn... energy and enthusiasm that ...rised the election here as well ...other constituencies. For the ...ime in the history of Canada ...of the women bore a share in ...nion election and for novices ...showed an adaptability to the ...s of party warfare that were ...ing and an enjoyment in the ...hunting game commensurate ...their new-found liberties.

...that the contest is over, we ...that the electors of East Hast... ...ll at least show themselves to ...sports and bury any feelings ...ment that may have arisen ...differences of opinion as to ...pursued in this contest by ...ers. We call Canada a free ..., let it in very deed be so. ...are pleased with the message ...anada sends to the boys across ... The great soul of Canada ...oken, has spoken wisely and ...d let us all unite as one people ...in every way to carry this ...an early and successful issue.

...lt of voting as we go to press:

...o, Thompson's majority	136
...illage, 1 poll to hear from...	23
...	429
...rford	40
...	223
... & Grimsthorpe	65
... Township	429
... Village	83
... & Cashel	110
...	45
...	126
...	63
..., 1 poll to hear from	45
...	80
...majority for T. Thompson	1897

Communication

Belleville, Dec. 11, 1917.

To the Editor of The Review.

Dear Sir,—Will you kindly publish enclosed copy of letter received by me from Hon. Dr. Reid. While personally confident of the result in East Hastings, I felt that I would be a traitor if I were not willing to make a small sacrifice for the boys in the trenches who have fought and suffered and died so heroically for us. I have therefore withdrawn from the contest feeling sure that my friends who have so often helped me carry the flag to victory in the past will understand and approve of my conception of my duty in the present. Thanking them one and all for their kindness and confidence which my conscience would not allow me to run the risk of betraying through the possibilities of a triangular fight.

Yours sincerely,
W. B. Northrup.

Office of the Minister of Railways and Canals, Ottawa, Dec. 10, 1917.

Dear Mr. Northrup, — At Sir Robert's request I asked you to come to Ottawa to discuss the situation in East Hastings. Sir Robert expresses his deep concern with regard to the situation in Hastings and greatly fear that the constituency will be lost to the cause of Union Government if the two Union candidates remain in the field, and in order that the result in your constituency may be beyond question hopes that you may see your way to withdraw. He recognizes the great personal sacrifice you will make in retiring from the contest but in this crisis in the life of the Empire feels you will be willing to withdraw from the fight. He will appreciate your action very much, as well as others who are in sympathy with the cause of Union Government. I personally feel the same way, and as Mr. Thompson has refused to consider the appeal to retire I sincerely hope you will make the sacrifice, and I am sure if you do, so far as I am personally concerned, I shall never forget it. With kind regards, I am,

Yours faithfully,
J. D. Reid.

DOMINION ELECTIONS

Union Government Has Majority of 51.

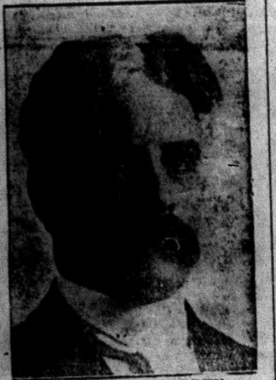
ONTARIO SOLID FOR UNION

Quebec Is Only Province Supporting Laurier.

Loyal People of Canada Speak in No Uncertain Voice Regarding Conscription, and Only One Section of the Country Opposed the Sending of Support to the Boys.

The Canadian people endorsed Union Government by a majority that leaves no room for questioning their will to carry on the war to victory. The solid opposition of Quebec—only three Unionists were elected in the whole province, and these in English-speaking constituencies—the vote of the French elements in several Ontario ridings, backed up by the votes of all those whom the call of patriotism has left cold, were snowed under by the union of Conservatives and Liberals all over the country. Sir Robert Borden will go back to Ottawa with a majority of at least 51 members, which will be increased when the four deferred elections are held.

Ontario did its share by returning Union supporters in all but ten ridings, and in at least two of these the men elected as Laurierites—McColg, of Kent, and Duncan Ross, of West Middlesex, voted against their leader on conscription. But if Ontario did well, the West rallied to the standard of Unionism in a manner that was remarkable. West of the Great Lakes Sir Wilfrid Laurier won only two seats—Provencher in Manitoba and one in British Columbia. Saskatchewan returned 16 Unionists, Alberta 12, and British Columbia 10 or 11. The sweep was accompanied by tremendous majorities for the Unionist candidates. In the Western cities Laurier candidates fell thousands of votes short, Centre Winnipeg supported Union to the tune of a 13,000 majority, a record that, in view of the size of the constituencies compares well with North Toronto's 14,00 majority to Sir George Foster.



SIR ROBERT BORDEN

Only in the Maritime Provinces did Laurier candidates make anything like a showing. In Prince Edward Island they carried three seats and in Nova Scotia won eight, compared with six won by Unionists. The Nova Scotia final return will probably be an even break, since the two Halifax seats for which the election has been deferred are conceded to the Unionists. In New Brunswick the Unionists have a margin of two to three seats.

Quebec did all that Sir Wilfrid Laurier expected of it. In fact, the Unionists won a seat less than they expected, but the two English-speaking Ministers, Hon. J. C. Doherty and Hon. C. C. Ballantyne, got through, as did Sir Herbert Ames. Outside of Montreal, however, not a Unionist was elected, both Hon. Mr. Blondin and Hon. Albert Sevigny being defeated.

It was a significant fact that with one or two exceptions, the ridings that Laurier carried in Ontario had either a strong German or French element. After the organized insult to Sir Robert Borden at Kitchener it was evident where the pro-Grman elements in North Waterloo stood and the big majority rolled up for Euler, the Laurier candidate, was no surprise. In South Perth also voters of German descent made their presence felt, and South Bruce, which was won by Ruben Truax, Laurier candidate, has two or three townships in which voters of German descent predominate. The loss of the Essex seats to Laurier candidates was a surprise. The seats won by the Laurier candidates in the Eastern townships were carried by the solidarity of the French-Canadian vote.

With one exception the endorsed candidates defeated independent Unionists, the exception being Brant, where Col. Harry Cockshutt, the soldier candidate, defeated John Harold, the Liberal-Unionist. An interesting win for Unionism was that of Evan Fraser over W. M. German in Welland. Mr. German supported conscription, but he was nevertheless a strong Laurier partisan. He was regarded as unbeatable, but he fell over 500 votes short.

The four deferred elections—two in Halifax, one in Nelson, Manitoba, and the other in the Yukon—will increase the majority by four, all being regarded as safe Government constituencies. The returns from British Columbia were indefinite, but it appeared that only one Laurierite had been elected.

In a number of constituencies the vote will be affected by the soldiers' ballots. This is the case chiefly in Ontario constituencies, where the successful supporters of Sir Wilfrid Laurier had small majorities in almost every case. The khaki vote will probably swing several of these to the Government side of the House.

One of the surprises of the election was the defeat of Sir Wilfrid in Ottawa, where Mr. A. E. Fripp won the seat from the Opposition leader by a safe majority. Of course Sir Wilfrid also has a seat in Quebec City, but he has usually carried several constituencies for his party in former contests. Hon. W. L. M. King was also among the slain, being defeated in North York by J. A. M. Armstrong by 557 votes.

VOTE BY PROVINCES.

	For Union.	For Laurier
ONTARIO	72	10
MANITOBA	13	1
ALBERTA	12	0
SASKATCHEWAN	16	0
BRITISH COLUMBIA	12	1
NOVA SCOTIA	6	8
NEW BRUNSWICK	6	5
P. E. ISLAND	1	3
QUEBEC	3	62
TOTAL	141	90

ONTARIO

UNIONIST.

ALGOMA EAST, Nicholson	700
ALGOMA WEST, Simpson	800
BRANT, Cockshutt	
BRANTFORD, Cockshutt	2,000
BRUCE NORTH, Clark	
CARLETON, Boyce	1,500
DUFFERIN, Best	2,300
DUNDAS, Casselman	
DURHAM, Rowell	1,800
ELGIN EAST, Marshall	700
ELGIN WEST, Crothers	847
FORT WILLIAM and RAINY RIVER, Manion	1,187
FRONTENAC, Edwards	1,000
GLENGARRY, STORMONT, McMartin	Accl.
GRENVILLE, Reid	1,000
GREY NORTH, Middlebro	1,175
GREY SOUTH-WEST, Ball	
HALDIMAND, Lalor	400
HALTON, Anderson	2,100
HAMILTON EAST, Mewburn	3,536
HAMILTON WEST, Stewart	1,086
HASTINGS EAST, Thompson	1,100
HASTINGS WEST, Porter	400
HURON NORTH, Bowman	1,400
SOUTH HURON, Merner	68
KINGSTON, Nickle	2,777
LAMBTON EAST, Armstrong	400
LAMBTON WEST, Pardee	600
LANARK, Hanna	2,400
LEEDS, White	1,500
LENNOX and ADDINGTON, J. Paul	700
LINCOLN, Chaplin	3,700
LONDON, Cronyn	1,690
MIDDLESEX, Glass	1,000
MUSKOKA, McGibbon	750
NIPISSING, Harrison	700
NORFOLK, Charlton	702
NORTHUMBERLAND, Munson	200
ONTARIO NORTH, Sharpe	1,200
ONTARIO SOUTH, Smith	1,000
OTTAWA, Fripp	948
J. L. Chabot	818
OXFORD NORTH, Nesbitt	295
OXFORD SOUTH, Sutherland	750
PARKDALE, Mowat	1,879
PARRY SOUND, Arthurs	1,200
PEEL, Charters	1,657
PERTH NORTH, Morphy	786
PETERBORO EAST, Sexsmith	600
PETERBORO WEST, Burnham	2,500
PORT ARTHUR, KENORA, Keefer	600
PRINCE EDWARD, Hepburn	700
RENFREW NORTH, Mackie	
SIMCOE EAST, Tudhope	2,000
SIMSOE NORTH, Currie	1,487
SIMCOE SOUTH, Boys	2,500
TIMISKAMING, Cochrane	700
TORONTO CENTRE, Bristol	3,479
TORONTO EAST, Kemp	7,648
TORONTO NORTH, Foster	14,607
TORONTO SOUTH, Sheard	8,117
TORONTO WEST, Hocken	6,522
VICTORIA, Hughes	2,700
WATERLOO SOUTH, Scott	1,000
WELLAND, Fraser	570
WELLINGTON NORTH, Clark	833
WELLINGTON SOUTH, Guthrie	3,000
WENTWORTH, Wilson	3,300
YORK EAST, Foster	764
YORK NORTH, Armstrong	557
YORK SOUTH, Maclean	10,245
YORK WEST, Wallace	7,258

LAURIER.

BRUCE SOUTH, Truax	700
ESSEX SOUTH, Atkin	108
ESSEX NORTH, Kennedy	1,500
KENT, McCoig	150
MIDDLESEX WEST, Ross	635
PERTH SOUTH, Forrester	370
PRESCOTT, Proulx	300
RENFREW SOUTH, Pedlow	200
RUSSELL, Murphy	1,500
WATERLOO NORTH, Euler	2,018

QUEBEC

UNIONIST.

MONTREAL (St. Lawrence and St. Geo), Ballantyne	1,110
ST. ANNE'S, Doherty	1,622
ST. ANTOINE, Ames	1,200

LAURIER

ARGENTINE, McGibbon	600
BROME, McMaster	1,622
BEAUHARNOIS, Papineau	Accl.
BEAUCE, Hon. Dr. Beland	Accl.
BELLECHASSE, Fournier	1,220
BERTHIER, Gervais	910
BONAVENTURE, Marcil	2,500
BAGOT, Marcille	1,000
CHAMPLAIN, Desaulniers	2,655
CHAMBLY and VERCHERES, Archambault	500
CHARLEVOIX – MONTMORENCY, Casgrain	3,000
CHICOUTIMI-SAGUENAY, Savard	330
CHATEAUGUAY-HUNTINGDON, Robb	1,948
COMPTON, Hunt	1,400
DORCHESTER, Cannon	1,000
DRUMMOND-ARTHABASCAVILLE, Brouillard	Accl.
GASPE, Lemieux	3,000
GEO, ETIENNE CARTIER, Jacobs	900
HULL, Fontaine	Accl.
HOCHELAGA, Lesage	9,000
JACQUES CARTIER, Lafortune	1,009

(Continued on page 8)

Cooper

Election over—what will the ladies find to talk about? A number of them went to McCoy's school-house to mark their ballot for Union Government.

Miss Herbertson and her cousin from Queensboro were Sunday guests of Mr. A. Graham and Mrs. W. West.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Rollins entertained some friends on Sunday.

Mrs. Sam Rollins and Mrs. Jas. Long are canvassing the neighborhood in aid of Red Cross and are meeting with many willing to help in this work.

Mrs. W. T. Allan has been on the sick list for some time.

Miss Ella Moore, of Rimington, is visiting here.

Master Allan O'Brien is on the sick list.

The stork left a boy with Charley Hannah. Charley is all smiles.

Mr. F. A. Reynolds is hauling lumber part way to assist his brother, John, who is building his barn up again.

Santa Claus will soon be around. I wonder how many are asking him to visit the boys in the trenches. Everybody think of them this year.

The Nichol Chemical Company of Hungerford has donated the sum of $500 to assist in purchasing equipment for the new High School at Tweed.

Gunner Percy Nayler left Kingston Friday for overseas. Percy is the third and last unmarried son of the Nayler family to enlist. Although advised by friends to apply for exemption, he indignantly refused to do so, but voluntarily left a new and growing business, a father and mother, now grown old, in order to do his bit in this great war for freedom and justice. Percy's business will be carried on under the management of Mr. Aymer of Toronto, who is an experienced and expert mechanic.

...ve Something Useful this Christmas—...something electrical. Here are a few sugges...from the Electric Shop.

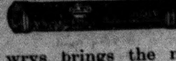
...have a large assortment Hotpoint appliances, such as Warming Pads, Curling Iron Heaters, Travelers' Irons, ..., Grills, Percolators, ..., Air Heaters, Etc.

...this RADIANT GRILL ...can do all kinds of cooking except baking. You can ... both above and below ...glowing rails at the same ...

You can have one of these for 75c if you buy a Hotpoint appliance between now and Christmas.

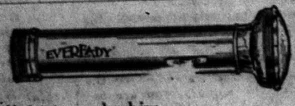
How about an EVEREADY DAYLO for "Him" or "Her."

I am the DAYLO that mother needs to guard her safely down the dark cellar stairs or about the attic, and nightly to stand guard beside her bed to answer with her the baby's call.



I am the DAYLO that alwrys brings the motorist's troubles to light by bringing light to the trouble. There's a handy place for me in one of the side pockets of his car.

...m the DAYLO



...he needs on hunt... ...and fishing trips. I ...ud powerful electric light to make him ...fortable in the wilderness camp.

JOHN BURKITT,
ELECTRICIAN Kincaid's Store
...one 61

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

...MUND WALKER, C.V.O., LL.D., D.C.L., President
SIR JOHN AIRD, General Manager
H. V. F. JONES, Ass't. Gen'l. Manager

...ITAL PAID UP, $15,000,000 RESERVE FUND, $13,500,000

A GOOD INVESTMENT

The money you save earns interest when deposited ... our Savings department, and both principal and ...rest are safe and can be obtained when required. ...keep in the home more money than is needed ... purposes?

A. Y. SNIDER, Manager

THE DOMINION BANK
Established 1871

CAPITAL AND RESERVE $13,000,000

Farmers' Sale Notes

Farmers will do well to leave their sale notes with The Dominon Bank for collection. Consult the Manager.

MADOC BRANCH: G. P. LYND, Manager.

Madoc Sash & Door Factory

If you are thinking of building this spring be sure and get our estimates. We always carry a good stock of lumber of all description.

JOHN ROBERTSON

Tweed Planing Mills

Storm Sash and Doors
Put them on now and save on your fuel bill.

The Houston Co. Ltd
TWEED, ONT.

WE WANT NOW

A Reliable Agent in Hastings County to sell Pelham's Peerless Fruit and Ornamental Trees during fall and winter months. Good pay, exclusive territory, free selling equipment.

Over 600 acres of the choicest Nursery stock, including NEW varieties, controlled by us. Handsome up-to-date selling equipment and a splendid Canadian grown stock to offer customers. We are not jobbers. Write now for agency terms to PELHAM NURSERY CO., Toronto, Ont.

N.B.—Catalogue sent on request to applicants for agencies or purchasers of Nursery stock. 37-15t

A. B. COLLINS

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY, ETC.

Solicitor for Bank of Montreal

TWEED : ONTARIO

Will visit Madoc Court days.

G. FRASER, D. D. S., L. D. S.

Graduate of Toronto University, Licentiate of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario.

Plates, Crowns and Bridges a specialty.

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BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC.

A large amount of private funds to loan on mortgage at lowest rates.

Offices: Belleville, Madoc and Tweed

W. C. MIKEL, K.C. D.E.K. STEWART
FRANK BAALIM.

DR. EAGLESON

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, AND ACCOUCHEUR

Graduate of Trinity Medical College
Post Graduate of Moorefield's Eye Hospital London, Eng., and Central London Nose and Throat Hospital.

Special attention given to diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throa and fitting of Eye Glasses

Coroner for Hastings County.

Phone 32.

DR. W. J. GARDINER

Coroner For Hastings County.

GRADUATE OF TORONTO UNIVERSITY

Late a resident Physician and Surgeon of Toronto General Hospital.

Special attention given to the diseases of women and children.

Eldorado, - Phone 50 R5.

DENIS GILLEN

NOTARY PUBLIC

Conveyancing, Fire Insurance.
Money to loan on farm property.
No commission, no valuation fee.
Office—One door south of Masonic Hal
MADOC — ONT.

Veterinary Surgeon
MADOC

J. WARING, V.S.

Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto; twenty-three years' experience as a practitioner.

Charges moderate. Terms 30 days
Special attention Veterinary Dentistry.

Office—Elgin street, near Whytock's store. Phone No. 34

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BARRISTER AND SOLICITOR
NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEYANCER

Appraiser at Madoc for The Canada Permanent and Western Canada Mortgage Corporation

Money to loan at 5 per cent. on good farm security. No commission. No valuation fee

Office—Wood Block, Madoc.

E. C. TUFTS
Licensed Auctioneer

For Hastings County.

Terms moderate.

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ENGINEERS AND CONTRACTORS

All kinds of Building and Construction Work.

Plans and Estimates Furnished.

DELORO — — ONT

String Instruments Wind Instruments

WM. SCRUTTON
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS
Of All Kinds.
Sheet Music of Every Description.
MADOC — ONT.

Whytock Bros.

BUTCHERS

DEALERS IN

Groceries and . . Provisions

MADOC — — ONTARIO

ARE YOU IN NEED OF A MONUMENT!

If you are, we are prepared to fill your order promptly from our new and well equipped shop, formerly of Tweed, now under the same management but a new name. We will give you good stock and workmanship, prompt delivery and perfect satisfaction. Call and see us or ask for quotations.

[illegible] Granite Co., Ltd.
[illegible]

THE BLESSING OF A HEALTHY BODY

Has Not Had An Hour's Sickness Since Taking "FRUIT-A-TIVES".

MR. MARRIOTT

78 Lees Ave., Ottawa, Ont.,
August 9th, 1915.

"I think it my duty to tell you what "Fruit-a-tives" has done for me. Three years ago, I began to feel rundown and tired, and suffered very much from *Liver and Kidney Trouble*. Having read of "Fruit-a-tives", I thought I would try them. The result was surprising. During the 3½ years past, I have taken them regularly and would not change for anything. *I have not had an hour's sickness* since I commenced using "Fruit-a-tives", and I know now what I haven't known for a good many years—that is, the blessing of a healthy body and clear thinking brain".

WALTER J. MARRIOTT.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size, 25c. At dealers or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

Tasmanian Mammals.

There is a species of mammals in Tasmania the females of which lay eggs, from which the young are hatched like the young of birds. This mammal, the echidna, is perhaps of the lowest order of mammals, and is a kind of connecting link between mammals and reptiles. They are about the size of a baby porcupine, and covered with strong spines set thickly all over their skins, and by way of a nose they have a slender and narrow beak of white horn. The echidna has very long sharp claws, with which it digs a deep burrow. In this burrow it builds a nest for its young and deposits one or two eggs, which are enclosed in a strong flexible shell three-fourths of an inch in length and two-thirds of an inch in diameter.

Poison Gas.

Poison gas, which for some time has been used in Europe with such deadly effect, is to be tried on one of the world's most unpopular insects—the African tsetse fly. An English officer stationed in a region that was once part of German East Africa, is responsible for the experiment. The gas to be used will be either of a nature destructive only to insect life and harmless to man, or else of a more deadly character, which must be handled by operators wearing gas masks.

My Limbs Would Twitch

And Waken Me—Unable to Rest or Sleep, I Walked the Floor in Nervous State — When Specialists Failed I Found a Cure.

This is the kind of cure that has set Windsor people thinking and talking about Dr. Chase's Nerve Food. The action of this food cure is so radically different to the usual treatments for the nerves that everybody wants to try it. Gradually and certainly it nourishes the starved nerves back to health and vigor and the benefits obtained are both thorough and lasting.

Mrs. M. Smithson, 37 Arthur street, Windsor, Ont., writes: "I was suffering from nervous breakdown, which was caused by a shock when fire broke out in the adjoining house. My nerves were in such a state that, after going to bed I could not get my nerves quieted down sufficiently to go to sleep. I used to get up and walk around the room, or go downstairs. Even when I would be dropping off to sleep my limbs would twitch and waken me. I used to have cold, nervous, night sweats, sometimes would become unconscious and lie that way for quite a little while. I was always cold and it seemed impossible for me to get warm or keep warm. When on the street I would see two or three objects at once, and did not want any person to speak to me or bother me. Any little noise irritated and annoyed me very much. I had consulted specialists and tried many remedies during this time, but could not gain relief. At last I tried Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, and before long could see that this treatment was proving of benefit. I am now feeling so much better that I can go out on the street without any difficulty, can go across the river and go about the same as usual. I sleep well at night, and am feeling more like myself every day. I am pleased to be able to write you to tell you how much good the Nerve Food has done me. It has strengthened and built up my whole system. I am recommending it to everybody I find suffering from nervousness of any kind."

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, 50 cents a box, a full treatment of 6 boxes for $2.75, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Do not be talked into accepting a substitute. Imitations only disappoint.

What the Christmas "Waits" Sing

SANTA CLAUS being about to desert the city streets for his annual reindeer ride over the roofs, the "waits" prepare to sing their centuries old carols.

In several American cities has been revived the beautiful old custom of the "waits" going about from house to house singing the familiar old songs. Light the Christmas candles in your window if you want them to stop before your home!

God rest you merry, gentlemen; let
nothing you dismay—

they will surely sing that, perhaps the best known of all old English carols. And this too:

Hark! The herald angels sing,
Glory to the newborn king.

And, of course, "O Little Town of Bethlehem."

Perhaps, too, they will sing what is said to be the earliest known Christmas carol, dating from the Anglo-Norman days of the thirteenth century, which begins:

Lordlings, listen to our lay—
We have come from far away
To seek Christmas.
In this mansion we are told
He his yearly feasts doth hold;
'Tis today!
May joy come from God above
To all those who Christmas love.

This carol ends with the toast of those days:

"Here, then, I bid you all wassail, cursed be he who will not say drinkhail." "Wassail" meaning your health and "drinkhail" being the usual and courteous acknowledgment.

One of the best known of all the old carols, although not one of the oldest, was written by Nahum Tate in 1703 and is called the "Song of the Angels." It begins:

While shepherds watched their flocks
by night,
All seated on the ground,
The angel of the Lord came down
And glory shone around.

Many are the carols in which Britain's ancient holly figures. "Then drink to the holly berry," pledges one writer of songs, while another in "Under the Holy Bough" summons "All ye who have scorned each other or injured friend or brother, come gather here."

Singing at the Doors.

And then there's that grand old hymn "Adeste Fideles," sung in every church in this land and in others, at this Christmas season:

Oh, come, all ye faithful,
Joyful and triumphant!
Come ye, oh, come ye to Bethlehem!

Christmas would not be Christmas, of course, if the "waits" were to neglect one other of the most beautiful of old carols:

Holy night, peaceful night!
Through the darkness beams a light.
Holy night, peaceful night!
Through the darkness beams a light!
Yonder, where they sweet vigils keep
O'er the babe who, in silent sleep,
Rests in heavenly peace,
Rests in heavenly peace.

If there are any of you who have in mind an after Christmas dinner evening of song to the accompaniment of a harpsichord, a spinet, a lute or a piano or even the modern and much advertised disk machine, it might be well to try this on the company:

"Hark the Herald Angels Sing."
Hark! The herald angels sing,
Glory to the newborn king;
Peace on earth and mercy mild,
God and sinners reconciled!
Joyful, all ye nations, rise,
Join the triumph of the skies,
With the angelic host proclaim
Christ is born in Bethlehem.
Hark! The herald angels sing,
Glory to the newborn king!

A Christmas Favorite

THE toys are so new fangled, with
their little cranks and
springs—
They make a fellow wonder how a boy
can run the things;
You mustn't twist 'em that way an'
you mustn't jar or shake
For fear you'll jolt their innards or a
drivin' wheel will break.

But the jumpin' jack! He will wriggle
his knees
An' he'll hump his back just as gay as
you please;
An' he don't wind up an' he don't run
down,
An' his pants is red an' his coat is
brown;
He climbs the stick with a whack-ty-
whack!
Hoorah for the brave old jumpin' jack!

He isn't quite so stylish, an' he only
costs a dime,
But he is lithe an' limber an' keeps
busy all the time
A-bobbin' an' a-noddin' with a caper
an' a hop—
A-bowin' you a thank-ye when you
jump him to the top.

Ho, the jumpin' jack! He will jiggle
and prance,
An' he'll bend his back like he's doin'
a dance;
With his arms 'way up an' his legs
'way down,
An' his painted grin like a circus
Clown,
He slams around with a whack-ty-
whack—
Hoorah for the fine old jumpin' jack!

I reckon I'm old fashioned when it
comes to Christmas toys,
But was there any finer thing when
you an' me was boys?
Remember him a-grinnin' from your
stockin' that-a-way,
All ready to go jumpin' up an' down
all Christmas day!

Ho, the jumpin' jack! He would wob-
ble his knees
An' he'd hump his back with aston-
ishin' ease;
He would jump 'way up an' would sit
'way down,
An' he tickled us when he came to
town.
He was best of all in old Santa's
pack—
Hoorah for the good old jumpin' jack!

Christmas Pie Has Long Family History

HAPPY the Christmas reveler who has a digestion to tackle the Christmas pie. The modern faddist in diet is trying to rule out the plum pudding and the mince from the Christmas feast.

Shame on him! Better a night of groaning to the few than a ban on a time honored custom for the many. Lay in a stock of soda mint, pepsin and salt water. Be sporty and take chances on the plummy goody.

First it was old Santa under a ban—a dreary world it would be without Santa Claus—now it is the toothsome Christmas pie bulging with raisins, flaky of crust and redolent of burning brandy.

Truly the modern progressive who lives by rule is akin to the old Puritan to whom the Christmas pie was an abomination savoring of heresy. Indeed the Roundhead had more excuse for his abstinence; it was a test of orthodoxy. He felt his morals would be injured by eating a pie whose savory contents were typical of offerings of the Magi and whose form was often that of a manger.

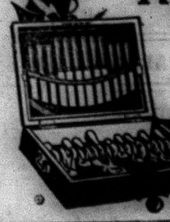
The Christmas pie is of ancient and honorable lineage, and its name of "mince pie" came centuries later, being given in derision by the Puritans. Are we such weaklings that what our ancestors have thrived on for centuries will slay us in one eating? Surely the stomach specialist, that product of modernity, must have slipped up.

Our grandparents did not eat one measly little slice of the Christmas pie in fear and trembling. Boldly they swallowed huge hunks, not on Christmas day only, but during the entire season of Christmas, unto Twelfth Night. Was it not writ, "As many different houses as thou shalt eat mince pie during Christmastide so many happy months shalt thou have during the year?"

And they began the mixing of that Christmas pie early and with great ceremony. It was a gala occasion when the plum pudding was to be stirred and each member of the household down to the infant in arms must have a turn at the spoon.

Christmas the Same as Ever.

Christmas time! That man must be a misanthrope indeed in whose breast something like a jovial feeling is not roused—in whose mind some pleasant associations are not awakened—by the recurrence of Christmas. There are people who will tell you that Christmas is not to them what it used to be. . . . Never heed such dismal reminiscences. . . . Reflect upon your present blessings, of which every man has many; not on your past misfortunes, of which all men have some. . . . Our life on it, but your Christmas shall be merry and your new year a happy one.



THE CHOICE OF THOSE WHO GIVE USEFUL CHRISTMAS GIFTS

CANADIAN WM. A.

ROGERS "1881"

SILVERWARE

GEO. F. MAYBEE

Madoc

Dufresnay's Christmas Awakening

ON Christmas morning of the year 1681 M. Dufresnay's apartments were in some confusion. Monsieur himself as he slept on a spindle legged sofa was not the very image of order. His rose colored satin coat was under his head, and his silk stockinged calves dangled over the end of his all too brief bed. The cards of yesterday and yesternight bestrewed the floor.

He was disturbed by the insistent tinkling of a bell. Dufresnay groaned and struggled to his feet.

On opening the door he beheld a very beautiful young lady quaintly disguised as a working woman and carrying a large basket such as laundresses use. Dufresnay retreated in confusion, bowing profoundly and wrestling with his coat.

"I pray you pardon me, mademoiselle. I did not expect a—a vision!"

"And I pray you, monsieur, not to mock me," she replied, with a wry little smile. "The last time I came your servant said you had no money. You owe me 17 livres."

"I Did Not Expect a Vision!"

Dufresnay gazed in speechless incredulity for a moment and then burst out laughing.

"A merry Christmas to you, mademoiselle!" he cried. "Is the basket for me?"

"I wish you also a merry Christmas. But please, please listen to me. Perhaps the wine is not yet out of your head. But I must have money today. Surely you can understand?"

Dufresnay partially mustered his wits and attempted an elaborate compliment.

"I have seen all the shepherdesses of our Arcadian Versailles and— By the goddess of the laundry, you are not crying! The basket is very heavy. And here are actual shirts!"

He looked in comic perplexity from the basket to the girl. Then he said gently, "Has no one ever told you how beautiful you are?"

"Certainly you are not the first to flatter me nor the first that failed to pay me, but," she added, and her eyes filled with tears, "I had better hopes of you. Fine words will not help me."

"I know they will not. What have I that will bring 17 livres? This ring?"

"But that is a wedding ring."

"My mother's. And it is for my wife. It is for you."

"That is a cruel jest. And I thought you were so different. You have never seen me before, but I live not far away, and I have often seen you. You are not yourself now or you would not mock me so."

"I was never myself before," insisted Dufresnay.

At this moment a stately personage appeared in the doorway and rang the bell with great vigor.

Dufresnay greeted him with delight. "Is his majesty returned to Paris? No? He is well?"

Turning to the girl, he said: "I am, as perhaps you know, the king's poor kinsman, as poor as he is rich. M. Ribot has been the bearer of many good gifts. Monsieur, mademoiselle is my betrothed."

"Ahem! M. Dufresnay, his majesty intrusted me with this Christmas present for you—this purse of gold, 500 louis, I believe, and this commission creating you valet de chambre du roi, with a stipend of 100,000 livres per annum. I congratulate you, monsieur. As I have many other commissions to execute for his gracious majesty, I must humbly take my leave."

"Present my grateful thanks and Christmas wishes to his majesty."

M. Ribot made his departure with somewhat the air of one who gladly takes leave of questionable company.

"May I also congratulate you, monsieur?" timidly ventured the girl. "You can pay me now," she added rather tamely.

"You see my establishment—how I live. Could not the order of these apartments be improved? Will you abandon me amid such ruins? The abbe who ministers in the church yonder is my good friend."

"Why, he is also my abbe!"

"Wonderful! White lambs and black are alike his care. I am a most unlucky gamester. And you can give me better luck than ever came of winning. On my honor, I love you. And the abbe will be very glad to see us. Shall we not make the good old man happy?"

"If you will, monsieur."—W. R. Van Deusen

A Christmas Prayer.

God grant no little child may go
With hungry heart or empty hand—
Give this thy world one radiant day
To understand, to understand.

Give us the fitting word to say,
The spendthrift smile, the brave caress;
Disclose our hearts and give us now
The courage of our tenderness!

Lord, we are old with toil and tears,
Our souls are veiled with various art,
Yet still the little children keep
Thine ancient simpleness of heart—

And they alone of all thy brood
May bind the burning angel's [illegible]
And, striking laughter from the sword,
Retrace the years to paradise.

They are so brave with love and
dreams,
So eager eyed and, ah, so dear!
I think we must return them now
The faith they bore across the year.

I think that we must give them now
The spendthrift smile, the kindly
word,
That earth may keep its ancient hope
And we thy full commandment,
Lord.

—Dana Burnet.

WATER-PROOF WEAR-PROOF

FLOORS, woodwork and furniture treated with Campbell's Varnish Stain have a surface permanent in color, water-proof, wear-proof. The stain is dragged deep into every crevice of the wood as shown in the illustration. It dries smooth and hard, and gives a beautiful, transparent finish, easily cleaned with dry mop or cloth.

CAMPBELL'S VARNISH STAIN
DISSOLVES GREASE SPOTS

Color and Varnish are so perfectly unified there can never be a sediment, so you are sure to have an even, satisfying job.

There are 13 colors: Natural wood color, light oak, dark oak, walnut, cherry, mahogany, green, rosewood, white enamel, flat black, gloss black, piano green and [illegible]

Sold by the following progressive merchants

Frank Dafoe, - Madoc

Made by
CARPENTER-MORTON CO. 77 Sudbury Street, Boston, Mass.

r the Defence of Canada

(continued from last week)

o greater effort is required from ada than from the other nations se freedom and independence are iled. If we falter we betray those have "borne the battle" for us, cast the splendor of their suffer- and sacrifices in shadow forever. y loved peace as much as we do. was as dear to them as it is to us, , cherished the ties of home and ily just as we do. They had affec- s as intimate and obligations as ed as any that we know. If they deserted shame will be our portion istory. It will be said that the or they won for us among the ions we meanly cast away and that were unworthy of their chivalry, rage and sacrifice. We cannot ra- comparison with Britain and stralia and New Zealand. If we y obligation to the Empire or re- nsibility for the Empire or respon- ility for the war we are still subject judgment. At least we have a pol- al connection with the Old World ich the United States has not, and, erefore, cannot withdraw from a flict into which our neighbors have tered through high concern for the gencies of civilization and the ele- entary rights of mankind. To-day command the world's respect and ep our own. To lose either would to barter decency, dignity and glory r ease, discredit and humiliation.

Major Corbett Smith continues: ut nothing I can write will make ople at home understand what this ar really is. Nothing short of actual perience can do that. Stay, per ps there is one thing: the genius of uis Raemakers. He, at least, by s cartoons, is bringing home to mil- ons the hideous meaning of this war. d not only of this war, but of all odern war. I would have a volume his cartoons distributed gratis by e Government to every household in e kingdom. I would have half a zen of the cartoons thrown upon the reen in every cinema-house at every tertainment. The people would udder with horror, but they would e them and learn what Germany is and what war means. Apart from this, I hold it to be the sacred duty of every man and woman who can use a pen to advantage, or who can command the attention of an audience, to make known this meaning. To cry from the housetops what is this foul thing which Germany has thrust upon the world, and to show the people why and how Civilization must crush it out for ever. There is no greater honor today that a man may wear—alas, there are but few left to wear it!—than the honor of having served his King and Country in France throughout August and September, 1914. Just that. He needs no decoration, no 'mention.' He served through the 'Retreat from Mons.' In days to come our children, our children's children, will point with pride to that one little word on the regimental color, 'Mons.' For in that single word will be summed up the liberation of the world. It was the victory of the Marne which won for Civilization that freedom but it was under God's hand, the British Navy, the stand of Belgium, and the 'Retreat from Mons' which made that victory possible."

But the victory for freedom has not yet been fully won. The foe, in turn, retreats but he contests every foot of ground, and the advance of the allies is as costly as it is glorious. In this advance the soldiers of Canada have fought as bravely as their comrades of Britain, France, Belgium and Australia. They call for the reinforcements which the draft will supply in confidence that we at home are as jealous for the reputation of Canada as they, and as determined to prosecute the war until complete victory is achieved. The call comes from those who gave themselves in answer to our appeal. They are not asking to be taken out of the trenches. They do not seek consideration or relief for themselves. They ask only that the gaps in their ranks shall be filled and we who sent them away to guard our honor and protect our institutions cannot do less than resolve that the response to their appeal shall be speedy and adequate. It may be that the day is still remote "when peace shall over all the earth her ancient splendors fling" but somewhere in the distance there is a hilltop bathed in the sunshine of victory and radiant with the glory of the morning.

A Lesson In Christmas Spirit

It was the day before Christmas last year. All my shopping had been done (or so I thought) when I suddenly remembered hearing my eldest son, a lad of eight years, say, "Oh, I hope Santa will bring me a harmonicon this Christmas," says a writer in the New York Evening Sun.

Of course I could not disregard such a wish, and, although it was raining, I put on my storm coat and rubbers and with umbrella in hand started out for one of our large department stores.

On arriving at the counter where this particular article was displayed I found every one so busy I could not

The Two Boys Looked at Me.

get attention for some time, and while waiting my turn I noticed two sadly neglected looking little boys of about six and eight years respectively standing very close to the counter and looking, oh, so longingly at these same harmonicons, when suddenly one of the young saleswomen turned sharply around and in a loud voice said, "Now, then, if you two boys don't get away from here at once I'll call the floorwalker and have you arrested." At the time this sudden attack was made upon these poor little waifs I was holding in my hands two of these same musical instruments, trying to decide which of the two kinds I would take.

The larger one of the boys looked up at me with a frightened look, as if to say, "Oh, we didn't mean to steal anything," when I said, "Boys, would you each like one of these harmonicons?" They said nothing, but the look of surprise (gratitude they knew nothing of) when I put one in each boy's dirty little hands I shall not forget to my dying day, and before you could say "Jack Robinson" they were out of the store and out of sight. I turned to the young woman, saying, "I will pay for them," when I noticed the tears in her eyes.

When she finally found her voice she said, "Oh, madam, I am so sorry I spoke as I did." "Well, never mind," I said; "you didn't understand. I am the mother of two boys and know what a boy craves." When she handed me my change and package she said, "I shall never forget this day; it has taught me a lesson."

Tuning Up For Christmas.

With a whirl and a swirl and a terrible roar
It blew in at evening from an arctic shore;
Traffic it blocked and the treacherous street
Glitters and twinkles with silvery sleet.

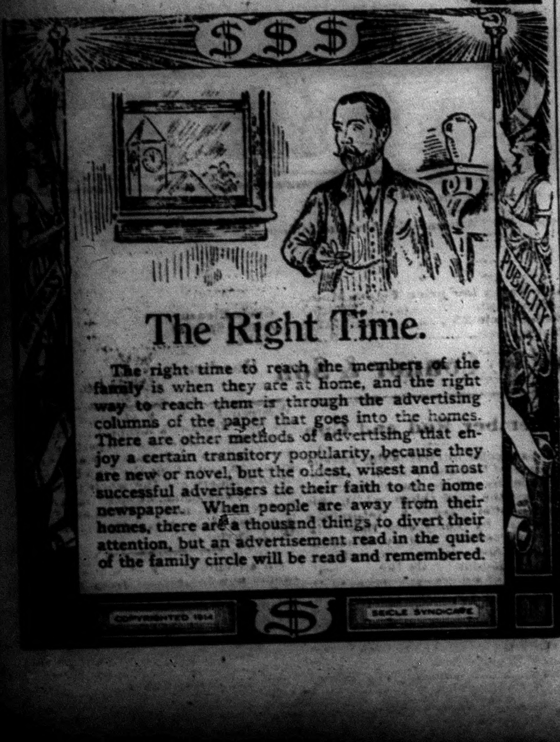
Dolls in armies and soldiers a-plenty
Gifts for kiddies and sweet and twenty,
Gifts for grannies and aunties and dads,
Gifts for using and losing and fads!
Gifts for nurses and chauffeurs and cooks,
Gifts for bookworms, who read all their books!

Gifts for sinners and sneerers and saints,
Tops for spinners and pastels and paints.
Music, mechanical, mirrors or lamps,
Turkeys for orphans and newsboys and tramps.

Gifts that are fluffy and gifts that are grim;
A necklace for Jessie, a scarfpin for Jim.
Full sets of the classics and gleaming gold pieces
Suitable—very—for sweet little nieces.
Calendars, virtuous, witty or wise,
Flowers and bonbons and puddings and pies!

Cynics there be who deride and defy them,
But we, in our dreams, even buy them and tie them!
As ever old winter, with snowdrift and sleet,
Transmutes the whole town into Santa Claus street!

—Elizabeth Newport Hepburn



NEWS FOR SOLDIERS.

"The Canadian Daily Record" Circulated at the Front.

Although the large majority of Canadians are probably unaware of the fact, soldiers of the Dominion Overseas, even those in the trenches in France and Belgium, receive a daily paper filled with news from Canada. This little publication, which is of such immense value to the boys at the front because it contains news of home, is published in London and goes by the name of "The Canadian Daily Record." It is the latest development of the Canadian Military authorities in Canada and overseas to meet the demand of the Dominion's soldiers for news of their own country.

Ever since December, 1915, the military authorities at Ottawa have been trying to furnish the boys at the front with news. At first news cable despatches were sent from Canada to London, where they were printed in intelligence summaries which formed part of the divisional orders. This method proved unsatisfactory because these intelligence summaries did not reach the rank and file, and, moreover, at times pressure of purely military work sometimes crowded out the news. In October, 1916, the plan of printing news bulletins upon small slips of paper which were sent forward to the front through the Canadian postal corps, was adopted. This also proved a poor way of handling the news, because the slips were small, easily lost, and because of their unattractive form, not always read.

Finally, at the beginning of this year, it was decided to publish an interesting daily newspaper under the auspices of the Canadian War Records Office, London, a Government department headed by Lord Beaverbrook. The newspaper started with a modest circulation among units in France and Belgium and camps and hospitals in Great Britain, and was received with enthusiasm and a demand for more copies.

Owing to the appreciation expressed by officers and men, and at the suggestion of Sir George Perley, Sir Edward Kemp, in September, decided to extend the news service from Canada, and for this purpose to establish a news bureau in Ottawa to supply the material for the Canadian Daily Record. Captain William Wallace, M.C., formerly of The Toronto Star, who had been wounded and invalided to Canada, was placed in charge. The Canadian Daily Record now consists of four pages, magazine size, and each issue contains the happenings of the preceding twenty-four hours in Canada. The news is furnished from Ottawa by cable nightly, and through the medium of press clippings and special articles forwarded by mail. The Canadian Press Limited gives access to its news service free of charge. Thanks to the co-operation of the Canadian Army Postal Service, the paper reaches the majority of the units in France on the day of publication, containing news despatched on the previous day. It is hoped to so extend the circulation that every individual member of the Canadian Expeditionary Force can count on seeing the newspaper daily.

In a recent letter, Lord Beaverbrook, the head of the War Records Office, informed Sir Edward Kemp that The Canadian Daily Record had now attracted the attention of the Imperial authorities to such an extent that they might undertake the publication of a small journal along similar lines.

Can Pick Their Wives.

Sir Sam Hughes expressed himself with his customary candor when asked his opinion concerning the organization that is proposed in London for marrying English girls to Canadian soldiers.

"As a part of war organization," he said, "it is an absurdity. It is merely one of the many fads developed by weak people, who wish to be considered as doing something in the war. Why Canada should be burdened with a lot of extra women to maintain just now or why soldiers should be helped to pick wives passes comprehension. Since the V. A. D.'s are wound up, this new fad seems to have developed.

"I don't wish to be misunderstood," said Sir Sam. "Many of the English girls would make admirable wives for anyone, even for Canadian soldiers, but all this kind of thing should be left to the individuals themselves. I have never been afraid to trust in the Canadian soldier to shoot, to fight, and to conduct himself as a gentleman, and I should have no hesitation whatever in trusting him without the aid of any tuft-hunting society to pick for himself a good wife in England or elsewhere."

Punches From Punch.

The following from Punch has something very appropriate for Canada just at present: "Capt. N. Bernier, who has just returned to Quebec, reports that the Eskimos had not heard of the war. We should be the last to worry Lord Northcliffe at present, but it certainly looks as if the Circulation Manager of The Daily Mail has been slacking."

Punch has also found a flaw, above all, in some of our French in Canada. It almost justifies the claim of Quebec in calling it "Francais Torontien," that little and nastiest of reflections on Toronto's scholarship. Punch says, quoting from a Canadian newspaper: "The name of France herself might well be altered to 'Glorieux (Glorieuse) France.'" And then, with the sting in the tail, the Old London Joker adds: "Vive le (la) France."

Making Potash.

A company making Portland cement at Durham, Ontario, is said to be now turning out as a by-product from the feldspar twelve to sixteen tons of potash daily. Feldspar rock is added to the limestone as a raw material for cement, and a process has been evolved for collecting the potash.

Uncle Sam's March King And Great Scotch Singer Aided Our Victory Loan

THE name of John Philip Sousa is known in every part of the world. He has become popular as "the march king," his swinging music being liked wherever the ear of man resounds to martial sounds. Sousa's Band has traveled in every part of the earth. When the United States entered the war, Sousa offered his services to his country. He was too old to become a fighting man, but he volunteered to take charge of Uncle Sam's naval bands. So it comes to pass that Naval Lieut. John Philip Sousa has given up an enormous income to receive the wage paid to a lieutenant in the American navy. He is now in charge of the band of the Great Lakes Naval Training Station of over 300 pieces.

This fact is made all the more interesting to Canadians because Sousa recently brought this great band to Ontario to take part in the Victory Loan Campaign at Windsor, and at the same time Harry Lauder, the Scotch comedian, was present to take part in the effort to recruit cash. At the head of the Windsor procession

JOHN PHILIP SOUSA

was a squad of returned Canadian soldiers. Just behind these strode Lieutenant Sousa and his "band of youth," 300 odd men, everyone of them a musician and a fighter. Then came Lauder's car, containing also Mayor Oscar R. Marx of Detroit, and a reception committee composed of Gordon McGregor, vice-president of the Canadian Ford Motor Company, and Mayors C. R. Tuson of Windsor, E. W. Hoarse of Walkerville, O. H. Montreuil of Ford, E. H. Donnelly of Sandwich, and W. Woollatt of Ojibway. Thousands of school children on the streets sang the songs of America and France, as well as "The Maple Leaf."

Lauder was repeatedly interrupted with cheers, and hundreds of children, grouped around the stage, called him "Harry"—and "Harry" smiled back at them and called them "Angels," and they screamed in delight.

"Oh, you Canadians, how I love and admire you," Lauder said. "You are among the kingly nations of the earth, and you have made it so yourselves by your sacrifices and your patriotism.

"I won't attempt to tell you what you have already done for your country, and for liberty, the grandest word in any language, because you know it all only too well, but may I say just this? You must continue to do as you have been doing. You must work on and on and on, and you must save and put your money into Victory Bonds—help your Government. You must do it, and do it now. To-morrow may be too late."

Lost Arms of Venus.

Miss Florence B. Jack, administrator of the unit of the Scottish Women's Hospital attached to the Serbian army, relates how when visiting the Island of Milo (or Melos) she came across an old woman who claims to be a granddaughter of the man who originally unearthed the famous Venus of Milo, which was found on the island in the early part of the nineteenth century.

According to her, when the statute was found its arms were found with it, though they broke off upon the unearthing of the figure. At first they were carefully preserved, but a dispute arose between her grandfather and some Greeks and Frenchmen in regard to the possession of the Venus, and as a result of the quarrel he took away the arms at dead of night and threw them into the sea.

Whatever may be the truth of this story, theories as to the correct position of the missing arms have given rise to much speculation and controversy between artists and sculptors since that day, and there are no records in existence to give any definite enlightment in this respect.—Pearson's Weekly.

The Marechal Niel Rose.

When General Niel returned from the scene of his achievements in the Franco-Austrian war a poor man gave him a basket of lovely pale-yellow roses. In remembrance of this gift the general had a cutting struck from one of the blooms, and when a charming rose-tree had grown up took the plant to the Empress Eugenie. She was delighted both with the gift and the gallant donor, but was surprised to learn that the rose had no name. "Ah," she said, "I will give it a name; it shall be the Marechal Niel!"—thus informing the gallant soldier of his elevation to the coveted post of Marshal of France.

Alaska Fur Seal Herd.

Tentative estimates of the size of the Alaska fur seal herd have been recently compiled. The figures as given, though they are subject to revision later, show for eight rookeries on St. Paul Island a total of 81,210 live and 1,028 dead pups. Three rookeries of St. George Island gave 2,819 live and 41 dead pups. In these rookeries the average harem was 25.92 cows. This average applied to all rookeries shows 125,712 breeding cows and the same number of pups. The rookery bulls numbered 7,555; yearlings, 76,036; females, two years old, 26,916; bachelors, two to six years old, 92,738; idle bulls, 8,707; an approximate total of 463,374. The pup census could not be entirely completed, owing to the presence of the harem master.

The steamer Roosevelt brought from Alaska during August a total of 4,882 salted seal skins. Those from St. George 2,059 in number, were carried in bulk, covered with salt, and came through in good condition.

Imperial Titles Urged.

Apropos of the recent change in the Royal titles a correspondent of The Morning Post suggests that the younger sons of the King should take some Imperial designation for life, Ontario, Quebec, Nova Scotia, etc., might very euphoniously and advantageously emphasize the common heritage of the Empire.

A Copper Country.

British Columbia is becoming one of the world's leading copper producers. Production is showing rapid strides. In 1915 the increase in amount was 11,908,706 pounds over the previous year. For 1916 there was a still further increase over 1915 of about 17,000,000 pounds. The estimate for 1917 is 73,000,000 pounds.

Use of Concrete.

Many large structures are now being built entirely of concrete, or their foundations are composed of this useful material, necessitating the mixing and placing of very large amounts of other material.

Iron in British Columbia.

It is estimated that there are 40,225,000,000 tons of the best iron ore in British Columbia; these resources have scarcely been touched yet.

Apples for England.

During recent years the exports of Canadian apples to the United Kingdom have totalled about 1,500,000 barrels per annum.

Butter Paper

You will be requiring some of this from now on. Why not leave your order now. Printed in quantities of 500 sheets, also plain.

25 Sheets, plain - 5 Cents.
500 " printed - $2.75

REVIEW OFFICE

Great Christmas Sale

At this time of year everybody is thinking over the perplexing problem "What shall I give this Christmas?" Our lines are so many and varied that you will experience no difficulty in selecting an appropriate gift for any friend or relation that you may wish to remember. Here are a few of the many lines that will serve as suitable gifts for most anyone:

Felt Boots, Moccasins, Overshoes high and low, Cozy Slippers for every member of the family. Boots and Rubbers for young and old. Sets of Furs from $5.00 up to $90.00; Muffs and Stoles sold separate if you wish. 10 pr. womens $10 high top Boots, sale price $7.85. Sewing Machines on sale from $15 up. Victrolas and Talking Machines from $21 up. How about that Heintzman Piano? Get your order in at once so that you may have it in your home for Xmas. Club Bags, Suit Cases and Trunks for all those who wish to travel. A few Winter Coats, both fur and cloth, to clear at a bargain. Come early and get first choice of anything.

A. KINCAID

Nyal Face Cream

Every woman welcomes the time of social functions. Nyal's Face Cream predominates in quality, and its distinctive fragrance and soothing softness appeals to women everywhere. That's why it sells and repeats. 25c and 50c jars.

Rierdon's Red Cross Drug Store

PHONE 73 **MADOC**

Christmas Suggestions

Let us help you solve the problem of what to give for Christmas. Come in and see our stock of Felt Boots, Hockey Boots, Slippers, Spats and Moccasins. Fine boots for all the family.

G. C. MOON

MADOC, DECEMBER 20, 1917

Former Resident Dies as War Prisoner

The following is taken from the Saskatoon Daily Star and refers to a former resident of Madoc :

J. A. McConnell, of 427 Ninth street, Saskatoon, has received word from the Director of Records that Lieutenant Clifford McConnell, previously reported wounded and missing, is now officially reported to have died of wounds while a prisoner of war on August 18, 1917.

Lt. McConnell, who graduated in Arts from the University in the spring of 1916, left Saskatoon with the 196th Battalion and had been in France since last May. He was wounded and taken prisoner on August 16, and no further word had been received until the official telegram, dated December 4, arrived and informed his parents that he had died two days after being taken prisoner.

Besides his parents, there are left to mourn his loss two brothers, Howard and Douglas McConnell, barristers of Saskatoon and Biggar, and two sisters, Mrs. DeWitt Fletcher and Mrs. J. W. Pratt, of Vanscoy.

—Corrugated boxes for sending to the soldiers, 2 sizes, 8c. and 15c. at Review Office.

Youngest Barrister in Alberta

Some of our Review readers may appreciate hearing of another old Madoc boy, Harry A. White, coming forward in the professional world. He is a self-made man and in his twenty-fourth year. We find in the Edmonton Bulletin the following account of him :

Harry A. White, B.A., LL.B., was on Wednesday admitted to the Alberta bar by Mr. Justice Walsh. Mr. White is the youngest barrister in Alberta to-day took charge of the defense in a Supreme Court action immediately after his admission to the bar. The case was that of John Slivinski vs. Peter Kotelko et al.

This is the only incident of its kind in the annals of the Alberta bar. In congratulating Mr. White Mr. Justice Walsh remarked that it was seldom that a man was admitted to the bar as a barrister and as a solicitor at the same time.

Mr. White was introduced by Frank Ford, K.C., and the oath was administered by George Henderson McLeod of the Supreme Court.

—The Shoe Journal's advocate a record Christmas Footwear trade this season. The great demand for women's and children's Leggings and Spats is very apparent, also in Felts, Slippers and Moccasins. The Ludbrook Shoe Store will be pleased to cater to your requirements. Shop early.

CHRISTMAS!

The Best Christmas Gift is something to wear.

This store now presents a fascinating exhibition of those things which men and boys would buy for themselves and associate with the spirit of Christmas.

See our full line of

NEW TIES 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00
NEW SHIRTS $1.00, 1.25, 1.50, 2.00
NEW SWEATERS $2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 7.00
NEW SCARFS 75c, $1.00, 1.50, 2.0o
NEW GLOVES 1.oo, 1.5o, 1.75, 2.oo, 3.oo
New Cuff Buttons, Handkerchiefs, Sleeve Holders and New Caps.

THE GIFT STORE FOR MEN

GEORGE WEST
Gentlemen's Furnisher

FOOTWEAR

IS BEST CHRISTMAS GIFT OF ALL

An "Empress" design. "Empress" is the name given to shoes that are designed to assist people in walking as they were born to walk. A study of the above and other styles we have will help to make contented women.

MAKE YOUR DOLLARS TELL THIS SEASON. Buy practical useful gifts for "her"---A beautiful pair of Empress Boots, a pair of Spats in black, white, grey or brown; Felt Lined Boots or Hockey Boots, Bedroom Slippers, Moccasins, Overshoes; a Suit Case, a Trunk or a Camera.

FOR "HIM"---A pair of Cushion Sole Boots, a pair of all-felt Cozy Slippers, Hockey Boots, Arctic Overshoes or Moccasins.

Shop Now and get a full choice in size, style size and quality. No trouble to display our goods. **Come Now**

THE LUDBROOK SHOE STORE

SHOP NOW !!!!

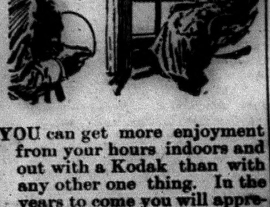
Seasons Greetings

We wish all our customers and friends a Happy Christmas.

Many of our homes have been made sad by the sacrifice their loved ones are making or have made on the battlefields of Flanders.

One of the members of this firm is sacrificing his life, and his last message was—that we convey to his friends his kindest regards and best wishes for their future welfare.

Vandervoort Bros
M. Vandervoort, Mgr.
Phone 60 r2
Eldorado, Ont.



YOU can get more enjoyment from your hours indoors and out with a Kodak than with any other one thing. In the years to come you will appreciate having the pictures your Kodak takes today. Kodak makes it possible for you to keep an authentic record of interesting events and, still more interesting, people.

Kodaks $8 up.
Brownies $1.75 up.

Geo. F. Maybee
Jeweler and Optician

Automobile Figure, Aluminum Top	[illegible]
" Waltz " "	[illegible]
Model "D" Automobile, Aluminum Top	[illegible]
" "C" " " "	[illegible]
" "T" " Tube	[illegible]
" "B" "	[illegible]
" "A" "	[illegible]
Auto Fancy low price (Figure Model)	[illegible]

Ladies' Auto	[illegible]	Cycle Pleasure	[illegible]
Model Cycle 25	3.25	Arctic Special	[illegible]
Pastime	3.25	Yukon	1.75

M. W. Connor & Son Hardware
Phone 8, Madoc

December Rod and Gun

Of particular interest is the December issue of Rod and Gun in Canada, which is already on the news-stand. Amongst the good things which this number offers are "A Naturalist's Christmas" by Bonnycastle Dale; "In The Sky Pastures," a story of mountain goats and cougars in the Selkirks, by H. C. Haddon; "My Bob," a realistic story of a dog's experiences with his master on the firing line, by Vincent Perry; "The Jumper," a New Brunswick guide's story of the French river drivers of that Province, by Leslie Marvin Hayward; etc., etc. The Kennel department this month contains the list of awards given at the Western Dog Show at London and the New Brunswick Kennel Club Show at St. John. The other departments, notably, Fishing Notes, Guns and Ammunition, and Along the Trap Lines are up to standard and the whole [illegible] one that any Canadian sportsman [illegible] find of special interest. Rod and Gun is published at Woodstock, Ont. by W. J. Taylor.

On account of lack of tonnage eggs cannot now be shipped from Canada to England. There is said to be 4,[illegible] 000 dozen of eggs in cold storage and these will be placed on the Canadian market for immediate consumption.

—Waxed paper for wrapping parcels to soldiers can be had at the Review office for 5c. a package

Vinol Our delicious Cod Liver, Beef, Peptone and Iron Tonic.

It will build you up and create strength. $1.04 a bottle.

Vince's Drug Store

The Rexall Store.

CHRISTMAS GOODS

OUR LINES OF BLOUSES, SWEATERS, JABOTS, COLLARS, HANDKERCHIEFS, WOOL SETS, UNDERWEAR, HOSIERY, GLOVES, FANCY GOODS, SUITS, COATS, DRESSES, AND SKIRTS, MAKE THE MOST USEFUL GIFTS FOR CHRISTMAS.

Everything in Ladies' Wear

Fred Curry

HOME NEWS

Mr. Frank Bouck spent Tuesday and Wednesday in Bancroft.

—Madoc Methodist Christmas Tree and Concert on Friday, December 21st.

Mr. John Brown, of Bowsman, Man., is renewing acquaintances in town.

—Eavetroughing and Job Work at G. A. Rollins'.

Peterboro county and city participated in the Victory Loan to the amount of $1,746,600.

Miss Luella Harrison of Toronto University is spending the Xmas holidays at her home here.

—Meat Supper I.O.D.E. tea rooms Saturday afternoon.

Rev. W. B. Tucker has been called to Toronto on account of the death of his mother which occurred Tuesday.

Miss Minnie Nixon, who has been visiting relatives in Buffalo for the past two months, has returned home.

—The Executive of the Women's Institute are asked to meet at the home of Mrs. John Whytock on Saturday next at 3 o'clock.

—Xmas Cards and Booklets 1 cent up, also Christmas Papetries at the Review Office.

Havelock citizens took $31,300 of the Victory Loan and Belmont residents $20,700, making a combined total of $52,000.

—Mr. Percy Nayler has granted power of attorney to his father, Mr. J. Nayler, to collect all debts owing the firm as Percy has enlisted. 51-3p

Mr. and Mrs. Mawson, of Langdon, Sask., after an absence of 22 years, have returned to Madoc to visit their sister, Mrs. Chas. Hart.

—Typewriter Ribbons for $2.25 at the Review Office.

Bancroft Times :—Mr. F. Baalim, barrister, of Madoc, was in town this week. Mr. Baalim is contemplating opening a law office here after the first of the year.

—Box Social, S. S. No. 17, Jarvis Settlement, December 21st, at 7.30 p. m. Proceeds in aid of Red Cross.

—See the beautiful display of women's, men's, girls' Spats and Leggings before buying your Christmas gift for your wife, sister or mother. Shop early at the Ludbrook Shoe Store.

A memorial service for the late Pte. Robert John Nickle, son of Mr. and Mrs. John D. Nickle, will be held in the Union Church, Eldorado, on Sunday, December 23rd, at 2.30 p.m.

—Buy your friends a box of Note Paper for Christmas at the Review Office.

—Carbon Paper, 1c. and 5c. a sheet at the Review Office.

Isaac Moore, 75 years of age, a former native of Queensboro, died Monday in Thurlow of senile decay. He was a farmer and unmarried. His remains were shipped to Queensboro for interment.

—Moore's non-leakable Fountain Pen's, $2.50 up at Review Office.

—The regular meeting for December of the Madoc Women's Institute will be held in the Guild Pooms (across the hall from D. E. K. Stewart's office) on Friday, Dec. 28 at 3 p.m. The report of the delegate to the Toronto Convention will be given then.

—A good assortment of Moccasins, men's, women's and children's Slippers in good variety, all Felt Boots, Overshoes and Hockey Boots. These are good useful gifts. Include our store in your Christmas buying and buy now. Ludbrook Studio.

Services on the Bannockburn Mission will be held as follows on Sunday, 23rd inst :—Glanmire 10.30, Millbridge 2, Bannockburn 3.30, Queensboro 7. Christmas Day, Bannockburn, Holy Communion 8 a.m., regular service at 7.30 p. m., Queensboro 10.30, Holy Communion.

—Annual Oyster Supper of L. O. L., No. 253, will be held New Year's night in Orange Hall, Cooper. Admission 50c. or $1 a couple. Proceeds in aid of Red Cross. 50-3

The Madoc Halifax Relief Fund yesterday remitted $750 in cash for the sufferers after receiving a reply to enquiry whether goods or cash was most desirable. The teams that have not yet handed in their returns will leave the balance of sums collected and their lists with the manager of the Bank of Commerce.

—The Anglican church, Bannockburn, intend holding a Christmas Tree and Entertainment in hall on the 24th inst. Sunday School children free. Admission for all others 15c.

Mr. J. A. Dwyer, who was in Madoc this week, relates that while he, with some other men, were digging a well at McGary Flats last June, they unearthed an immense egg which was buried in the sand at a depth of 33 feet and which measured 19 inches in length. They laid the egg on the sand and discovered when they returned from dinner that it had hatched a bird of an unknown species. The bird was tethered near the spot where it thrived and grew very rapidly, and at the present time Mr. Dwyer says it weighs 253 lbs., and that Government officials who have examined it have been unable to name the species. The bird is now on exhibition in Game Warden McCaw's shop, Bancroft.

—Don't fail to hear the recital given by Mrs. Pincott (nee Miss Jennie O'Hara), Miss A. O'Hara and Miss Preston in the Methodist church on Friday, December 28, at 8 p.m. Admission 35c. Proceeds for I.O.D.E.

—McCormick and Deering Repairs at G. A. Rollins'.

Twice over.---Once for the buyer, who, seeing and enjoying all of our beautiful display, finds just the right article; and once again for the lucky person who receives it. Whatever your needs, come and let us show you a variety of beautiful presents that will at once appeal to you as "just the thing." The following list of gift suggestions will help you make a selection.

Wrist Watches	Tie Clasps	Pendants
Cut Glass Ware	Ebony Brushes	Cuff Links
Silver Hollow-ware	Lockets	Kodaks
La Valieries	Manicure Sets	Safety Razors
Bracelets	Brooches	Scarf Pins
Chains	Knives and Forks	Toilet Articles
Rings	Tea Spoons	Watches
Fobs	Dessert Sets	Clocds
Fountain Pens	Tea Sets	Photo Albums
Lodge Emblems	China Vases	Fine China
Silver Mesh Bags	Earings	Candlesticks
Beauty Pins	Ebony Mirrors	Signet Rings

We have just what you want in presents for young and old. Come in and let us show you beautiful presents that are useful, patriotic and appropriate. We have just the right thing for anyone you may wish to remember.

Geo. F. Maybee Jeweler and Optician.

Our Entire Store

Presents attractions pulsating with the Christmas sentiment, and appeals to your gift-giving propensities. Our buyer recently visited Saint Nicholas' storehouse, with the result that after careful and considerate search, a good, big supply of useful articles; all having old Santa's trade mark, is here awaiting your inspection and choice. Limited space prevents enumeration of the entire list. Suffice to say, there's hundreds, yes hundreds of articles suitable for Christmas presents for every member of the family. Make your plans to visit this store as often as you can during the remaining days before Christmas. Visit the store in the forenoon if you can. Come any time, it will be to your advantage. You will find us ever ready to serve and treat you well.

Attractive Toys for the Children

A full range of iron toy Autos, Horses and Carts, Drums, Banks, Shoofly Rockers, Doll Carriages, etc., all prices.

Big assortment of GAMES from 5c up.

DOLLS—All the latest novelties from dolldom. Baby dolls that go to sleep and waken at their wee nurse's command. All prices from 25c up.

Books

Children's Linen Books with beautiful colored pictures, each 15c.

Children's limp covered picture books, good assortment, each 5c and 15c.

Well-known and immensely popular novels in good cloth bindings. The list includes some of best titles and authors. We have the Red Cross girls' books in this edition. Each 50c.

Christmas Post Cards, 12 for 10c.

Christmas Booklets (beautifully designed 5c.

Handkerchiefs

The new colored corner designs. Colored one corner embroidered Handkerchiefs in dozens and dozens of fascinating designs. Each 15c.

For the Kiddies. Boxes of kiddies' handkerchiefs in a number of cunning designs, per box 15c.

Khaki Handkerchiefs, a nice Christmasy gift for our soldier boys. Two for 25c.

Also some fine embroidered Handkerchiefs in boxes, some in colors and some plain white, a number of dainty designs, per box 50c and 75c.

The Xmas Blouses were never smarter or more acceptable. You should be able to find just what you want at the price you will like to pay.

Boudoir Caps

Daintily made and in all the shades. Prices 15c, 25c, 50c and $1.00.

Note Paper

For the Kiddies, in good quality linen finish. Just the thing to write to "daddy" or "mother" or your little friend on the box.

For grown ups—in the popular linen finish, beautiful colored bo[xes] 15c and 25c.

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Only Thomas A. Edison could conceive of a sound recording instrument before it was actually invented. Only Thomas A. Edison could perfect the phonograph as the Edison 1918 model has been perfected. Only Thomas A. Edison could appreciate the inestimable value of the permanent diamond point, but everyone can appreciate the perfection with which music is reproduced by the latest Edison triumph—

The NEW EDISON DIAMOND AMBEROLA

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With the Edison Blue Amberol Records, there is no thin, metallic twang, such as you hear from talking machines. The tone is smooth and round—the melody rich and mellow, and you have your choice of over 3,000 different selections. Perhaps this list may help you in making up a list of records you like:

HEART SONGS—Blue Bells of Scotland; Old Black Joe; O! Lovely Night; Heart Bowed Down.

SACRED — Lead, Kindly Light—Christians, Awake—Nearer My God To Thee.

BALLADS — Love's Own Sweet Song—Vacant Chair—Star of My Soul—My Old Kentucky Home.

BANDS — Medley of War Songs—Nights of Gladness Waltz—Peer Gynt Suite—Rienzi Overture.

MARCHES—March of the Cameron Men—Gladiator—Coronation—Messenger Boy.

INSTRUMENTAL—Mother Macree (Violin)—Premier Polka (Cornet)—Prettiest Little Song (Bells)—Stradella Overture (Accordion)—Kiss Waltz (Saxophone)—Omena (Banjo).

VAUDEVILLE—Uncle Josh Keeps House—Seated Around an Oil Stove—Darky School Days.

QUARTETS — Sally in Our Alley—Glory Song—Winter Song—Lohengrin Bridal Chorus.

DANCING—La Confession Waltz—Kangaroo Hop Fox Trot—Love is So Fickle Hesitation — Meadowbrook Fox Trot—Over The Waves Waltz—Tickle Toes One-Step—Little Pep One-Step.

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JUST suppose this community were left without a local newspaper! What would become of its local pride? Men and women might die, or marry, or go away, or suffer accident, or entertain friends, and you would hear about it all only through gossip. Farm sales and other announcements of interest in this particular part of Canada would have no publicity. Our local merchants would have no quick and cheap way of telling you what they provide for you. Our churches, schools and other institutions would have no medium of news or appeal.

The point is this:—If you kick against the subscription price, $1.50 per year, and drop your subscription, you say in effect: "This community doesn't need a local weekly." If you continue to take it, but "forget" to send or hand in the price, you do even worse.

BE LOYAL TO AND PROUD OF THE COMMUNITY YOU LIVE IN, KEEP IT ON THE MAP AND ITS NAME BEFORE THE REST OF THE COUNTRY, BY SUPPORTING YOUR LOCAL NEWSPAPER,—THE REVIEW.

The SKY PIRATE

by GARRETT P. SERVISS.

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CHAPTER III.

TEN MILLION DOLLARS RANSOM.

MR. GRAYMAN on the morning after the events already described waited long at the breakfast table, and at last, growing impatient, he sent to his daughter's room. It was empty! So the servant reported.

"Empty!" Mr. Grayman exclaimed. "What do you mean?"

"Miss Helen is not there, and her bed has not been occupied. We can find no trace of her or of Susan."

Mr. Grayman could not believe his ears. He was of a choleric temperament, except in business.

"You idiot!" he said, brushing the girl aside. "I'll go myself and see."

He ascended to his daughter's apartments. In a few minutes he had convinced himself of the truth of the incredible report. Miss Grayman was not to be found, and neither her bed nor Susan's had been disturbed. He was absolutely stunned. His daughter, although of a romantic disposition, was most regular in her habits, and she had seldom spent a night out of the house when he was in it. He treasured her as the apple of his eye. She formed the only bond between him and the world of sentiment. He never suffered her to be long out of his sight. In summer they went together to one of his country places, or to the mountains, or the seaside, or sometimes to Europe. That she should vanish out of his own house, from under his very eyes, was a thing beyond all possibility of belief. It simply could not be so. And yet it was so.

After the first half paralyzing shock produced by this tremendous fact Mr. Grayman became angry. He abused the servants who flocked, wondering, around Miss Grayman's door. When the housekeeper appeared, bustling to the rescue with an imaginary explanation of the disappearance half uttered on her lips, he lost all patience and chased her downstairs. Mr. Grayman, the great billionaire, noted for his coolness and his nerve, had almost gone mad. He had met his first check in thirty years and in a form that he could not endure.

The occurrence was so unprecedented that he could not think connectedly about it or about what to do. The butler was more clear headed than his master.

"I think it will be necessary to send for the police, sir," he suggested

"The police!" cried Mr. Grayman. "What have they got to do with it? What do the police know about my daughter?"

"But—but, sir," stammered the man, "she may—she may have been carried off."

"Carried off! Who would carry her off, you fool? Who could carry her off here?"

"I don't know, sir. But she wouldn't have gone of herself, would she, sir?"

At this one of the maids, in whose hard, practical brain the butler's remark had struck the spark of an idea, said in an undertone to a companion:

"Could it have been that Lord Darnley? He was always hanging around her."

Mr. Grayman's ear caught the words. Now, this was something which might have been expected to anger him—the suggestion that his daughter would elope. But instead it simply shocked his mind back into a normal state. In an instant he had become master of himself and of the situation.

"Go about your duties," he said quietly in his ordinary tones. "We are making trouble about nothing. I had really forgotten what my daughter told me last night. I have been so overpressed with business that it escaped me. She has not disappeared. I know where she is. It was only my forgetfulness. Think no more about it."

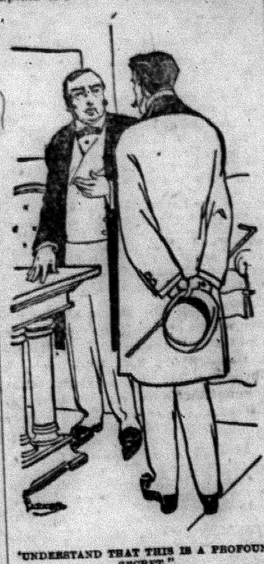
This was again the William Grayman who knew how to make billions. In a flash he had reached his decision. If his daughter had run away at the instigation of one of her suitors—a thing he did not yet believe—it was absolutely essential that the fact should be suppressed, at least until he knew all the circumstances. The idea of a forcible abduction did not occur to him. It would have appeared to his mind too absurd to be entertained.

Still, he felt that he needed the aid of the police, as the butler had suggested, but it must be secret aid. It must never be known—least of all to his servants. He, of course, had the means of securing secrecy, at least as far as secrecy is humanly possible, for money can shut as well as open all mouths. A million dollars would be a bagatelle to William Grayman if it guarded his family from scandal.

His mind was made up as to the action that he should take. In his ordinary manner, at his usual hour, he summoned his wits. Before leaving the house he called for the housekeeper.

"I was a little rude in my excitement this morning," he said to her, "and it was all so absurd. It was due to my forgetfulness, inspired by intense application to business. My daughter may be absent some time. She went away quietly with Susan last night to stay with some friends out of town, but her absences are so infrequent and I am so accustomed to seeing her at the breakfast table that the fact really slipped my mind in the midst of so many cares, and I made a useless scene, which I regret."

Grayman was almost a match for Captain Alfonso Payton in the perfection of his dissimulation, and the housekeeper solemnly accepted his statement.



"UNDERSTAND THAT THIS IS A PROFOUND SECRET."

Mr. Grayman rode to his office and immediately summoned Police Commissioner Braman by telephone. That official did not think it beneath his dignity instantly to answer a call to the office of William Grayman, a call that came from the billionaire himself.

When the commissioner arrived Grayman took him into his innermost sanctum and immediately astonished him beyond measure.

"Commissioner," he said, "my daughter disappeared last night from my house, and I want you to find out what has become of her."

The commissioner caught his breath.

"Your daughter? Disappeared!" he gasped.

"Stop a moment!" said Grayman. "Understand that this is a profound secret and must remain so. I will make it worth your while to shut the mouth of every detective that you employ. No questions must be asked of the servants that could possibly lead them to suspect that an inquiry is on foot. They think that my daughter has gone away on a visit. You can draw on me for any amount at any time until the girl is found. Now, listen."

And Grayman proceeded to tell the story of the morning. When he had finished he asked in his blunt, autocratic way:

"Now, tell me what you will do. What is your plan?"

The commissioner begged for a little time to think it over.

"I can have no plan yet," he said, "but I'll find one. With your permission I'll send a confidential man to your house and get a basis for further action."

"Very well," said Grayman; "let it be done. But remember my restriction. Not a word must escape anywhere—not a single word or hint."

The chief promised the most absolute secrecy and, with great perturbation of mind, returned in all haste to headquarters.

When Mr. Grayman was left alone his self command relaxed. His daughter was dearer to him than his fortune. He could not drive the agonizing thought of her strange disappearance from his mind. It unmanned him. He refused all callers, pretending to be too busy to see any one. It was the most uncomfortable morning he had ever spent.

Toward noon the wireless telephone bell in his sanctum rang sharply. Only his exclusive intimates ever called him up here. The apparatus was reserved for the secrets of high finance—secrets that could be intrusted only to soundless ether. He put the receiver to his ear.

"Hello!" came a voice that he did not recognize. "Reply undirected."

This meant that Grayman should respond with a "hello" sent out by undirected waves, radiating on all sides, so that they would reach the original speaker whatever his location might be. This, as those who are familiar with the early history of wireless telegraphy know, was at first the only way in which messages could be sent, and many years were spent in fruitless efforts to direct them to definite places and thus prevent them from being picked up by Tom, Dick or Harry at all points of the compass. Fortunately all that, even at the time of which I am writing, had been completely mastered, although the original method was still occasionally employed for special purposes, as in the present case. So complete, indeed, was the solution of the problem that wireless telegraph and telephone messages had already become as exclusive as by the ancient telegraph system. Each subscriber, as at the present day, had his syntonized instrument, duly numbered, which responded only to a limited set of waves, which might be compared with the characteristic spectral lines of a chemical substance, no confusion being possible. At need any receiver can be thrown open to take undirected and unsyntonized messages.

Accordingly Mr. Grayman, although greatly surprised that any of his confidential correspondents should summon him thus, replied in the manner indicated:

"Hello! What do you want?"

"William Grayman?" came the response, interrogatively inflected.

"Yes."

"Himself—in person?"

"Yes."

"Very good. In the air."

This last phrase may also need a word of explanation. It is used to indicate that the interlocutor is afloat and that he either does not know or does not take the trouble to designate his position in the atmosphere by reference to some known point on the earth's surface.

"Who is it?" demanded Mr. Grayman.

"Captain Alfonso Payton."

"Who? I don't know such a person. Who are you? I can't bother"—

"I am afraid, Mr. Grayman," interrupted the voice, "that you confine your attention a little too exclusively to the financial columns of the newspapers if you don't recognize my name. Yet I might well figure in them also. My transactions are frequently large enough, as you are going to find out. Most people know me as the sky pirate."

"What nonsense is this?" exclaimed Mr. Grayman impatiently. "How have you dared"—

"No nonsense at all, Mr. Grayman," the voice again interrupted, "and as for daring, listen. I took your daughter Helen from your house last night, and she, with her maid Susan, are here on my aero, the Chameleon."

Grayman's heart nearly stopped beating.

"What? What is that?" he exclaimed

"I have your daughter in my custody," the voice responded with distinct deliberation. "She is in no danger of any kind and will be in none provided that you accede promptly to the terms which I am going to give you. If you do not you will never see her again."

There was a cold, self confident, convincing tone to the voice that sent a shiver through the billionaire's nerves. He wiped the cold sweat from his brow with one hand, while with the other he clung to the receiver and pressed it to his ear. The strange voice went on, for he was incapable for the moment of interruption or reply:

"If you meet my demand she will that would break me, or do you think that my daughter is not worth it?"

Mr. Grayman's irritation arose from the remembrance of Payton's insolent tones as he had made the demand, and the commissioner winced at his angry glance. Then he begged pardon, explaining that such sums were unusual in his arithmetic. Mr. Grayman was mollified and proceeded to tell the story of the conversation by wireless.

"And now I think we've got him," he wound up.

"I'm not so sure," replied the commissioner, who had recovered his aplomb. "Alfonso Payton is the skillfulest crook alive. He gave you 'in the air' for location and told you to respond 'undirected,' didn't he?"

"He did."

"Well, he always does. You see, this wireless telegraph and telephone business is an enormously powerful lever in his hands. In former times kidnapers had to write letters, and letters can be traced, but Payton carries his victims off in a swift aero that nobody has ever been able to follow—a perfect witch of a thing, according to all reports—and then he talks ransom with their friends from heaven knows where. He leaves no track and no clews in the air. I've never had to deal with him myself, for this is the first time that he has ventured into New York, but I've heard all about him from different parts of the country."

"He gave me a precise address where to meet him," said Grayman.

"And do you think you'll catch him there?"

"How can he hope to get the money if he doesn't meet me?"

"Ah, I see that you are not up to the tricks of these crooks. Payton will watch the place from his aero like a hawk. If he sees any signs of a trap you might as well try to catch a bird by putting salt on its tail."

"What then? Would you have me tamely pay over $10,000,000 and not try to catch the wretch?"

"I don't say that," the commissioner responded thoughtfully. "But if it were an ordinary sum I might."

"Humph!" exclaimed Mr. Grayman. "Then you won't try to help me?"

"On the contrary, I will. But we have got to go to work with extreme caution."

"Tell me your plan, then."

"I've got no plan yet. It needs thinking over."

"Think quick, then, and you can name your price if you show me a way to get this infamous reprobate into my power. But before and above all I must have my daughter safe in my hands."

"That's just the difficulty. You have two days, you say. Tribes Hill is within four hours' journey by rail from New York. Give me until tomorrow to arrange my plan."

Mr. Grayman curbed his impatience and assented.

"Remember, absolute secrecy," he said.

"I shall remember," the commissioner replied. "Expect me tomorrow at noon, and if human ingenuity can trap Alfonso Payton I shall have him under lock and key within forty-eight hours."

(To be Continued)

"WHERE ARE YOU."

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Any woman who buys a bottle of Vinol for a weak, run-down, nervous condition and finds after giving it a fair trial it did not help her, will have her money returned.

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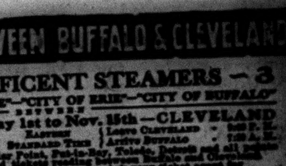


FARE $3.50

"A Visit From St. Nicholas"

WHAT is the best known poem in the world? Not Gray's "Elegy," nor "The Song of the Shirt," nor "The Raven," but "The Night Before Christmas." The author is not so well known as his poem.

One recent Christmas the name of Clement Clarke Moore was honored as never before. Above his grave in the chapel of Holy Trinity cemetery, New York, the choir boys sang carols on the night before Christmas, and a service of light was held. This beautiful ceremonial starts with a procession of torchbearers whose torches are kindled from the leader's flame, and as the line winds through the graveyard the fire is passed back from one to another until the lights grow in number and dispel the surrounding darkness.

The father of Clement Clarke Moore was once the bishop of New York.

"The Night Before Christmas" was published originally without the author's knowledge in the Troy Sentinel two days before Christmas, 1823. Moore had written it the preceding Christmas just for the delight of his own children, but its circulation slipped beyond the family circle, and an unknown friend sent it for publication. The Sentinel readers paid no attention to it, and it passed without comment until seven years later, when the same paper reprinted it. The second reception was very different from the first. "A Visit From St. Nicholas," as it was then entitled, was copied broadcast, and its author awoke to find his work, if not himself, famous.

Although Clement Clarke Moore was educated for the ministry, he never took orders. For the greater part of his life he was identified with the New York General Theological seminary, being professor of Biblical learning and Greek and later of oriental languages.

Clement Moore's family life had many sorrows. His wife died at the early age of thirty-five, and the two little daughters, for whom he wrote "The Night Before Christmas," both died in their childhood. His son and namesake lived to the age of sixty-eight and is buried in the family plot.

When "The Night Before Christmas" was first published in the Troy Sentinel the editor wrote:

"We do not know to whom we are indebted for the following description

The "Service of Light."

of that unwearied patron of children, that homely but delightful personification of parental kindness, Santa Claus, his custom and his equipage, as he goes about visiting the firesides of this happy land, laden with Christmas bounties, but from whomsoever it may have come we give thanks for it. There is to our apprehension a spirit of cordial goodness in it, a playfulness as of fancy and a benevolent alacrity to enter into the feelings and promote the simple pleasures of children which are altogether charming. We hope our little patrons, both lads and lassies, will accept it as a proof of our unfeigned good will toward them, a token of our warmest wish that they may have many a merry Christmas; that they may long retain their beautiful relish for those unbought, home bred joys, which derive their flavor from filial piety and fraternal love and which, they may be assured, are the least alloyed that time can furnish them."—

Christmas Song.

Oh, Christmas is a happy time,
When human hearts are light
And human hate have vanished
And all the world looks bright!

And Christmas is a solemn time,
For back long, long ago,
Christ was born to give the world
The joy that we now know.

[illegible]

Brazil Gives Strength To Cause of the Allies Among Latin Republics

BRAZIL was the eighteenth nation to declare war on Germany. Her actual entry into the conflict, after much hesitation, has been hailed with wide satisfaction, not so much because of what she can do as a combatant—though that is by no means negligible—but rather for its moral effect and the example set to other South American countries.

Brazil's action was not hurried; she went in because she could no longer stay out, just as the United States did. And she speaks for the southern hemisphere as the United States speaks for the north. The New York Times said:

"Brazil is as pacific as we are, and was as reluctant to enter the war. The abstract question of the nature of the war was settled for Europe when we entered it. So, too, Brazil has settled the question of our disinterestedness and the accuracy in speaking for the American hemisphere. She enters the war, as we did, because she must. It is necessary for the salvation of freedom on the western continents."

The World noted in comment on Brazil's declaration that "one by one the former neutral nations in every quarter of the globe have ranged themselves against the common enemy. By universal verdict Prussianism has been sentenced to death."

One remarkable feature of Brazil's attitude is emphasized by The Philadelphia Inquirer, which said, in recording the plan to send a Brazilian commission to confer with the Washington authorities, that Brazil would ask for no loan from the United States, adding—

"This is as unexpected as it is agreeable. The hat has been handed Uncle Sam so often that he is getting used to it. If Brazil really needed money she could have it. South Americans feel assured that going into war will be the cause of a new awakening of public spirit in Brazil."

Brazil includes nearly half the territory and about half the population of South America. Her resources, though but partially developed, are enormous. In an interesting article by Admiral Bemfim published in The Philadelphia Ledger, it is asserted that while her efficient trained forces are now only about 150,000 men, she could raise a force of 1,785,000 for her army. But her contribution will rather be in food, lumber, and other supplies. The St. Louis Post Despatch summed it up under the caption, "Bully for Brazil," as follows:

"Brazil can do much toward pushing the war to a successful conclusion. With forests whose area is one-third that of Europe, she can supply timber to build ships, and wood to eke out the coal supply of the Allies. She can furnish rubber in abundance, many necessary drugs and dyes. She has ores and sulphur. Her cotton, coffee, and sugar production are already great and can be expanded. She can help feed the forces of democracy. Ranking second among the South American republics commercially, with an estimated population of 25,000,000, Brazil's accession to the Allied ranks will certainly have weight even with German statesmen who have hitherto been defiant."

The Monks and the Silkworm.

About the year 552 two Persian monks stole furtively out of China with scanty luggage, but treasuring an ordinary bamboo cane. They set out on foot and made their way from China into Europe. In that cane were a multitude of the eggs of the silkworm moth, which the monks had stolen. They carried them to Constantinople.

When the time came for the hatching of the eggs the monks tended the little caterpillars, fed them on the leaves of the mulberry, took their cocoons when they spun, and from them derived the first silk produced in Europe. Silk had for centuries before been a treasure of China, and its manufacture, like the insects which produced it, was jealously guarded. The monks, while on a missionary enterprise to China, had witnessed the whole process of silkworm-rearing and the manufacture of silk.

THE LATE GLEN CAMPBELL.

Notable Westerner Who Died Serving His Country.

In stature and personal characteristics, Colonel Campbell was typical of the finer class of pioneer frontiersmen, and his tall, picturesque figure was familiar to the people of Winnipeg. He was a magnificent horseman, a splendid rifle shot, and a man who did not know what fear was and withal was a man of generous impulses, a hard fighter, but quick to forget and forgive.

The death of Lieut.-Colonel Glen Lyon Archibald Campbell removes another of the few remaining men typical of the pioneer days of the west. Born in the west, when the country was still given over to the chase and the fur trade, he was a true son of the frontier, possessing all those fine, manly characteristics that marked the pathfinders in the regions beyond the pale of civilization — courageous, warm hearted, and generous to a fault, with a remarkable faculty for making and retaining friends among all classes.

Colonel Campbell was a son of the late Robert Campbell, a chief factor of the Hudson Bay Company, who discovered the Yukon river and established trading posts in the heart of the Yukon territory. He was born at Fort Pelly, Sask., on Oct. 23, 1863, and as a small boy was sent to Scotland where he received his education at Glasgow academy and Merchiston Castle school, Edinburgh. On returning to Canada he made his home with his father at Fort Pelly for a time, and then went to Montana, where he spent several years on a cattle ranch for the purpose of learning the stock-raising business, in which his father was taking an interest. He subsequently established a stock farm in the Riding Mountains, near Gilbert Plains, where he continued to make his home ever since, and where his farming and stock-raising enterprises were very successful.

In 1892 he was induced, much against his will, to contest Gilbert Plains riding for a seat in the Manitoba Assembly. He was unsuccessful on that occasion, and again in 1896, when he ran for a second time. In 1902 he was again a candidate and was elected, and was returned in 1907 by acclamation. In the following year he resigned to contest Dauphin riding for the House of Commons and was elected, and sat in the Federal House until the elections of 1911. In 1912 he was appointed chief inspector of Indian agencies for Canada, and was incumbent of the position up to the time of his death.

In 1885 he served with Boulton's Scouts through the North-west Metis rebellion, and has the distinction of being raised from the ranks to a captaincy on the field. When the European war broke out he was anxious to do his bit, and his offer to raise a western battalion was gladly accepted by the military authorities at Ottawa. In a few weeks he completed the strength of Colonel Clingan's Brandon battalion, the 79th, in which he held the rank of major. This was a thoroughly western corps, rank and file being all splendid specimens of sturdy manhood.

Owing to the success attending his efforts in helping to raise the 79th, Major Campbell was promoted to a lieutenant-colonelcy and asked to organize another battalion, the 107th. His personal popularity was such that enlistment was rapid and he soon had his second battalion over strength. He took this battalion overseas.

In England it was made a pioneer battalion, was sent to France as a complete unit out of deference to Colonel Campbell's request and on account of the battalion comprising such a uniformly fine lot of well-trained, useful men.

Colonel Campbell was loved by his men and they were ready to follow him anywhere, because they knew he would not ask them to go where he would not go himself. It is said that he knew every man in his battalion by name, and took a personal interest in them all.

For some years past Col. Campbell suffered from a serious internal malady, and he submitted to a couple of operations which, while affording temporary relief, failed to effect a complete remedy. He was seriously ill before going overseas, and friends endeavored to persuade him not to go, but having made up his mind that he was going to see the thing through to a finish he said he would never be satisfied until he faced the Boches in the front-line trenches. After reaching England he had to go into hospital on account of his complaint, but immediately on being discharged he hastened to France to join his regiment, and he was with his men constantly until his fatal illness. It is thought that the strenuous work in the trenches aggravated the disease from which he suffered, and that he was too much worn to further resist its encroachments.

PARISIAN SAGE

PUTS HAIR ON YOUR HEAD AND KEEPS IT THERE

What's the use of being bald? What sense is there in deliberately allowing your hair to turn gray!

Do you want to look old before your time? Give up the thought; old age will come only too soon.

Look after your hair. PARISIAN SAGE will kill the dandruff germs, and is the only preparation, so far as we know, that is guaranteed to do so.

Man or woman, no matter how old you are, PARISIAN SAGE will make you look young.

Come in and get a large bottle to-day, it only costs 50 cents, and your money back if it does not cure dandruff, stop falling hair, or itching of the scalp. It will make your hair luxuriant, bright and beautiful, and it is the most refreshing, pleasant and invigorating hair dressing made.

Rirdon's Red Cross Drug Store

FIRE

YOUR HOME, YOUR STORE,

might easily have a total or partial loss—sound business methods demand that you be prepared for such a calamity, the good old

Phoenix Insurance Co.

of Hartford, Conn.

is time tried and fire tested. Since organization it has paid losses of $81,617,128.80

Assets - $15,345,365
Surplus - $ 9,056,106.

Policies cost $2.00 and upwards. Consult me.

A. H. WATSON, Madoc - - - - Local Agent.

Up-to-Date Machine Shop

Having one of the most complete and up-to-date Machine Shops in Hastings County, I am now prepared to do machine work of all description, such as repairing Sawing Machines, Gasoline Engines, Threshing Outfits, Threading Bolts, Pipes, etc., and in fact anything that needs expert workmanship and up-to-the-minute machinery.

Give Us A Call And Be Convinced

We also cater to the Autoists and have a full line of Auto Accessories on hand. Our Bowser Gasoline Tank is always ready to supply your wants.

AGENCY FOR THE McLAUGHLIN MOTOR CAR

P. H. NAYLER

Machine Shop and Garage Phone 88 Opposite Blue's Hotel, Madoc

Some of the Leading Features

in the Policies of

The Policy Holders Mutual Life Ins. Co.

of Canada.

Head Office - - Temple Building, Toronto

No Other Policy Nearly So Good

1 Premium rate from 10 to 25 per cent. lower than any other company in Canada for the same class of Policy.
2 Our Guaranteed Loan or Surrender Values are as good as the best.
3 Our Policies participate in the profits of the Company; all dividends are paid to you in cash, yearly, after the third year.
4 Every policyholder has the privilege of a thorough medical examination every year at the Company's expense.
5 Total abstainers are insured in a class by themselves, and will receive the larger profits their good habits insure.
6 This is a strong mutual Company, with all the security of a full Government Reserve, one vote in the management of your Company with every $1,000 of insurance.
7 Premiums may be paid yearly, half-yearly, quarterly or even monthly, at your convenience, without consulting the Company.
8 Freeinsurance for face value of Policy, for a specific term of years after the third year in force, if you are sick or are unable to pay premium, etc., etc.

A. H. Watson, Madoc, Local Agent

THERE IS SOUND ECONOMY IN BUYING GOOD CLOTHES

You will get one hundred cents worth for every dollas you spend in a Suit or Overcoat of

ART CLOTHES

and a little extra in Style, Fit and Workmanship. They are tailored to your measure---perfect fit and satisfaction guaranteed.

The Fall and Winter samples are here---Make your selection now.

GEORGE WEST DEALER **MADOC**

Complete Service to Ford Owners Everywhere

COURTEOUS attention to your needs wherever you may travel is something you appreciate, and being a Ford owner you can get it. You are always "among friends".

There are more than 700 Ford Dealer Service Stations throughout Canada. These are always within easy reach of Ford owners—for gasoline, oil, tires, repairs, accessories, expert advice or motor adjustments.

The cost of Ford Service is as remarkably low as the cost of the car itself. Nineteen of the most called for parts cost only $5.40. Just compare this with the cost of spare parts for other cars and you will realize the advantage of owning a Ford.

Ford
THE UNIVERSAL CAR

Runabout - - $475
Touring - - $495
Coupelet - - [illegible]
Sedan - - - [illegible]

F. O. B. FORD, ONT.

Frank Smith, Madoc, Dealer

CHRISTMAS GIFTS

What could you give to your gentlemen friends who smoke that they would appreciate more than a nice box of Cigars, a good pipe, a cigar case or a cigarette case full of good cigarettes.

Some of our many lines of Cigars:

Japs	a box of 25	**$1.75**
Bachelor	" " "	**1.75**
Ovido	" " "	**1.75**
Davis Perfection (A new brand)	" " "	**1.75**
Arabella	" " "	**1.50**
Milo	" " "	**1.50**
El Proposo	" " "	**1.50**

Boxes of 10 Cigars to the box from 65c up

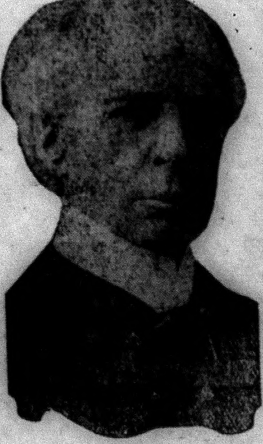
F. Vandervoort

Barber and Tobacconist

Dominion Elections

(Continued from page 1)

JOILETTE, Denis	700
KAMOURASKA, Lapointe	3,000
LAPRAIRIE and NAPIERVILLE, Lanctot	400
LAURIER-OUTREMONT, Du-Tremblay	2,655
LABELLE, Fortier	Accl.
LOTBINIERE, Veins	2,000
LAVAL, Ethier	Accl.
L'ISLET, Fafard	Accl.
L'ASSOMPTION-MONTCALM, Seguin	200
LEVIS, Bourassa	
MASKINONGE, Mayrand	large
MAISSONEUVE, Lemieux	4,460
MATANE, Pelletier	3,000
MISSISQUOI, Kay	700
MEGANTIC, Pacaud	Accl.



SIR WILFRID LAURIER

MONTMAGNY, Deschene	1,100
NICOLET, Trahan	Accl.
PORTNEUF, DeLisle	Accl.
PONTIAC, Cahill	1,500
QUEBEC W., Parent	1,500
QUEBEC CO., Lavigueur	
QUEBEC EAST, Laurier	6,000
QUEBEC SOUTH, Power	1,575
RICHMOND and WOLFE, Tobin	4,500
RICHELIEU, Cardin	2,500
RIMOUSKI, Danjou	Accl.
STANSTEAD, Baldwin	1,100
SHEFFORD, Boivin	Accl.
SHERBROOKE, McCrea	1,321
ST. DENIS, Verville	large
ST. HYACINTHE, Gauthier	Accl.
ST. JAMES, Lapointe	Accl.
STE. MARIE, Deslauriers	Accl.
ST. JOHN'S and IVERVILLE, Demers	4,000
TEMISCOUATA, Gauvreau	5,000
THREE RIVERS, Bureau	Accl.
TERREBONNE, Provost	Accl.
VAUDREUIL, Boyer	2,000
WESTMOUNT, St. HENRRI, Leduc	2,466
WRIGHT, Devlin	large
YAMASKA, Gladu	1,742

MANITOBA

UNIONIST.

BRANDON, Whidden	
DAUPHIN, Cruise	Accl.
LISGAR, Bolton	
MACDONALD, Henders	
MARQUETTE, Crerar	
NEEPAWA, F. L. Davis	
PORTAGE LA PRAIRIE, Meighen	3,000
SELKIRK, Hay	1,000
SOURIS, Finley	
SPRINGFIELD, Richardson	2,000
WINNIPEG CENTRE, Andrews	12,851
WINNIPEG NORTH, Blake	3,200
WINNIPEG SOUTH, Allen	11,821
One deferred.	

LAURIER.

PROVENCH, Molloy	300

SASKATCHEWAN

UNIONIST.

ASSINIBOIA, Turriff	1,000
BATTLEFORD, Wright	400
HUMBOLDT, Lang	600
KINDSERSLEY, Myers	800
LAST MOUNTAIN, Johnston	Accl.
MACKENZIE, McPhee	
MAPLE CREEK, Maharg	Accl.
MOOSEJAW, Calder	2,700
NORTH BATTLEFORD, Long	1,000
PRINCE ALBERT, Knox	380
QU'APPELLE, Thompson	Accl.
REGINA, Cowan	5,000
SALTCOATS, MacNutt	
SASKATOON, Wilson	3,539
SWIFT CURRENT, Argue	
WEYBURN, Thompson	Accl.

LAURIER.

NONE.

ALBERTA

UNIONIST.

BATTLE RIVER, Blair	500
BOW RIVER, Halliday	300
CALGARY EAST, Redman	2,072
CALGARY WEST, Tweedie	4,000
EDMONTON EAST, Mackie	
EDMONTON WEST, Griesbach	3,000
LETHBRIDGE, Buchanan	1,154
MACLEOD, Shaw	400
MEDICINE HAT, Sifton	1,752
RED DEER, Clark	900
STRATHCONA, Douglas	400
VICTORIA, Holden	300

LAURIER.

NONE.

BRITISH COLUMBIA

UNIONIST.

BURRARD, Crowe	
CARIBOO, Fulton	300
COMOX-ALBERNI, Clements	
KOOTENAY EAST, Bonel	500
KOOTENAY WEST, Green	
NANAIMO, McIntosh	200
NEW WESTMINSTER, McQuarrie	1,300
VANCOUVER CENTRE, Stevens	4,000
VANCOUVER SOUTH, Cooper	3,000
VICTORIA CITY, Tolmie	4,000
WESTMINSTER DISTRICT, Stacey	300
YALE, Burrell	Accl.

LAURIER.

SKEENA, Stork	leading

NEW BRUNSWICK

UNIONIST.

CHARLOTTE, Hartt	2,734
ROYAL, McLean	2,461
ST. JOHN, Elkin	4,712
ST. JOHN, Wigmore	4,686
VICTORIA-CARL, Carvell	Accl.
YORK-SUNBURY, McLeod	2,000

LAURIER.

GLOUCESTER, Turgeon	Accl.
KENT CO., Leger	1,600
NORTHUMBERLAND, Morrissey	105
RESTIGOUCHE AND MADAWASKA, Michaud	784
WESTMORELAND, Copp	1,200

NOVA SCOTIA

UNIONIST.

COLCHESTER, McCurdy	Accl.
CAPE BRETON S. and RICHMOND, Douglas	small
DIGBY and ANNAPOLIS, Davidson	large
KING'S, Borden	854
SHELBURNE-QUEEN, Fielding	Accl.
YARMOUTH and CLARE, Spinney	116

LAURIER.

CAPE BRETON S. and RICHMOND, Kyte	small
ANTIGONISH, Sinclair	
CUMBERLAND, Logan	85
C. BRETON N. and VICTORIA, McKenzie	
HUNTS, Martell	
INVERNESS, Chisholm	1,476
LUNENBURG, Duff	1,299
PICTOU, MacKay	300

P. E. ISLAND

UNIONIST.

KINGS, McIsaacs	200

LAURIER.

PRINCE, Read	756
QUEENS, Warburton	400
Sinclair	400

MINISTERS ELECTED.

SIR ROBERT BORDEN.
HON. N. W. ROWELL.
HON. ARTHUR MEIGHEN.
SIR EDWARD KEMP.
SIR GEORGE FOSTER.
HON. J. C. DOHERTY.
HON. C. C. BALLANTYNE.
HON. T. A. CRERAR.
HON. A. L. SIFTON.
HON. MR. CALDER.
HON. F. B. CARVELL.
HON. DR. REID.
HON. S. E. MEWBURN.
SIR THOS. WHITE.
HON. FRANK COCHRANE.
HON. MARTIN BURRELL.
HON. THOS. CROTHERS.

MINISTERS DEFEATED.

HON. P. E. BLONDIN.
HON. A. SEVIGNY, defeated in Dorchester by 1,000 and in Westmount by 2,466.

ELECTION DEFERRED.

HON. A. K. MACLEAN.

A GREAT SHOWING.

	Majority for Union.
Toronto West	6,522
Toronto Centre	3,479
Toronto East	7,648
Toronto North	14,607
Toronto South	3,117
Parkdale	1,879
York East	764
York South	10,245
York West	7,258
York North	557
Total for Toronto district	56,076

VOTING AT THE FRONT.

One Poll Clerk Wounded While Guarding Ballot Boxes.

CANADIAN ARMY HEADQUARTERS IN THE FIELD, Dec. 18.—No less than 87 per cent. of the total vote of the Canadian corps had been polled by 8 o'clock Friday night. Some units have already polled one hundred per cent. of the ballots, while the general experience to date is that the number of men refusing to exercise the franchise is almost negligible in specific units, although the aggregate may be appreciable.

The election officers have taken their boxes with them on the tramways behind the lines, and have voted men as they worked. In the same way they have gone through the front-line trenches, giving men in the firing line their opportunity to exercise the franchise. One poll clerk has been seriously wounded, a presiding officer has been sent down to the base as a casualty, while one gunner voting beside his gun was hit by shrapnel.

Polling booths have been damaged by shell fire and by bombs, but there has been no serious interruption to the election work, and, above all, no interference with the actual war operations.

Tribunal on the Carpet.

WINNIPEG, Dec. 18.—As a result of a series of alleged irregularities, action has been taken to remove the members of St. Boniface Tribunal No. 71. Acting on order of the Department of Justice, E. R. Chapman, registrar for Manitoba, has made a long affidavit to show how this tribunal has disregarded instructions. The members of the tribunals are Magistrate C. Henri Royal, of St. Boniface and ex-Ald. Jos. A. Cusson.

Unidentified Bodies Will Be Buried.

HALIFAX, Dec. 18.—Dr. W. D. Finn, the medical examiner, has issued a notice that all unidentified bodies at Chebucto mortuary not identified by Sunday night at 10 o'clock will be buried.

Sanitary conditions at the morgue are in perfect order and no danger of contagion exists.

New Advertisements.

Advertisements under this head, one inch space,—50c. first insertion, 25c. each subsequent insertion 75c. per month after first month.

Notice

To Users of Electric Current in the Village of Madoc.—All accounts in arrears over 3 months must be settled by December 31st or power will be cut off and action taken to collect.

51-1 W. H. McBAIN, Treasurer

Strayed

Onto the premises, lot 21, 4th concession of Madoc, a yearling red Heifer, piece off right ear and notch under ear, about 18th of November.

51-3 HENRY LOUGH

For Sale

An 8-roomed brick Dwelling in the Village of Madoc. Good cellar, cistern and never-failing well of good water. Outbuildings consist of good barn 18x24, stone cow stable and hen-house. Property consists of 12 lots with flourishing young orchard and other small fruits. Easy terms of purchase. Apply to

51-tf MRS. W. J. STEPHENSON

Municipal Elections

To the Municipal Electors of the

Township of Madoc

Notice is hereby given that the Nominations, which must be made in writing, for Reeve, Deputy Reeve and three Councillors for the Township of Madoc for the year 1918 will be held in the TOWN HALL, ELDORADO, on

Monday, December 31st, 1917

at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon.

The Polling, if any, will be held in the following Divisions on Monday, January 7th, 1918:

No. 1 — Hart's School-house, Robert Woods, Deputy Returning Officer.

No. 2—McCoy's School-house, Ira Smith, Deputy Returning Officer.

No. 3—Town Hall, Eldorado, Robert Doughty, Deputy Returning Officer.

No. 4 — O'Hara's School-house, James Bird, Deputy Returning Officer.

W. T. ALLEN,
51-2 Clerk

Municipal Elections

To the Municipal Electors of the

Village of Madoc

Notice is hereby given that the Nominations, which must be made in writing, for Reeve and four Councillors and three Public School Trustees for the Village of Madoc for the year 1918 will be held in the TOWN HALL, MADOC, on

Monday, December 31st, 1917

at the hour of 7.30 o'clock p.m.

The Polling, if any, will be held in the following Divisions on Monday, January 7th, 1918:

Polling Sub-division No. 1—Town Hall, W. R. Gray, Deputy Returning Officer

Polling Sub-division. No. 2—West room in Bailey Block, W. H. Brooks, Deputy Returning Officer.

W. H. McBAIN,
51-1 Clerk

Sawing

The undersigned is now prepared to turn out Lumber and Shingles at Tweedy's old mill, White Lake.

C. DEMILLE,
51-2p Crookston

Sawing

The undersigned is prepared to do Sawing at the Hematite mine, and later at Charlie Thompson's place, north of the stone crusher at Eldorado.

CHARLES GAY,
51-3p Eldorado.

Custom Sawing

Those who intend taking out logs this winter may have them sawed at Arthur Pitts' mill, Moira Lake. 50-tf

Estray

About the 10th of November there came on the premises just west of the G. T. R. two yearling calves. Owner can have same by proving property and paying expenses.

50-3-p MISS ELLIS, Madoc.

Found

Two stray calves, with droop horns, one black, one red, strayed onto my premises, lot eight, con. 14, two miles west of Madoc.

50-3-p SAM REYNOLDS.

Notice

All accounts owing the estate of Louis Love must be paid on or before January 1, 1918.

MRS. MARCELLA LOVE,
50-3 Administratrix for the Estate

For Sale or Rent

15 acres in the 5th concession of Huntingdon township, ½ mile from Thomasburg, good garden land. Erected on the premises are a good frame house 18x22, frame barn 24x30, stone basement, a good well, a nice orchard, apples, pears, cherries. For further particulars apply on the premises to

JAMES PINE,
49-4p Thomasburg

Strayed

From pasture lot near Bannockburn some time during the summer 5 head of young cattle marked with two notches in right ear and one in left.

49-3p H. R. BLAKELY,
Phone 6or6 Eldorado, R R No. 1

Strayed

There came onto the premises of lot 17, con. 5, Madoc, a black and white yearling Heifer about October 1.

CHAS. W. THOMPSON,
49-3p Eldorado

Wool Wanted

Highest market price paid in cash at the Madoc Woolen Mills. Blankets and Yarn for Sale at the Mills.

15 S. M. DANFORD & Co.

The duty of every man and woman is to help to make this war the war that ends war.

LOOK AT THE LABEL

This label shows to what date your paper is paid. Subscribers who wish to secure the $1.50 rate must pay for their paper in advance.

North Hastings Review.

$1.50 a Year "PARTY IS THE MADNESS OF MANY FOR THE GAIN OF A FEW" $1.50 a year

40TH YEAR—No. 52 Madoc, Hastings County, Ontario, Thursday, December 27, 1917 POSTAGE PREPAID

Detlor

We had a heavy fall of snow on Saturday and on Sunday the wind blew. It must be patterned after some of the candidates who are making so much noise. It is most presumptuous to think that some people have an idea they can make any sane person think as they do. Where is the use of so many of the boys in khaki having paid the price of life for liberty and then have died in vain. It is well said: Lock the door after the life's blood is shed and wasted. If some of the statements are true regarding Alberta and the Western provinces we hope there will be a blizzard or something to stop such a proceeding as to support a Government against the benefits of all that is good, right and just. It looks as though this part of Hastings is sound and strong.

Three of the lads in khaki who went overseas with the 155th Battalion arrived home Thursday, namely, Robert and Cecil Crawford and Fred Miller. Cecil and Fred are wounded. A reception was given them at Egan Creek Methodist church on Friday.

Mr. Bert Mason, who has spent several months in the West visiting his brother and other points of interest, returned to his home last week.

Mrs. S. Kingyens, who spent over a year among friends at New Liskeard, returned some time ago, spent a part of last week visiting her nieces, Misses B. and A. Bradshaw.

Mr. J. D. Hennessy, who has spent the past summer at the Fort Stewart cheese factory, has moved to his house at Detlor for the winter.

Word has been received that Nursing Sister Rose Hennessy, J. D. Hennessy's sister, is well stationed and settled in her new quarters at Regina General Hospital.

Sister Margaret V. Foster, who is stationed at Taplow, Bucks, England, at Canadian Red Cross Hospital, is helping to care for the wounded and doing her share nobly to help win the war.

Everybody vote for the right man and help win the war.

December 15th.

Some one had the audacity to prophesy that we would have an open winter. If winter is to be any colder than this we do not need to go west for snapping cold weather.

There are hard times for the deer this fall on account of the wolves. A. and B. Bradshaw came on a deer which was nearly dead and had been torn to pieces with wolves. This is the second they have seen this fall. To end the suffering they shot it.

The meeting held at Egan Creek on Wednesday night in the interests of Mr. Thompson, Union candidate, was, considering weather and distance quite well attended.

We are very pleased to learn that Miss Alice Bremner, who has undergone an operation in Toronto hospital for appendicitis, is improving favorably and hopes to return home in a short time.

Town Council

The regular meeting of the Council was held on December 15th at the office of the Clerk. Present,—Reeve Thompson, Couns. Atkins, Blair and Ross.

Minutes of last meeting read and approved.

Communication re purchase of fuel oil. Atkins — Ross — that this be received and filed.—C'd.

Ross—Blair—the following accounts were ordered paid :

Village Accounts,—

Dr. Eagleson, examining lunatic	$ 5 00
R. McGhee, services, O. T. A.	49 00
W. B. Riordan, stationery, etc.	4 40
Poor Fund	9 00
Association Madoc Citizens' Band to provide entertainment for returned soldiers	25 00
A. Empey, plank	106 61
R. O'Riordan, work	5 00
Geo. Huffman "	4 38

Electric Light Accounts,—

Hydro Elec. Co., power	336 42
" " service	6 25
E. Demill, work	2 10

A by-law to appoint polling booths and officers for the year 1917 was presented and, on motion of Atkins and Blair, received its first reading.

Blair—Ross—Council went into committee of the whole on by laws with Atkins in the chair.

Ross—Blair—that Poll No. 1 be the Town Hall and Poll No. 2 be the west room in the Bailey block.—C'd.

Atkins—Ross—that W. R. Gray be Deputy Returning Officer and C. M. Wallbridge Poll Clerk for Poll No. 1, and that W. H. Brooks be Deputy Returning Officer and W. Ballard Poll Clerk for Poll No. 2.—C'd.

Council resumed.

Atkins—Blair—that by-law be read a third time, be passed, signed, sealed and numbered 328.—C'd.

Atkins—Blair—that $200 be devoted to the Halifax Relief Fund.—C'd.

Blair—Atkins—that Council adjourn to Tuesday, December 18th, at 8 p.m. —C'd.

Adjourned meeting of Council December 18th at Clerk's office. Present, Reeve Thompson, Coun. Whytock, Blair and Ross.

Blair—Ross—that the statements of the village and electric light be received and the Finance Committee and the Clerk be a Committee to arrange for the printing of 100 copies.—C'd.

Council adjourned sine die.

Miss Edna Bremner will have finished her course for a school-teacher this term. She must have been studious as she has gone through in less time than many others, and we congratulate her on her success.

Monday, January 7th, is election day. Let us hope for the best and even then we venture to say, "There'll be a hot time in the old town to-night."

Get a **Hotpoint Hedlite Heater** for that chilly room

Costs nothing to try.

Costs little to run.

Cleaner, cheaper, safer, more healthful and more convenient than wood, coal or coal oil.

JOHN BURKITT,

Phone 61 ELECTRICIAN Kincaid's Store

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

SIR EDMUND WALKER, C.V.O., LL.D., D.C.L., President

SIR JOHN AIRD, General Manager

H. V. F. JONES, Ass't. Gen'l. Manager

CAPITAL PAID UP, $15,000,000 RESERVE FUND, - $13,500,000

MONEY ORDERS

For small remittances use the Money Orders issued by this Bank. They are payable without charge at any Bank in Canada (except in the Yukon Territory). The cost is as follows:

$5 and under	3 cents
over $5 and not exceeding $10	6 "
" $10 " " $30	10 "
" $30 " " $50	15 "

PLUS REVENUE STAMPS

Madoc Branch - A. Y. SNIDER, MANAGER

Tribunal's Difficulties

The following letter from the Toronto Globe is published at the request of a subscriber:

To the editor: I am writing some facts as they appear to me concerning the statement of the Minister of Militia, Gen. Mewburn, as reported in your paper, which I take as reported correctly.

As to his granting honorable discharge to farmers' sons when found that they were actually engaged on the farm if not exempted by Tribunals, when an official of that prominence begins to grant those discharges he begins to build up ground for excuse from military service from every business or industry from the Atlantic to the Pacific. Already the talk is that the farmers will get their sons back where the Tribunals had decided that they could be spared for military service. But the man who has let his sons go from the farm voluntarily can deprived himself of their services will have the right to ask the military authorities of Canada to go to France and immediately grant them that discharge, which is one hundred times more honorable, and thousands of instances of that kind can be produced.

I know of plenty. Mr. W. A. Foster of this Wellington district has three sons who were manly enough when their country called to go, and their father faced the situation as a patriot as brave as his sons, with only one small son left to work a big farm of 200 acres. He would be very glad indend to have his sons honorably discharged. Also Mr. Wesley Young, working 150 acres with one boy twelve years old, and two daughters, with one son killed in action at Langemarck and the other in the trenches. Now one son has baptized the plains of Flanders with his life blood and he cannot get him back, but he would be very pleased to get his other son honorably discharged to help him farm. Neither of these men are rich, while rich farmers' sons are now claiming exemption and straining every nerve to be kept in Canada, and some of them in other occupations are getting exemption too.

I have been appointed on Wellington Tribunal, No. 286, with the option of a penalty if I do not act, and meet my neighbors and determine who I thought should take their part in this war in the danger zone alongside the brave men who have already gone from here, and I must bear the censure of many unfair neighbors in many cases. The Minister of Justice will have one opportunity to prosecute and impose the penalty of refusal to continue in this position on me if my action in disallowing their claims for exemption is set aside without further very strong evidence being brought forward of which this Tribunal had no knowledge.

The situation is a tense one, and requires men of decision and force to show the people of Canada there shall be no favored sons, no favored people in any part of this Dominion. If there be I would on my part humbly request that my boy, whom I think as much of as any father, and who perhaps rode out into the blue in that ride with the Canadian cavalry near Cambrai, be honorably discharged, as I also own a farm, and my opinion now is that the people of Canada—the whole people—might as well understand that they have all got to sacrifice without question their sons, their wealth and their pleasures to win this war. Thousands of them have not done so, nor do they intend to do so if anything can be done to prevent their interests being touched

T. A. BURLINGHAM.

Wellington, Ont., Nov. 29.

Gilmour

Mr. D. McInroy, of Marmora, is visiting at Mr. John Dafoe's.

Mr. Harvey, of McArthur's Mills, returned home last week after spending a few days with his son, Mr. A. Harvey.

Mr. W. A. McMurray spent the past week in Belleville with relatives.

Mr. Wm. Baker spent Sunday at Mr. D. Moore's.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Dafoe visited Mrs. S. Neil Sunday.

Miss May Dafoe and cousin, Mr. D. McInroy, visited Mr. H. Dafoe on Thursday.

Mr. J. Dafoe has received word that Pte. Thos. Andrews has returned from France and is in Toronto now.

Failed to Report

James Curtin of West Oxford, was sentenced in the police court to two years in the penitentiary on a charge of desertion. This charge came under the provisions of the Military Service Act. The accused had made no attempt to report for duty, although eligible. After being sentenced he expressed willingness to fight for his country.

Don't send them a package of tobacco, it's a bad habit; don't send them reading matter, it will injure their eyes; don't knit them a sweater, it might scratch their delicate skin; don't write them a letter, you'll waste the paper and a 3-cent stamp; don't send them anything to eat, they might get the stomach-ache; don't tell them you admire their spirit, it might make them vain; above all don't send them any tobacco. Not more than ninety-nine out of every one hundred use tobacco and they don't amount to much. Save your money and buy another farm. Little acts of kindness never helped anybody any way.

Letters from Our Soldiers

France, August 29, 1917.

Dear Mother and Father,—

Just a few lines to say I am quite well. No doubt by this time you have received some of my letters telling you my wound was not bad and I hope I never get any worse. Do not worry about me not looking to God for protection. Many a prayer has come from my heart especially while in the trenches or under shell fire. It will bring a prayer to the lips of any heathen. I could write you a whole newspaper if it was right to do so. You have no idea of what it is like as I had myself before I got right at it; then I found it different and the difference was on the wrong end. I trust in God to bring me through with a whole skin and your prayers will help.

PTE. ALFRED GORDON.

France, Oct. 19, 1917.

Dear Mother and Father,—

Just a line in answer to your letter. I am still alive and well. I wrote to Luella while I was in Toronto and told her I was sending you some souvenirs but I did not send them as it wasn't worth while. I will get some more and take them home with me and I hope this time will soon come and God spares me to get home again. Every day brings our time of return nearer and it will come some day. Well, goodbye with love and best wishes to you all from

PTE. ALFRED GORDON.

4th C. M. R. Batt., Nov. 4, 1917.

Dear Mrs. L. Gordon,—

I wish to express on behalf of the Battalion the deep regret felt in the death in action of your husband, Pte. A. Gordon. Throughout his service with the Battalion his conduct was that of a true soldier of the Empire. In making the supreme sacrifice your husband's life was not spent in vain. His comrades, in mourning the loss of a good soldier, share with you the loss of a true companion.

Yours very sincerely,

W. R. PATTERSON, Lieut.-Col.

O. C. 4th C. M. R. Battalion.

4th C. M. R., Nov. 10, 1917.

Dear Mrs. Gordon,—

You will by this time have received intelligence of the death of your brave husband, Pte. A. Gordon, of this Battalion, who was killed in action during operations on the early morning of October 26th. The news of your dear husband's death will have come as a great shock to you but you must try to bear it bravely for his sake because he was a brave man.

As far as I can ascertain your husband was killed instantly so that there was no pain. This I know will be a comfort to you. Your husband's body now rests in a soldiers' grave near the place where he fell. Other brave comrades sleep near by. What a comfort in days like these to be able to take our sorrows and trials to the Saviour who understands our needs. May you at this time find in Him your confidence and strength. He it is who brings to us the hope of the resurrection with its message of hope, re-union and joy. With sincere sympathy,

Yours faithfully,

W. H. DAVIS, Chaplain.

Regina's Winter Fair Building Burned

Regina's great Winter Fair building, one of the finest in America, is a mass of smouldering ruins today. Fire that started from one of the cook stoves December 18th, 1917, swept through the building and in less than an hour sufficed to reduce to wreckage the structure that cost the city of Regina $140,000 to build in 1913.

Ever since the outbreak of the war the Winter Fair building has been used to house troops. Last night 700 soldiers were sleeping in the building when the alarm was given. They lost personal effects and equipment valued at many thousands of dollars. It will probably be several days before an estimate of the loss can be given. Several men were slightly burned in escaping from the burning building. No trace of panic was observed as the men walked out as on parade.

Trumpeter Harvey Blair stood at attention and sounded the alarm while smoke swirled about him and the flames were almost to his feet. Not until the last notes died away did he attempt to leave the building.

Eighty-five horses were saved and all records and documents carried to safety. The horses have strayed in some cases several miles north of the city.

The building was insured for $99,500 divided between 96 companies equally. This is the third serious fire in the recent history of Regina's exhibition plant.

The soldiers are now quartered in the city hall and Knox Church and other public buildings and will take over Benson school permanently tonight or tomorrow.

Gunter

Mrs. Chris. Hinchliffe, of Manitoba, is visiting her mother, Mrs. J. Gunter.

Miss Isa Trumble, of Rawdon, is visiting old acquaintances in Cashel.

Mr. Jas. Haggerty is very sick. We hope for a speedy recovery.

Mrs. Victor Hinchliffe, of Swan River, Man., is visiting Mr. J. Haggerty.

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You will be requiring some of this from now on. Why not leave your order now. Printed in quantities of 500 sheets, also plain.

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REVIEW OFFICE.

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that makes no difference if you use Campbell's Varnish Stain on your floors and woodwork. It dissolves grease spots—wipes them out. The illustration shows a greasy board, and beside it a picture of the same board after Campbell's Varnish Stain has been used. The grease spots are gone.

It comes in a yellow can with the famous camel picture on it. Sold everywhere. Ask your dealer for

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REVIEW OFFICE.

The SKY PIRATE

by GARRETT P. SERVISS.

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CHAPTER IV.

HALF A DISCOVERY IN THE WOODS.

MISS GRAYMAN was the first to awake on the morning following their arrival at Payton's mysterious lodge, and immediately she called Susan.

"I am so in hopes that my friends have arrived," she said. "I want to get downstairs as soon as possible."

Susan hastily dressed herself, her mistress in her impatience performing her toilet unaided, and then they descended. It was not much after 5 o'clock, but Payton, as usual, met them in the hall.

"Please send Susan back at once to get your wraps, Miss Grayman," he said. "It is cold this morning, but you will enjoy a spin on the water to give you an appetite for breakfast."

"But my friends?"

"Oh, not so early?" he said, laughing. "They have laid up for the night, not being as familiar with the woods as I am, but they'll be along in the course of the morning. Send, I beg you, for your wraps. You cannot divine how charming the woods are at this hour. Every bird is awake, and the trout are leaping for joy."

Miss Grayman concealed her disappointment and sent Susan for the wraps. Once more in Payton's company, she felt her spirits revive. He was more entertaining than ever. And the air, the water and the forest were equally delightful—so cool, fresh, fragrant and musical. It was a new life for Miss Grayman, and she began to feel the zest of it. Her thought of yesterday came to her again, and once more her face flushed.

If her friends really had intended to throw her into the company of Commodore Brown and get her interested in him in this unconventional way before a formal presentation she was hardly disposed to find fault with them for the indiscretion.

He paddled them up the stream to a pool below the rapids. The trout were flashing on all sides in the bright morning air, and here and there along the shore strange birds rose and fluttered off at their approach.

They landed in a little bight among the rocks and stepped out on the elastic bed of brown pine needles.

"See here," and he pointed to a depression alongside a huge stump; "a bear slept there last night."

"A bear!"

"Yes. Look; here are some of its hairs. And just come this way a bit," and he approached a sandy spot on the shore. "Do you see those hoof prints? Three deer have taken a drink here before you were up."

"Oh, I should so love to see a real wild deer!"

"Then perhaps I'll show you one before you are a day older. And if you are skillful in the sports of Diana we may have some venison of your killing."

"I believe I can fire a gun without shutting my eyes," said Miss Grayman, laughing. "But of course we shall postpone the proof until the arrival of the others."

"Of course, and they ought to arrive at any moment now."

Upon their return one of the men she had seen on the Chameleon approached and handed a slip of paper to Payton. He read it and, frowning, snapped his fingers, exclaiming, half under his breath: "By Jove, that's really too bad! I am sorry to have to announce a slight mishap, which, while it accounts for the delay of our friends, also makes it certain that they cannot reach us this morning."

The blood fled from Miss Grayman's face. She felt an inexplicable premonition of evil.

"Oh, don't let it distress you," said Payton cheeringly. "Here, please read this dispatch, just come by wireless. I have electric communication with all parts, so we are not lost, you see."

He held the paper before her, covering the lower corner where the signature would be with his thumb.

"The secret isn't open yet, you know," he said with a deprecatory smile, "and of course I can't let you see the name."

She read:

Brown, Camp Bear:
Aero broke down near Pettytown. Bring repair tools. All send greetings and regrets to Miss Grayman.

As he finished he cunningly and as if totally unaware slipped aside his thumb, and she saw that it had covered the name "Mitchell."

"Sorry my pledge compels me to conceal the signature," he said, folding the paper. "You see, it will be necessary for me to go to the rescue. I would by all means have you go along in order that you might the sooner meet your friends; but, unfortunately, I shall have to take all my available men and some machinery so that the Chameleon will be loaded to her limit. So for a few hours you will be free from my attentions, which for my part I deeply regret. But you will find Mrs. Williams most entertaining in her way. And in the library there is a stock of the latest novels."

At first Miss Grayman did not know what to reply, the thing was so unexpected. It was really the Mitchells of Washington, then, who were at the bottom of this affair, and she wondered that she had not thought of them at the very first, for now she recalled how the two Mitchell girls and their brother were always engaged in some practical joke on their friends with a pleasant ending.

They must have written to her father, letting him into the secret, and, knowing his dislike to having her long out of his sight, she felt sure that he was one of the party on the disabled aero.

"Oh, go by all means," she said. "We shall get along very well in this delightful place, provided," she added archly, "that that bear doesn't come this way."

"No fear," said Payton, laughing and secretly rejoicing to see how well everything played into his hands. "Bears never venture near the lodge. Then there is Indian John, who is a dead shot, to say nothing of Mrs. Williams, the two chambermaids and the waiters. So you will have a garrison capable of withstanding a regular siege by the bears."

As soon as the breakfast was finished Payton took his leave, and the aero, rising gracefully, floated off over the trees and disappeared.

Miss Grayman was now filled with agreeable anticipation. In a few hours she was sure that she should see her father.

Miss Grayman felt that she could paddle the canoe well enough, and accordingly after they had enjoyed for an hour the scene from the veranda she and Susan embarked. Mrs. Williams ran down to the landing, offering to take the paddle or to send for Indian John, but Miss Grayman declined all assistance.

When they had entered the inlet and were out of view of the lodge Miss Grayman turned to the shore, and they disembarked in a delightful little cove overhung with pendulous branches beside an enormous lichen covered rock which she had noticed and admired during their former trips. Here they sat down on the sweet scented moss and chatted.

"I'd like to know where Pettytown is," said Miss Grayman. "I never heard of the place before. I suppose it is some little backwoods town. Commodore Brown said he could go there in an hour and a half, and I suppose that means that it is at least 150 miles away. We're somewhere in New York state, I think, and I am still inclined to believe that it is the Adirondacks. But what's the use of guessing? We shall know in a few hours. Let's take a stroll. There seems to be a kind of path here. Perhaps we shall discover something interesting."

"But it might have been made by the bear," said Susan in alarm.

"Oh, I'm not much afraid of bears. Commodore Brown said that they were not dangerous. Indeed, I'd really like to see one. The bears in the zoological gardens never interested me, but here it's different—here where they live. And just think, we may see a deer! Come on, and don't be afraid. I'll go ahead."

Suddenly, as they entered a little intervale where the ground was more solid, a curious noise drew their startled eyes to a huge animal which stood regarding them. Its height seemed prodigious, and its huge, long nosed head was crowned with enormous horns. Its eyes glared as it stamped fiercely with its forefoot.

"I believe it's a moose," whispered Miss Grayman, "and I've heard that moose are dangerous."

This one certainly looked dangerous, and the girls were petrified with fear as it advanced a few steps toward them. They stood fast simply because they were unable to move a muscle. The animal stamped savagely again, glared at them for a moment and then, apparently changing its mind, turned and trotted awkwardly away until it had disappeared in the forest.

"Oh, do let's go back," said Susan, shivering with fright. "What an awful beast!"

But Miss Grayman's courage had returned with the disappearance of the danger, and she insisted upon pushing ahead a little farther.

"Look! There yonder are some beautiful red flowers," she said, "and I must have them. Don't you see these animals are not dangerous, after all? Come, and we'll turn back as soon as I get the flowers."

When they reached the spot that she had indicated they saw ahead another comparatively open place, and immediately Miss Grayman exclaimed: "What in the world does that mean, I wonder? Somebody has been digging here? And there's a pickax; at least that's what I think they call it."

She pointed to a spot under a great hemlock where the ground had been turned up. The work was either very fresh or unfinished, and, as she had said, a pickax leaned against the trunk of the tree.

"We must see what it is," said Miss Grayman, her curiosity singularly awakened.

But at this moment a crackling in the bushes sounded behind them. Greatly startled, they stopped in their tracks and looked fearfully around. Nothing was in sight, but the sounds became louder and nearer.

"Oh, good Lord!" cried Susan, nearly sinking to the ground. "That terrible beast has been circling round and is going to run at us again!"

Miss Grayman felt her courage also ooze away, but to their partial relief Indian John appeared, running after them and waving his hands as if in warning.

"Go!" he exclaimed in a guttural voice and with a look that was by no means reassuring. "Must not come here! Big bears here! Eat you!"

As he spoke he laid his brown hand on Miss Grayman's shoulder. Indignantly she shook it off. A placating smile came over the Indian's features, but he continued his insistence and, finally placing himself in front of the girls, pushed them back.

"Must go!" he repeated. "Can't stay here! Much danger! Much bear! Go, quick!"

"What have they been digging here for if there is danger?"

Indian John's face assumed a most

THEY WERE UNABLE TO MOVE A MUSCLE.

menacing expression, and he exclaimed fiercely, "Go, go!"

He no longer hesitated to lay his hands upon them, and they were powerless in his grasp. Besides, his mere look now terrified them.

As he hurried them along he suddenly asked, "What here for?"

"Oh, I have only been gathering flowers!" replied Miss Grayman, now desirous to pacify him. "Look at them," and she showed those that she had collected.

The Indian scarcely glanced at them. "Plenty flowers," he said, "near lodge. Dangerous to come here. Bad bears."

Then he urged them on still faster, and before they were aware of their approach to the stream they found themselves beside the canoe. Indian John unceremoniously pushed them in and without another word took the paddle and carried them swiftly back to the lodge.

Mrs. Williams hurried down to meet them, while the two women stood in the kitchen door curiously regarding them.

"Oh, dear," she said; "I have been so alarmed on your account! Indian John came and told me that he had seen the canoe on the shore of the creek and your tracks leading off into the wilderness. I was so afraid that you would be lost, and the bears back in the woods are very dangerous. I sent him after you as fast as he could run. I'm so glad that you're back safe."

"Indian John has been very rude," said Miss Grayman.

"But, please, Miss Grayman, don't blame him," protested Mrs. Williams. "He is only an Indian, and he was acting under orders that were intended for your safety. Dear me! If you had been killed, what should I have said when Commodore Brown and his friends returned?"

The good lady actually shed a few tears at this terrible thought. But she was not so perfect a dissembler as her master, and Miss Grayman still had doubts. Her suspicions, once aroused, were not to be so easily put aside.

"What are they digging out there in the woods for?" she asked.

Mrs. Williams was not adroit enough to conceal the startled look that flashed over her face, but in a moment she said, with assumed concern: "Why, Miss Grayman! Did you go as far as that? It's the place where they've been burying the carcass of an immense bear that one of the men shot the day before yesterday. The skin is in the drying shed now. Indeed, you were in danger!"

Miss Grayman only tossed her head. She was getting more and more suspicious, and yet without any definite ground that she could explain to herself. Why should the fact that somebody had been digging in the woods concern her? She couldn't tell, and yet somehow she couldn't help thinking about it. It was a strange place for such a thing to be. If she had known what that digging meant! She did not even guess, and yet her woman's instinct had warned her that something wrong lurked there.

"Come," she said to Susan; "we'll go to our rooms, where we shall be safe, since the forest is so dangerous."

And without another word she left the crestfallen Mrs. Williams and ascended to her apartments. Once there, she sat down and tried to think it out. Why had she been so disturbed in mind? She couldn't tell—it was all too confused and indefinite. Then the thought of her friends recurred, and she glanced at her watch. It was after 1 o'clock.

"Good gracious!" she exclaimed, springing to her feet. "They ought to be here now. They may arrive at any moment."

And she threw open the window. But her watching was in vain, and in a little while Mrs. Williams knocked at her door and announced that the midday meal was on the table.

"It must be a great strain on your patience that they do not come," she said, "and it is dreadfully annoying. But sometimes when an aero breaks down it takes a long time for repairs. Commodore Brown had an accident happen to the Chameleon a few weeks ago, and they were two days fixing it up."

"Indeed," said Miss Grayman. "I hope they won't be so long this time. But, tell me, why do they call the aero the Chameleon? It's a queer name, and yet it seems to me I have heard it before."

"I don't know really," replied Mrs. Williams, a shade of anxiety flitting across her face, while she thought to herself, "What a fool I have been!"

Then she continued quickly: "Commodore Brown is a very romantic man, full of the most beautiful ideas. I suppose it was one of his fancies. You should see what delightful friends he has who come here—ladies and gentlemen—and I tell you they make the place gay."

Miss Grayman's suspicions were lulled again, and they finished the meal in good spirits, for Mrs. Williams, circling around the table and ordering all sorts of dainties for Miss Grayman, proved herself at the same time almost as entertaining a story teller as Payton himself.

But in the afternoon trouble came again. Weary of waiting, Miss Grayman had proposed to Susan another trip in the canoe. But to her intense displeasure Mrs. Williams insisted that either she or Indian John should take the paddle.

"But I can paddle myself, as you very well know," said Miss Grayman.

"Yes," was the reply, "but there is always danger—great danger. I should not be doing my duty either by you or by Commodore Brown, who has left you in my care."

"Very well," returned Miss Grayman, with dignity. "If I am a prisoner I suppose at least that I can safely be trusted in my room."

And she walked back to the lodge, followed by Susan, and went straight upstairs.

"Please don't be offended," protested Mrs. Williams, following them to the door. "I only"—

But the door was shut in her face, and then Miss Grayman threw herself into a chair and, girl-like, began to cry.

Yet, poor child, even now she did not comprehend that she was a prisoner.

(To be Continued)

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Vice Versa

[illegible]

[illegible] [illegible] Jeanette, [illegible] must be [illegible]. Yesterday [illegible] had to run for [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] with the other and started [illegible], only turning to say: "Jean- [illegible] coffee is no better today. You [illegible] speak to Sarah again."

[illegible] Arthur, I know, but Sarah," be- [illegible] poor Jeanette, stopping to quiet [illegible]'s demands to "Walk dust 'ittle [illegible] way wiv daddy."

[illegible] the front door had closed and [illegible] and daddy were on their way, [illegible] turned with a sigh to attend [illegible] many daily duties of a house- [illegible] with one incompetent maid and [illegible] babies.

[illegible] was a hot, sultry morning, the chil- [illegible] fretty and Sarah in an uncertain [illegible], as Jeanette bathed baby Jean, [illegible] Sarah's doubtful help. A little [illegible] [illegible] for husband and her [illegible]. "Oh, dear! Why does [illegible] have to be so different after peo- [illegible] married! Things always going [illegible]; not half time enough to set [illegible] right. Fusses instead of—well, [illegible] and roses," and Jeanette [illegible] in spite of herself, but across [illegible] memory flashed the picture of two [illegible] on a moonlit piazza.

"[illegible] you sure, Arthur, dear," the [illegible] was saying, "we won't be like all [illegible] married people who seem to have [illegible] how to be really nice to each [illegible] and just fuss about house things [illegible] food and—well, you know—read [illegible] at the table and all that?"

"[illegible] as anything, sweetheart," [illegible] the man. "We could never be [illegible] that, and as for reading papers [illegible] I have you across the table from [illegible] well"—

Jeanette came out from her reverie [illegible] in time to save little Jean's tiny [illegible] shoes from being launched into [illegible].

"What fun it would be if one could [illegible] for a tiny vacation, push time [illegible] and be just a girl again, with [illegible] to say nice things and all the [illegible] of it," thought Jeanette. "Wonder [illegible] changed a whole lot in four [illegible]. Would I get the same kind of [illegible] times? I would like to try." And, [illegible] baby under one arm, Jeanette [illegible] to the mirror. "Not so bad. I am [illegible], of course, but with the same [illegible], time for hair fixing and cold [illegible] I wouldn't look so different."

[illegible] dressed and fed the baby with [illegible] abstracted air. As she laid her in [illegible] crib the front door opened. "Hello, [illegible]," called a voice in a stage whis- [illegible], "the babes asleep?"

"Wait. I'll come down," answered Jeanette, suiting the action to the [illegible]. "Kit, dear, it's good to see you. [illegible] did you get here so soon?"

"I came late last night, found mother [illegible] in Red Cross work for the day, so [illegible] over here. Come here, Bobby, [illegible], and give auntie a kiss. Merciful [illegible], Jean, but you look hot and [illegible]! Believe me, I'll continue to [illegible] to kindergarten work. At least [illegible] get a vacation in hot weather. [illegible] you are, landed in a house in the country supposedly for a vacation, but you don't look as though you were get- [illegible] one. Sarah any better help now?"

"Not much, and, you see, Kit, we have to eat, and the babes must be [illegible] care of no matter where we are. [illegible] be helped, so don't get excited."

"Well, it's too bad. I'll tell you what, [illegible]," exclaimed Kit, otherwise Katherine, "I have an idea. Change [illegible] with me for the rest of the day. [illegible] off and do any old thing you [illegible] and leave the kiddies to the tender [illegible] of their Aunt Kit."

"You are a dear, but you only came [illegible] night and are tired yourself. I [illegible] do it."

"I'm not tired like you are. I haven't [illegible] thing to do, and I love the babies. [illegible] skip along."

"But, Katherine, you don't know [illegible] their food and naps, and Bobby [illegible] hard to manage, and Sarah is in a [illegible] humor," began Jeanette.

"Now, listen. You can tell me about [illegible] and naps. And don't I manage [illegible] little wretches ten months in the year? As for Sarah, you can leave her to me. I'll jolly her along."

"Well," hesitated Jeanette, "then I'll do it."

"Get along before you change your mind." Katherine was "relentless [illegible]" at her heels.

Fifteen minutes later Jeanette might have been seen stealing quietly out of a side door clad in tramping skirt and middy blouse. Under her arm was a book and a long package suspiciously like a fishing rod. Over her shoulder hung a fish basket. She took a short cut across some fields to a cool woodsy place where a little brook rippled its way over the stones. Jeanette stopped in the shade and took a long breath.

"Oh, how good it smells and how cool!" She dropped her burden in the grass and plunged both hands into the clear cool water.

"Just to think," she said, addressing the brook, "that you have been so near me all these weeks and I have never known it. I wonder if there are any trout in you." She followed the brook [illegible], finding fresh delights on every [illegible] [illegible] banks of ferns and [illegible] pool shaded by overhanging rocks. In a moment she had her rod at work and a tiny fly rippled the surface of the water. She tried again, but this time it caught in the bushes. The next time her patience was rewarded, and a fair sized trout lay beside her on the bank.

"Not so bad," rejoiced Jeanette. "I wish Arthur could see you." She tried several nearby pools with no success, then the line and fly became hopelessly entangled in a tree. In despair she climbed into the low branch of a nearby scrub apple tree and with a long stick was trying to poke the line from the branches of the other tree when it slipped from her hand and fell with a crash. She heard a sudden exclamation and, turning quickly, almost lost her balance. A young man was standing in the brook behind her, rod in hand, his line entangled with hers, astonishment in his face.

"What"— he began, then stopped.

"Were you going to say, 'What am I doing in this tree?' I'll tell you what I was trying to do. Did my stick hit you?" Jeanette paused for want of breath.

"It did. It hit my arm with that result," and the young man waved his hand toward the tree full of lines. "But what were you doing in the tree? It is a good thing you made yourself known or you might have heard some language. There is a trout in that pool, just one, that I have tried for every day for a week on every fly I possess, but I can't suit his taste. He's a mighty particular old gentleman. But I am bound to have the old chap if I have to devote my entire vacation to the job."

"Oh, I'm afraid I have your trout!" Jeanette exclaimed. "Look!" and she held the trout up for his inspection.

"By Jove! Did you get him out of that pool? If you did, he is the same old boy. I'm glad to know he is caught. It takes a load off my mind. Would you mind showing me the fly he took?"

"Not at all, but I can't. The fly is in the tree," and Jeanette pointed to where the two lines hung in the branches overhead. In another moment they were both at work disentangling the lines.

"There! The trick is done. Is that the fly he took? It would have been about my last guess," he said. "By the way, I have a few small trout, and I'm as hungry as a bear. What do you say to cooking them and eating them on the spot? I know you don't live in the village, but from what you say you must be visiting there. I'm Deacon Alden's nephew, Stephen Alden, and if you are visiting relatives you are probably a second or third cousin of mine. You know about every one is related in a village of this size, so everything will be perfectly proper. Come on, cousin, let's get luncheon," and he laughed with such boyish good nature and good will that Jeanette laughed also.

"You certainly sound respectable. I'll add my trout and sandwiches to yours. You make a fire and I'll cook the trout."

The thought of food brought the babies to Jeanette's mind. Would they give Bobby the right food and the baby's milk? But she resolutely put them out of her mind and tried to have the "good time" that she would have had before the advent of Arthur and the babes.

Stephen Alden was having a good time and a "good feed," and he rattled on in a happy, care free fashion.

In spite of herself, Jeanette answered rather absentmindedly. How had she happened to forget that coat of Arthur's? It should have gone to the cleaner's that morning.

She answered a question about a recent novel so vaguely that the young man looked at her in a puzzled way.

"Probably not much of a reader," he thought. "She's a mighty pretty girl and a good little companion. Didn't fuss a bit about smoke or bugs, and she can fish. I'll try her on something else."

"Oh, dear," thought Jeanette. "I'd forgotten what stupid things I used to like to talk about. Tennis, ball games, dancing, were all very well, but how I would like to get hold of those blessed babies. I simply can't stand it."

"I really must be starting now for home," she began, gathering up her things. "It's been very nice and jolly and thanks for getting me out of the mess I was in. No, you must not leave your fishing. I'm not far from home," and she left so abruptly that Stephen Alden wondered what he could possibly have said to offend her.

As she came into the village she saw people hurrying along the street.

"What is all the excitement?" she called as two boys ran past her.

"Been an accident. Baby run over by an automobile. The yeller haired kid what belongs to them city folks. Guess he's killed," called the boy.

Killed! Her little Bobby, whom she had left such a short time ago. Oh, where was Arthur! If she could only get to him this nightmare would go. Why hadn't she realized sooner what Arthur and the babies meant to her? How could she have ever thought for one minute that it would be fun to go back to those meaningless, pleasureful girlhood days! If she had only known as she knew now! If she had only been at home this dreadful thing couldn't have happened.

She never knew how she reached her front gate. She saw her husband in the crowd. "Arthur," she cried. "Bobby"— She could get no further. He was at her side in an instant. "Jean, dear, it isn't Bobby. Look, he is on the porch. It is another little fellow, but he is not much hurt. Where have you been, Jean?"

"Arthur, first take me to my babies."

Later that evening she made her confession of the momentary discontent to her husband, but she added, "the cure, I am sure, will be a permanent one."

Joffre Admires Canadians.

The Prime Minister has received the following cablegram from Sir George Perley, acting High Commissioner for Canada in London:

London, Oct. 8, 1917.

Prime Minister, Ottawa:

The Canadian Military Mission called on Marshal Joffre this morning to pay their respects to the victor of the Marne. The Marshal said he was all the more pleased with their visit, as the memories of the ovations accorded him in Montreal while M. Viviani was being acclaimed in Ottawa, were still fresh in his mind. He expressed his admiration for the part played by the Canadian army in the war, adding: "I am just a soldier. I do not know anything about your politics. I am positive, however, that in Canada, as in all the other Entente countries, it is realized by all that in this fight against the assassination of Belgium and Serbia every civilized man must bring his maximum effort to bear.

(Signed) Perley.

New Citizens.

Over 2,000 agriculturists from the United States have settled on the grain-fields of Western Canada since January 1st of this year.

The Crops of Quebec.

The Bureau of Statistics of the province has issued an estimate of the yields of grain crops in Quebec in 1917. The figures are:

	Bushels.
Wheat	2,952,000
Oats	33,988,000
Barley	3,212,000
Rye	442,000
Peas	897,000
Beans	841,000
Buckwheat	2,882,000
Flaxseed	63,000
Mixed grains	3,070,000

The preparation of these statistics in so full a form is a new activity of the administration of the province; and it may take some time and experience to secure the approximation to accuracy which issue that is to be expected in connection with crop estimates. As the records stand they show a grain production of about 50,000,000 bushels, of which over three-fifths is oats. The wheat yield is under 4,000,000 bushels, and is probably about one-quarter of the consumption of the province. The statistics of the bureau would indicate that the acreage under wheat has increased somewhat in recent years, the yield in the late past having been estimated at between one and two million bushels a year. Quebec was at one time a considerable grower of wheat, both of the winter and spring varieties. As in other parts of the continent, however, many of the farmers exhausted the capacity of their soils and had to take to other branches of culture to make a living. The greater production now claimed may be evidence of improvement in methods as well as an extension of the area under cultivation. The province has long been a large oat-growing district. In comparing Quebec's production with that of provinces to the west it is to remembered that this province is under some climatological disadvantages which make harder the work of the advanced agriculturist. In recent years, also, grain growing has been giving way in many districts, in both the eastern and western divisions, to dairying and stock raising, with highly profitable results; and at the last industrial fair at Toronto Quebec dairymen took more than a proportionate number of the awards for excellence.

An Official Story-Teller.

In several of the public libraries of Canada story-telling to children has for some years been a special feature. Each Saturday morning from fifty to one hundred children assemble at the library in a room set apart for the purpose and called the "Children's Room." The ages of the children vary from six to fourteen years. At St. John, New Brunswick, story-telling has been continued now for three years. This year it has been found advisable to divide the children according to age and to hold two classes of half an hour each. The work has steadily grown in interest, and the demand for books of a less trivial type justify the work of the committee in charge. During the summer, when opportunity offers and a story-teller of note is a guest of the city, notice is given to the library, and it is often possible to have a special session.

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might easily have a total or partial loss—sound business methods demand that you be prepared for such a calamity, the good old

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Policies cost $2.00 and upwards. Consult me.

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We also cater to the Autoists and have a full line of Auto Accessories on hand. Our Bowser Gasoline Tank is always ready to supply your wants.

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1 Premium rate from 10 to 25 per cent. lower than any other company in Canada for the same class of Policy.

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A. H. Watson, Madoc, Local Agent

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You will get one hundred cents worth for every dollas you spend in a Suit or Overcoat of

ART CLOTHES

and a little extra in Style, Fit and Workmanship. They are tailored to your measure---perfect fit and satisfaction guaranteed.

The Fall and Winter samples are here---Make your selection now.

GEORGE WEST DEALER **MADOC**

Great Christmas Sale

At this time of year everybody is thinking over the perplexing problem "What shall I give this Christmas?" Our lines are so many and varied that you will experience no difficulty in selecting an appropriate gift for any friend or relation that you may wish to remember. Here are a few of the many lines that will serve as suitable gifts for most anyone:

Felt Boots, Moccasins, Overshoes high and low, Cozy Slippers for every member of the family. Boots and Rubbers for young and old. Sets of Furs from $5.00 up to $90.00; Muffs and Stoles sold separate if you wish. 10 pr. womens $10 high top Boots, sale price $7.85. Sewing Machines on sale from $15 up. Victrolas and Talking Machines from $21 up. How about that Heintzman Piano? Get your order in at ance so that you may have it in your home for Xmas. Club Bags, Suit Cases and Trunks for all those who wish to travel. A few Winter Coats, both fur and cloth, to clear at a bargain. Come early and get first choice of anything.

A. KINCAID

THE
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THURSDAY MORNING
AT THE
REVIEW PRINTING OFFICE, MADOC, ONT

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.—One dollar and a half per year ... advance.

No paper will be stopped until all arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher. A post office notice is not sufficient unless a settlement to date has been made. Subscribers changing their address should immediately notify the publisher, giving old and new address. Subscribers outside the limits of the County must pay in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.—Transient advertising, such as Legal Notices, Public Notices, Public Meetings, Municipal Advertisements, etc., inserted at the rate of 10 cents per line Nonpareil space for the first insertion and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. All advertisements of this class measured from rule to rule and by the scale of solid Nonpareil, 12 lines to the inch.

Condensed advertisements of Estray Stock, Articles Lost, Found, or For Sale, Teachers Wanted, Situations Wanted, Help Wanted, To Let, Business Chances, and others of a like nature, not exceeding 12 lines Nonpareil, inserted at the rate of 50 cents for first insertion and 25 cents for each week afterwards. Ads. of this class must be paid in advance.

Any notice, the object of which is to promote the pecuniary benefit of any individual or corporation is considered an advertisement and must be charged as such.

MADOC, DECEMBER 27, 1917

When Japanese hotheads were saying that California should be punished for the breaking of treaties by its anti-Japanese legislation, Count Okuma, at a gathering of editors, educators, publishers, and Christians said in substance: "This problem can't be settled by diplomacy, by anti-American legislation, by war, or even by threats of war. The only possible solution is by appeal to Americans to apply to those problems the principles of Christian faith—the brotherhood of man." It is to be hoped that Christmas everywhere will not fail to respond to this appeal.

KINDS OF COURAGE.

War Recalls a Statement Made by Lord Byron.

Lord Byron, who was a good deal of a soldier himself despite his physical handicap, once wrote to his publisher, John Murray: "The French courage proceeds from vanity, the German from phlegm, the Turkish from fanaticism and opium, the Spanish from pride, the English from coolness, the Dutch from obstinacy, the Russian from insensibility, but the Italian from anger." There is plenty of room for difference of opinion as to what kind of courage is the most dangerous to opponents, but Byron seems to have analyzed national characteristics with considerable accuracy. He was not entirely just to the French in leaving out of consideration their fervent love of country, in the expression of which they are more demonstrative than most other peoples. Certainly in the present war the utmost patriotic devotion, not vanity, has inspired their heroic achievements. And yet, in the case of the individual, there is much of truth, and it is not necessarily uncomplimentary, in Byron's reference to French courage. It means that the Frenchman thinks too much of himself to be a coward. As to the German, his phlegmatic temperament undoubtedly has rendered him a service in many a tight place. If he does not become sufficiently excited to execute a brilliant charge, he is also not so likely as some others to lose his head and run away. He is apt to stay where he is put.

English coolness is proverbial. In every emergency of life, from a railroad accident to a battle, the Englishman keeps his feelings carefully concealed. He may really be more afraid than the phlegmatic German, but his greatest dread is that anybody should know it. For Russian "insensibility" perhaps "stolidity" should be substituted, for there was a time, although it is hard to realize it in view of recent developments, when Russian soldiers evinced utter indifference to danger amounting virtually to fatalism. The peasant troops apparently proceeded on the principle that their lives belonged to the Czar and they had little concern as to what became of them. Byron's reference to the Italians is significant in the light of what they have been doing in this latest chapter of the war. They seem indeed to have been moved finally to righteous anger against their Austrian foes. When the Italian's courage flames up it is difficult to extinguish. He does not easily forgive or forget his wrongs and injuries, and the long-pent-up feelings which he has held toward Austria are now finding emphatic expression. The Italian possesses not merely the dash and brilliancy of the French; he is urged on by an implacable desire to "get" his enemy and never rests until he has accomplished his object. That is why Austria may yet tremble.

A Prophecy Come True.

Only seven years ago M. Bloch, the great Russian banker, wrote: "That is the future of war—not fighting, but famine; not the slaying of men, but the bankruptcy of nations, and the breaking up of the whole social organization of the nations."

The future of war, as written about by M. Bloch seven years ago, is the present of war to-day. Not that fighting and the slaying of men are lessened. Only the Napoleonic and the Thirty Years' wars approach to-day's war in the terrible losses of human life; and too great a drain on the human life of any one or several of the nations engaged may be the deciding factor in the war's conclusion. But on the whole, and as matters stand to-day, that part of M. Bloch's prophecy referring to the predominant influence of the food problem in modern war is thoroughly borne out by the facts. Despite the fearful and fatal struggling of an incredible number of men, consuming inconceivable quantities of munitions, and using such amazing methods of fighting as are beyond even the fantastic imaginings of the romancers of a decade ago, the national and international phases of the food and general economic problem are the predominant features of the war situation to-day.

China Awakening.

Here then is the situation: China is ruled by force; as yet there is not, in governmental circles, any considerable recognition of constitutional rights; but from below there is an almost imperceptible but unmistakable stirring on the part of the people, who are beginning to conceive of themselves as a part of it all.

A mighty nation is gaining political compactness and momentum. There is no immediate danger of its power being felt outside of its own boundaries. But surely and slowly China is moving toward something. It may be trust in militarism and a consequent need for military preparations on a vastly enhanced scale. Or it may be a breath of true democracy and sense of responsibility to uphold the rights of mankind. For the people are awakening, and this awakening can be put to rule by force or armament or rule by the will of the majority.—Mayard Owen Williams, in The Christian Herald.

Modern Gaza.

In almost every particular the modern Gaza is an Egyptian rather than a Syrian town. It is full of rich vegetation, and its many glistening minarets show up against the dull green of innumerable olive-trees. Gaza is still, as of old, a place of trade, of camels and caravans, and its bazaars are loud with traffic and filled with merchandise.

ORIGIN OF ESKIMOS.

Traced Musically by Christian Leden, Explorer.

Primitive music hitherto has been little regarded from the standpoint of racial history. Such facts as have been gathered about tribal rhythms and melodies have been much exploited as material for the composition of exotic-sounding pieces for the modern concert hall, but they have been little applied to the comparative study of lost or disappearing civilizations. If some traveler to-day discovers a folk tune in Abyssinia, inevitably some composer to-morrow will write an "Abyssinian" intermezzo for full orchestra, with a number of new instruments added. If an antiquarian goes into the back country of Peru and brings out a strange melody from the mountain people, a musician is sure to seize upon it at once as the theme of an aria for an Inca opera.

Breaking away from the idea that the present use of a folk tune is what counts for most, Christian Leden, the Arctic explorer, has investigated Eskimo music in Greenland with the purpose of learning its past significance.

Starting with the idea that the origins of a race can be studied as well through music as through spoken lore, he has taken phonographic records of Eskimo singing as he has heard it under both domestic and ceremonial conditions. The way that a people expresses itself in music does not change so much, according to him, as does its way of expressing itself through other forms of culture. The Eskimos of the present time, as he has noted his theories to interviewers, have the same manner of vocal delivery, the same way of putting a stress on a tone and the same method for constructing a melody that their ancestors had centuries ago.

Going on the theory that races have permanent traits of voice rhythm and tune, Mr. Leden has compared his records of Eskimo singing with his own and other travelers' records of American Indian singing; and he has come to the conclusion that the Eskimo tribes of Greenland and the Indian tribes of both North and South America have a common ancestry. In fact, he holds that he has found a strong argument showing the Eskimos to be descendants of American Indians who were driven northward perhaps thousands of years ago and who have since remained isolated there.

One of the peculiarities which the explorer, talking informally with journalists, has mentioned as common to Eskimo and American Indian singing is a sliding, or glissando, accent of important phrases. There are other details which he has submitted to ethnologists. He has yet to make a complete popular presentation of his researches.

Canada's Fixed Determination.

We in Canada have been at war for over three years and we are weary. The strain has been great; the sacrifices have been terrible. We have given in blood and human suffering and the anguish of bereavement; we have given in gold and toil and effort. We need rest, and we want rest, but, if I know the spirit of Canada, we will not take rest until the war is ended and victory is achieved.

Up to now we have done well. We have enlisted about 400,000 men, equal in proportion to 5,000,000 from the United States. If in striking the proportion we should omit the French-Canadian population and the French-Canadian enlistments, it would be equal to 7,000,000 men from the United States. We have raised about a billion of dollars, which, on the basis of the wealth of the two nations, would be equivalent to some forty billions from the United States. We have produced huge quantities of munitions. We have kept up the production of our farms and our factories. But if we are to continue the full performance of our duty, it must from now on be under government direction and government compulsion.

We have said again and again that we were in this war to the last man and the last dollar. We have said this clearly and flatly; we have not qualified it by saying to the last voluntary man, to the last willing dollar. There are timid men and timid dollars; if we are to use them we must take them; it is not enough to invite them and say that they will be welcome.—Atlantic Monthly.

GREETINGS

The spirit of the season prompts us to express to you appreciation of our pleasant business relations during the past year and to most heartily wish you health and all prosperity for the coming year.

G. C. MOON

CHRISTMAS!

The Best Christmas Gift is something to wear.

This store now presents a fascinating exhibition of those things which men and boys would buy for themselves and associate with the spirit of Christmas.

See our full line of

NEW TIES 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00
NEW SHIRTS $1.00, 1.25, 1.50, 2.00
NEW SWEATERS $2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 7.00
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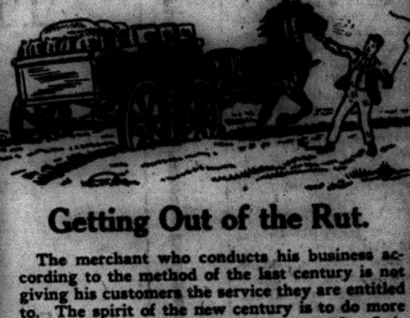

Getting Out of the Rut.

The merchant who conducts his business according to the method of the last century is not giving his customers the service they are entitled to. The spirit of the new century is to do more than to merely turn goods over at a profit. It is to really earn that profit by giving real service, accommodation and reliable advice. The modern merchant must know his goods thoroughly and what is best adapted to every household requirement.

That class of merchant invariably advertises. That is the one sure test of his being abreast of the times.

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Happy and Prosperous New Year

Good-fitting Footwear is essential to happiness. We handle the following staple lines:

Men's, women's and children's Moccasins, all-felt Boats and felt-lined Boots and Overshoes.

A good assortment of men's, women's and girls Spats and Leggings.

Special attention is paid to men's heavy Rubbers, which we carry in six good lines at reasonable prices.

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Review Ads. Pay Big Profits

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Our delicious Cod Liver, Beef, Peptone and Iron Tonic.

...ll build you up and create strength. $1.04 a bottle.

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CHRISTMAS GOODS

OUR LINES OF BLOUSES, SWEATERS, JABOTS, COLLARS, HANDKERCHIEFS, WOOL SETS, UNDERWEAR, HOSIERY, GLOVES, FANCY GOODS, SUITS, COATS, DRESSES, AND SKIRTS, MAKE THE MOST USEFUL GIFTS FOR CHRISTMAS.

...adies' Wear

Fred Curry

HOME NEWS

...Thos. Bulpit spent Christmas ...

...writer Ribbons ... ...iew Office.

...and Mrs. H. J. Lloyd, of Hollo... ...Christmas with the latter's ..., Mrs. A. Bronson.

...Cormick and Deering Repairs ... Rollins'.

...Gladys Aylsworth left this ...to visit her sister, Miss Grace ...orth, at Niagara Falls.

...and Mrs. Howard Connor, of ..., are spending the holidays at ...me of Mr. W. E. Connor.

...Percy Naylet has granted ...of attorney to his father, Mr. J. ..., to collect all debts owing the ... Percy has enlisted. 51-3p

...and Mrs. Pincock, of St. Cathar... ...and Mrs. W. P. J. Alexander, ... and Miss Aileen O'Hara, ...Toronto Conservatory of Music, ...ding the holidays under the ... roof.

...gated boxes for sending to ..., 2 sizes, 3c. and 15c. at Re... Office.

...T. Bulpit has just received the ... of the death in action on ... of her nephew, Pte. Jas. ..., of Campbellford, who went ... the 1st Contingent. He was ...ly wounded November 9, 1915.

...nual Oyster Supper of L. O. L. ..., will be held New Year's night ... Hall, Cooper. Admission ... a couple. Proceeds in aid of ... 50-3

...of the most surprising incidents ...ed on Christmas eve when the ...Bronson brothers arrived in Ma... ...ter an absence of a good many ... Daniel took up his abode in ... about 35 years ago and has ... there. Angus spent 20 ... the gold fields of Alaska and ... at Everett, Wash., and ...'s home is in Cleveland, Ohio. ... brothers had the privilege of ... together with the exception ..., who was killed in action ..., July 17th, 1917.

...n't fail to hear the recital given ... Pincott (nee Miss Jennie ...), Miss A. O'Hara and Miss ... in the Methodist church on ... December 28, at 8 p.m. Ad... ...c. Proceeds for I.O.D.E.

Madoc Model School closed on Friday last.

Miss Jean Burns, of Toronto, returned home this week.

—Eavetroughing and Job Work at G. A. Rollins'.

Miss Laura McGhee, of Toronto, is visiting her parents in town.

Miss Nettie Feeney is spending the holidays with Marmora friends.

—Carbon Paper, 1c. and 5c. a sheet at the Review Office.

Mr. and Mrs. Ghent, of Havelock, are visiting at Mr. Wm. Spurr's.

Miss Gladys Kells, of Peterboro Normal School, has returned to her home.

Miss Brereton, of Toronto, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. F. Aylsworth.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Wellman, of Latta, were guests in town over the holiday.

Mr. and Mrs. Manley Tufts and child, of Gilmour, are visiting at Mr. E. C. Tufts.

—Moore's non-leakable Fountain Pen's, $2.50 up at Review Office.

Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Ivey, of Toronto, are guests at the home of Mr. George Wright.

Mr. and Mrs. John Henderson and son, Jack, are spending a few days in Marmora.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Moon, of Rainy River, are guests of his mother, Mrs. M. Moon.

Miss Maud Keene, who had a position as milliner at Lucknow, has returned home.

Miss Irene Whytock, of Windsor, is spending the holidays under the parental roof.

Mr. Kinear Cross, of St. Andrew's College, Toronto, has returned to his home in town.

—Lost—Leather tool bag bearing stamp of B.T.Co. somewhere between Madoc and Murphy's Corners. Finder leave at Review Office. 52-tf

Miss Mary Kerr, of Peterboro, was last week the guest of her niece, Miss Margaret Kerr.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Stewart and Miss Rose Brennan are spending the holidays in Pembroke.

Miss Margaret Watson is this week the guest of her friend Miss Jean McIntosh, in Belleville.

Mr. Gibson, of the Review staff, spent the Christmas holidays in Toronto with his family.

When we extended Christmas greetings to our friends in 1916 we were in hopes that this time the war would be over, and that we could once more return to the happy thoughts and good wishes that were universal at this season before the awful calamity overtook the world. But such things are not to be. Peace on earth and good-will to all men are again postponed and we fear it will be many generations before all will be included.

Win-the-War is about the only thing that counts. There is no doubt that we will win it. Victory may be postponed for a time and we may have some dark moments, but in the end we are sure to win.

All circumstances considered we extend to you our very best wishes.

W. Connor & Son Hardware Phone 8, Madoc

RECITAL

Friday, December 28th

given by

Mrs. R. N. Pincock, L.T.C.M., pianist
Miss Aileen O'Hara, Vocalist
Miss Madeleine Preston, A. C. S. E., Elocutionist

under the auspices of the I.O.D.E. at 8 p.m. in the basement of the

Methodist Church, Madoc

Proceeds for Patriotic Purposes.

ADMISSION - - 35 cents

Mrs. Kay and children, of Schomberg, are guests of Mrs. M. Caverly and Miss Emma Dougan.

Mr. Clive Atkins left yesterday to spend a week with Mrs. Clare and other friends in Belleville.

Mr. Luke Fraser, of Toronto Dental College, was the guest of his cousin, Dr. G. Fraser, last week.

Miss Rae Farrell and Mr. Ross Farrell, of Belleville, are guests of their grandmother, Mrs. C. Harris.

Miss Ruth Bristol, of Peterboro, Miss Mary and Miss Helen, of Toronto, are spending the holidays under the parental roof.

Miss V. Robinson, teacher in S. S. No. 17, Madoc township, held a very successful Red Cross entertainment on Friday evening consisting of songs, recitations, etc., and closing with a sale of lunch baskets, auctioned off by James Kincaid, the popular Women's Institute auctioneer. The magnificent sum of $144.35 was realized.

The Citizens' Reception Committee tendered a reception in the Town Hall last Wednesday evening to Pte. Clarence Howser. Pte. Howser contracted diphtheria in France which rendered him unfit for further military duties and was invalided home. There was a goodly representation of citizens present. The Madoc Band was present and enlivened the proceedings with the rendering of appropriate selections. Mr. T. H. Thompson, M. P., officiated as chairman and the Rev. A. E. Sinart and Messrs. Gillespie, Watson, Brown and Aylesworth delivered addresses of welcome.

The last meeting of the Madoc Women's Patriotic League was held at the home of Miss Cross. The President, Mrs. E. Bristol, occupied the chair. The sum of $30 was voted towards the Halifax Relief Fund being sent by the village. A letter from Mrs. Eagleson resigning her office as Treasurer was read and received without comment. As it was so near the annual meeting it was decided not to appoint another Treasurer, Mrs. Bristol consenting to ask Mrs. Eagleson to furnish the Society with a Treasurer's report for the last six months. The next meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. Tufts on January 8th at 3 p. m. It is hoped there will be a large attendance to complete arrangements for the annual meeting.

School Reports

The following is the report of S. S. No. 4, Elzevir:

IV—J Roushorn 75, C Kehoe 66, P Bruyea 63, H Roushorn 55, M Clarke 55, J Herbertson 42.
III—M Moore 67, M Sexsmith 67, I Baker 62, E Fisher 61, J Groves 60, L Laton 48, V Baker 38, F Generoux 34, T Kehoe 34.
Jr. II—A Generoux 72.
Sr. I—E Sexsmith 72, E Generoux 64, E Baker 47, D Generoux 38.
Jr. I—J Kelly, F Sexsmith.

A. J. Thomson.

The following is the report for the fall term of Blakely's school, No. 16, Madoc:

Sr. IV—M McCarey 71, M Gawley 68.
Jr. IV—E Blakely 84.
Sr. III—W Shaw 46.
Jr. III—L McCarey 81, F Walsh 68, H Shaw 68, F Shaw 52.
Sr. II—M Gawley 69, R Carman 65, D Carman 60, J Trotter 55.
Sr. I—H Gawley 59, D Bailey 59, W Empey 60.

M. Blakely.

Madoc Women's Institute

The Executive of the Women's Institute of Madoc wish to thank the members of the Institute and all friends who so bravely rallied in spite of the storm to make the annual bazaar held on December 8th such an unqualified success. Although the result did not reach the amount expected all will be more than satisfied when they consider that the day was the stormiest of the season. The concert was splendid and the entertainers were there as promised, but many were unable to attend as had been expected. Following is a detailed report as far as available to date:

Farmers' booth	$81 30
Fancy-work booth	65 77
Summer girls' booth	29 69
Apron booth	19 20
Candy booth	20 00
Fish pond	4 40
Games and fortune telling	9 87
Tea-room	79 30
Sale of calf tickets	185 00
Donations for Navy Fund	25 00
Christmas cake	14 20
Sale of live stock	33 00
Concert tickets	44 75
Making a total of	$610 88

Why Not Church Union Also?

The Tweed News is on the right track. To the press of Canada is to a great degree due the initiative and the successful carrying out of political unionism. We believe the same power, if directed with the same energy and sincerity of purpose towards Sectarian unionism, would produce a measure of success, but it is idle to expect the forces that brought about religious disunion to ever bring union.

Tweed News:—The Tories and the Grits set about it and they decided to unite and they made a great success of it, didn't they?

The Methodists, the Presbyterians and the Congregationalists have been wasting a lot of time and chin energy on the question of union and haven't got very far on the road yet. Now they should take a leaf out of the Union Cabinet and get busy.

And, by the way, since union is such a live issue and promises such great things, why may we not have a real Union Church?

In the election just closed high dignitaries in the Roman Catholic church, the Methodist church, the Presbyterian church, the Anglican church, the Baptist church, the Jewish church and other churches, all forgot for the time their silly little "isms" and other ecclesiastical clap-traps and joined hands in the win-the-war contest and they exerted a mighty influence.

Men are saved only by and through the birth, life, work, sacrifice, death and resurrection of Jesus Christ, the Prince of Peace and it will be a great day for this old world when men and women the world over will worship at a common altar.

How can we in the name of the Christ-gospel justify all this unnecessary overlapping of sectarian effort and waste of human energy and money?

Just the other evening a missionary, pleading for help in the mission fields, stated that in her field there was but one person to preach the gospel to a million souls hungering for the Bread of Life, while right here in Tweed we maintain five men to minister to the needs of probably fifteen hundred souls.

There's union in the trenches, in the death lines of the struggling Empires, why shouldn't there be union back of the trenches?

Madoc Public School

Sr. IV—G MacTavish, W Rupert, E Rupert, I Wellington, L Ronsehorn, E Blue, J Christie.
Jr. IV—A Tucker, E Cochran, M Foote, K Phillips, E Vince, M Cochran, V Keene, A Harden and A Rogers, M Ash, C Clark, S Eagleson, V McGhee, A Smith, J Watson.

Mrs. Patterson.

Sr. III—L Ketcheson, C Demille, E Jarvis, G McCoy, M MacTavish.
Jr. III—W Peacock, M Langman, N Williams, L Forestal, N Fair, B Jackson, J O'Connell, M Smith, C Smith.

N. Feeney.

Sr. III—P Crawford, H Caskey, J MacTavish, M Clark, A McCoy, G Vince, S Blair.
Jr. II—D Campbell, L Walker, M Ross, S Kilpatrick, J Rupert, L Hart, A Sandford, G Letts.

I. M. Breakell.

A—P Mumby, G Robinson, A Tompkins, W Danford, E Hart.
B—M Comerford, H Taylor, C McCarthy, E Devolin.
C—E Tompkins, A Caskey, G Armstrong, E Mumby, C Dafoe, C Carswell.

M. Keene.

A—C Wallbridge, B Adams, R McCaw, C Hill, D Whytock.
B—C Phillips, M Bassett, H Carswell, L West, H Ludbrook, D Nickle.
C—E Armstrong, F Mumby, R McConnell, E Dafoe.

M. A. Black.

To the Potato

I knew you when I was a kid and hear unto my voice, for thou above all other things are favoured in my choice. I pray thee, as in dizzy heights, thou soarest in the skies, to look upon my humble self from out thy wonderous eyes. Now don't go hangin' any bluff that you don't know my name, nor nothin' of the village lot from whence I sprang and came nor don't you get so darn stuck up that you won't speak to me, or else I'll get my dander up and shoot harpoons at thee. I knew you when I was a kid and made pies out of mud, and then, by heck, you know right well we used to call you spud. You weren't of much account them days, you weren't so very fine, we used to take your little squibs and toss 'em to the swine. And then, when I'm at this, I'll trim you to a peak, for I don't care a hoot just now if you don't care to speak—I used to take a poison can and squirt it on your lugs, for you was always troubled with some forty kinds of bugs. There ain't a bit of reason for your conceit, by heck, because you're fetchin' these here days about one bone a peck. Why, say, you scabby, sproutin wart, you make me good and sore, but I can mind when folks who ran the corner grocery store, would take you every bloomin' time they sent an oil can out and jam you as an ornament upon the oil can spout. So you don't need to get stuck up, and throw on lots of style, because you've got a start of me that looks most like a mile. For things will change, the time will come you'll grovel in the mud, and folks once more will snort at you and call you scabby spud.—Ark in Guelph Mercury.

Elections in June Next

Daily Ontario—Now that the flurry and excitement of the federal election has passed, talk about the situation in Ontario for the local House begins.

This Government's term of office is up next June, and unless there is an extension of the life of the Parliament there will have to be an election in Ontario, when the next session is over. It is not at all likely that there will be an extension, judging from the talk at present.

Nyal Face Cream

Every woman welcomes the time of social functions. Nyal's Face Cream predominates in quality, and its distinctive fragrance and soothing softness appeals to women everywhere. That's why it sells and repeats. 25c and 50c jars.

Rierdon's Red Cross Drug Store

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Jeweler and Optician

"Ring out the old, Ring in the new."

We wish all our customers and friends a prosperous and happy New Year.

We thank you for your patronage of 1917 and solicit the same for the coming year, assuring you we will endeavor to serve your interests better in the future than in the past.

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M. Vandervoort, Mgr.

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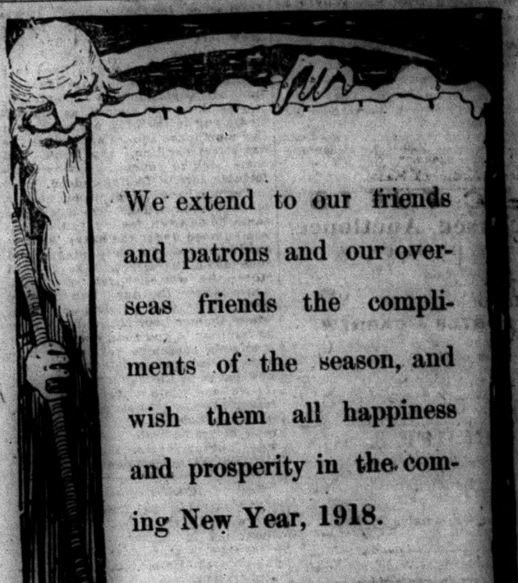

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CONTROLLING RIVER FRESHETS

A Subject of Vital Importance to Western Ontario.

Mr. Breithaupt, a well-known Canadian civil engineer, has given much time and thought to the problem of controlling destructive freshets on the Grand River and other streams that rise on the western plateau of Ontario and empty into the perimeter lakes or rivers that extend continuously from Kingston to Collingwood. The conclusions at which he has arrived, as the result of his personal observations and surveys, refer entirely to the Grand River, but, with necessary adaptations, his conclusions would apply to several other streams that rise on the same plateau and radiate to the St. Lawrence system in different directions: the Thames, Maitland, Saugeen, Sydenham, Beaver, Nottawasaga, and Credit. All of these co-operate in draining the freshet water from the plateau with great rapidity, leaving it unnaturally and at times disastrously arid, while the accumulated waters are destroying bridges, dams, and buildings in their rushing descent to the level of the lakes.

Speaking of the Grand River, Mr. Breithaupt says the most that can be effected is retardation of the waters by checking them with small dams built at suitable spots on the tributary streams. These would have an effect analogous to that of the logs and other debris that held back the water when the country was forested, and when beaver dams were numerous. The more of such artificial dams there are the greater the amount of retardation, and the less the sum total of freshet destruction. The effect in ameliorating the climate of the plateau by retaining so much retarded water must be quite appreciable, and the larger the amount of it the greater the effect of the water on the air over the whole plateau. Before the advent of the settler the swamps, which are mostly filled up lakes, held much water like springs. Arterial drainage has exhausted many of them, and this is another reason for holding up artificially the equivalent of the water that has been artificially and prematurely carried away. According to Mr. Breithaupt much benefit has already resulted from local works; it is worth considering whether the whole problem is not of sufficient importance and difficulty to be taken up as a provincial enterprise.

The Home Town.

Most people grow up with the home-town feeling for the old town—the town where they were youngsters, where they knew every kitten and puppy, every street and every alley, every cracker barrel and every candy counter, everybody and everything, at least for many a block around. It was not, of course a feeling of which you were uncomfortably conscious. As likely as not you never knew that you had it until you came back after a summer in the country, or, perhaps, came home from school for the holidays. It was then that the home-town feeling grew large within you—a fine, big, warm feeling.

If it happened that you lived in a medium-sized town in those days, the light of the station was a deeply satisfying thing. It seemed, as you rattled along in the little old hack, past the courthouse square and across the one-street car line, that you had come back to yourself—a very comfortable sort of feeling indeed.

Perhaps you lived in or near a much smaller village, but it was the same home-town feeling you had as you climbed under the heavy, horsey-smelling robe into the buggy and rode down the street. The general store, the white church, the brick house where the one rich family lived, and the patched-up cabin where the one poor family lived were so familiar to you that you were immediately conscious of every new sign in the store window and every new patch in the cabin roof. And if, perhaps, you lived in a much larger town, the distant smoke, the insistent clamor, the crowds, and the rush of traffic were the things you were looking for and the things that satisfied the home-town feeling.

Pork Exports.

The sacrifice that Canada is making to supply the Allies with food is illustrated in figures regarding her pork exports that have been made public by the United States Food Administration.

In Canada, recognizing the extreme need for the saving of certain foods for the supply of the Allies, we have taken upon ourselves the task of reducing our consumption of wheat and hog products to two-thirds of the normal consumption.

The pork products exports from Canada to the allied countries in 1913 amounted to $6,000,000 pounds, and in 1914 to 23,500,000 pounds. This was increased in 1916 to 144,000,000 pounds and in 1917 to 207,000,000 pounds. Canadian pork and bacon has to a very large extent replaced the Danish product, formerly the chief of Great Britain's external supplies, outside the United States.

A Valuable Car.

A car of No. 1 northern wheat was received in Winnipeg recently weighing 129,000 pounds and containing 2,150 bushels, with no dockage. The net proceeds of the car, less freight and commission, was $4,458.10. The weight of the wheat per measured bushel was 65 pounds. The car was loaded by George H. Hummell, of Nokomis, Sask.

Dairy Products.

The value of dairy products marketed in Manitoba during last year amounted to over $3,988,000, an increase of 16½ per cent. on the figures for the preceding year.

Blankets for Sammies.

A contract to the value of $800,000 for war-blankets for the United States troops has been placed in Canada.

Germany Makes Offer to France

FRENCH newspapers and letters received on this side of the Atlantic explain, as the cables failed to do, the reasons underlying the fall of the Painleve Administration. They also give details of a remarkable peace offer made to the French Government, the treatment of which by the Government was the immediate cause of the downfall of Painleve. As remarked in the Toronto Mail and Empire previously, the French Socialist party was the prime mover in the overthrow, and no doubt had it not been able to seize upon the German peace offer as the lever to oust Painleve it would have found some other point upon which it could unite with other Parliamentary groups and achieve the desired end. The fact that the Painleve Government had no Socialist representative in it, that the Socialists had formally declined to assist in the administration when invited by Painleve, shows clearly enough that they had in advance determined upon an attitude of hostility, open or concealed.

It appears that Count von Buelow, representing the German Government, made a written offer to France, through a Belgian diplomat, of the following terms:

The evacuation of Northern France and compensation for damage done.

The evacuation of Belgium, restitution in an amount to be fixed in accordance with the Belgian law of damages, the convening of a peace conference at Brussels under the presidency of King Albert.

Negotiations concerning a satisfactory settlement of the Alsace-Lorraine question.

These proposals were not intended, according to the German claim, to constitute a separate peace, but it was contended that if these matters could be adjusted the other difficulties might be taken up with the other powers later on.

The proposal was directed to M. Briand, former Premier, and by him communicated to M. Ribot, Foreign Minister, who in turn consulted with Mr. Balfour and Baron Sonnino, of Italy, without conferring with the Foreign Affairs Committee of the French Senate. Later on M. Ribot referred publicly to German offers being "whispered about," and asserted that France would not fall into the "trap." This created a sensation and a secret session of the Chamber was held at which M. Ribot was condemned for calling a "trap" what appeared to the United Socialists and some other groups as a genuine offer of peace. They demanded Ribot's resignation. At first Ribot refused to resign, and only did so when the Premier threatened to bring the matter to the attention of President Poincare. Following these incidents the German Foreign Minister, von Kuehlmann, publicly declared that Germany would "never, never" give up any part of Alsace-Lorraine.

M. Barthou succeeded M. Ribot, and was acceptable to the Socialists as a "new man," because he had not spoken since the beginning of the war, though his Imperialist past was well known. To the dismay of the Socialists, and maybe to the consternation of M. Painleve, Barthou's first speech was a passionate declaration that France would never abate her claim to Alsace-Lorraine, and that, moreover, France must be guaranteed in possession of her lost provinces by establishing a neutral zone in adjoining German territory. He concluded by saying that the nature of the guarantees and the extent of the territory to be neutralized were both dependent upon the extent of the French victory. This was the first time since the beginning of the war that a French Minister had declared it to be the intention of France to deprive Germany of any territory, other than colonial, except Alsace and Lorraine, which are not properly German provinces. The statement was a contradiction to what Painleve had said earlier, namely, that France stood only for a policy of "disannexation" with regard to Alsace-Lorraine.

Naturally the Barthou statement created a tremendous sensation. Thomas, leading the Socialists, who are said to be ready to fight for years for Alsace-Lorraine, but not for a moment to gain a foot of German territory, demanded that M. Painleve declare whether M. Barthou represented the Government. It was because the Premier said that he and M. Barthou would confer that a vote of want of confidence was not immediately passed. Details concerning what happened since then are wanting, but there seems little doubt that M. Barthou declined to present to the Foreign Affairs Committee of the Senate the letter of former Premier Briand. In view of the present critical situation, when it is said that there is a rapid growth among those Socialists who favor an immediate peace conference, it will be satisfactory to the Allies that M. Thomas, despite his fine record as Minister of Munitions, was not called upon by President Poincare. It is not believed that Clemenceau will greatly moderate the French claims as enunciated by M. Barthou.

Largest Ingot Mould.

The largest octagon ingot mould which has ever been cast in America, and perhaps in the world, has recently been made by the Bethlehem Steel Company. The actual weight is not given, but it is reported to be nearly one hundred and forty tons.

A Soldiers' Orchestra.

An orchestra of disabled soldiers, some of them with only a stump of a leg, a conductor who has to wave his baton with his left hand, is the pride of one of the greatest military hospitals near London.

TO SUCCEED IN BUSINESS.

First Find the Kind of Work to Which You Are Best Suited.

A friend of mine who is as good a man in his line as anybody in the United States stood in my office a few days ago and said a surprising thing. I had been complimenting him on one of his latest achievements. His face lighted up as he remarked: "Of course I got a lot of money for that job; but, between you and me, I'd do those things for nothing if I couldn't get anybody to pay me for them. I'd rather do them than eat. It's a shame to take the money. Don't give me away, or they'll be asking me to cut down my price, and I'll be doing it."

That sounds like bunk. But wait a minute. Think clear through the proposition. This man will never be cutting down his price at all. It is exactly the other way around with him, and he knows it. The truth is that his income goes on rising, because those he works for keep bidding for his services. What he meant was that he has found the secret of progress and enjoyment—namely, a field of activity to which he is suited and in which he is so interested and happy that he works as if he were playing. No wonder he performs miracles!

Naturally he is glad to have the large sums of money he earns. They are a sort of crude measurement of his efficiency. They show in a rough way how other people estimate his value. But the main point is that he has found his niche and that he concentrates on his job for days and weeks at a stretch. All his thought is concerned with what he can put into his work, not what he can get out of it. Lucky man!

The moral is simply this: Don't take for granted and guess an interest in something that bores you. Don't pretend all your life, for the sake of fancied appearances, to enjoy some form of work that you really dislike. Of course you should give yourself a fair trial at a job before throwing it up, because often a man learns to like something that he didn't like when he set out. But you know what I mean—don't keep at it indefinitely. Quit and try something else. Cut and run before it is too late.

The acid test to apply to your job is this: If you had money enough to live on would you stay at it without pay? If you don't love it that much hunt for another—that is, if you are young and free from the responsibilities and obligations which govern older [illegible] ... Look at Paderewski. [illegible] these men enjoy their jobs! [illegible] more than work? [illegible] self fully to your job.

[illegible]

Men and women [illegible] ... will be immune from colds [illegible]

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And they like it even more, because it helps them to make money, by giving them the market quotations while prices are still "hot."

You get the live stock, grain, and produce market reports from Toronto, Montreal, Buffalo, Chicago, and Winnipeg from twelve hours to one full day ahead of your receiving the same quotations in the next morning's papers.

And you know how often you have said to yourself, "If I had known earlier just how the market was going, I could have made money."

In addition to its splendid market service, the Toronto "Daily Star" gives you the most comprehensive war and general news service obtainable through any daily paper in Canada.

Then, too, there are pages to interest the women and the children, and a good comic cartoon series.

In fact the Toronto "Daily Star" is just such a newspaper as a farmer who is interested in the world news likes to read, and he eventually comes to regard it as the inseparable companion of his leisure hours.

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We guarantee that you will thoroughly enjoy it. Send your subscription direct to this office, or through the publisher of your local newspaper.

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...s Torpid and Bilious ...ought Sick Headaches ... Much Time, But is Completely Cured.

...convincing evidence that ...ch you may suffer from ...d consequent bilious- ...is cure in the use of Dr. ...ney-Liver Pills. ...g is the most common ...gish liver action. You ...appetite, have distressing ...usually accompanied by ...and vomiting, the bowels ...regular, constipation and ...alternating, digestion is up- ...get irritable and down-

...ment so quickly awakens ...of the liver and bowels as ...'s Kidney-Liver Pills. For ...this medicine is wonder- ...lar and has enormous sales. ...rles R. Tait, Newtown, N.B., ...was nearly always troubled ...aches, and would often have ...rk for a day or two. I lost ...ght's sleep every month with ...headaches, and although ...doctors' medicines, and also ...er patent medicines, it was ...success. When I had these ...e I would vomit, and could ...hing on my stomach. ...chased a box of Dr. Chase's ...iver Pills from G. M. Fair- ...druggist, of Sussex, N.B., and ...ing one box I was so much ...that I continued to take them ...m now completely cured. My ...anyone suffering from sick ...is to try Dr. Chase's Kid- ...r Pills and be completely

...S. Mace, J.P., endorses the ...atement, and says:—"This is ...y that I am personally ac- ...with Charles R. Tait, and ...is statement in every way to ...and correct."

...hase's Kidney-Liver Pills, one ...se, 25 cents a box, all dealers ...anson, Bates & Co., Limited, ... Substitutes will only dis- ... Insist on getting what you

How to Tell the German Flag.

The flag of Germany used in every place except on a battleship is composed of three broad stripes, red, white and black, which run the full length of the flag. No other mark distinguishes it. The flag used on a German battleship is white with two black stripes the length and width of the flag, making a large cross and three small black, white and red stripes and a small cross in the upper left hand corner

Garden Paths.

Have all garden paths with some plants of fragrance growing alongside. In some gardens of larger size special fragrant pathways are built where they appear to pass through thickets redolent with pleasant odors. But every path may easily have enough fragrance to keep the mind unconsciously in the garden spirit.

Tense Faces.

Many women allow their faces to become tense and set and then wonder why lines develop. Relax the muscles, cultivate a pleasant expression and remember that lips which curve upward and smile are much more attractive than the drooping sort.

Expectant.

"What did the doctor advise?"
"A change of scene."
"Do you think you will get it?"
"I have hopes. It's about time for some new advertisement to be painted on the billboards out my way."

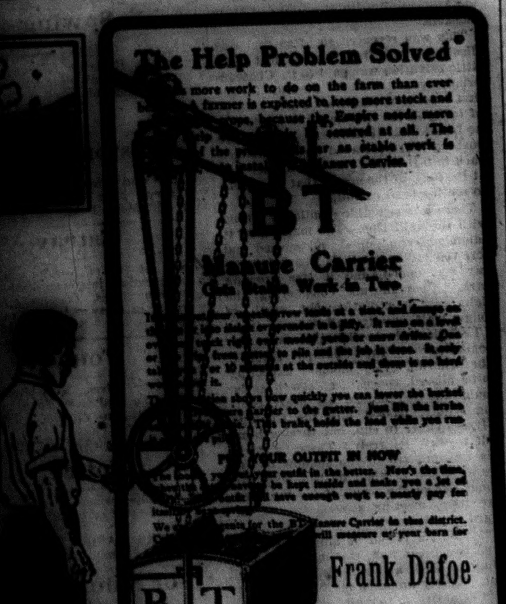
Polite Reticence.

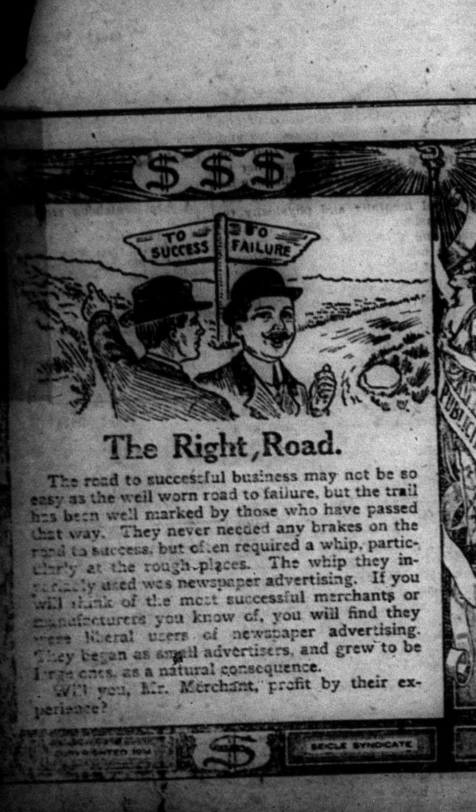
Guest—Why, Willie, your plate is empty. Don't you like pie? Willie—You bet, but we've got to wait to see if you want a second help.

Still Fishing.

He—Pardon me. I didn't catch your last name. She—I haven't caught it yet myself.—Boston Transcript.

Do what you should; attempt what you can.





A LITTLE KNOWN LAKE

FISH ARE BEING BROUGHT FROM NORTH COUNTRY

Lake Nipigon Ranked by Authorities as the Sixth Large Body of Water That Helps to Feed the St. Lawrence River, but It Has Only Recently Received Attention From People of This Country.

WHEN the Province of Ontario decided to go into fishing as a business—to ease to some extent the pressure of the high cost of living—the authorities at Queen's Park turned naturally to lakes Nipigon and Nipissing as two considerable bodies of water entirely surrounded by Ontarian soil, from which almost an unlimited supply of finest fish in the world could be obtained.

Of these two Nipigon furnished the first experiment. Its area was sufficient to ensure quantity, and its transparent waters cold enough to ensure quality.

So Nipigon country, of great repute with disciples of Isaac Walton the world over, while remaining unknown to the vast majority of people of Canada, was projected into the attentions and notice of Canadians. Through the delectable whitefish and pickerel arriving from Lake Nipigon and River Lie the name became familiar, but knowledge of the lake and its setting and history was not appreciably increased.

Yet Nipigon is one of the great fresh water lakes of the world. While still but little known to the outside world, and never at all correctly mapped until 1870, Nipigon is really a sixth great lake of the St. Lawrence chain, say several authorities, and unquestionably the main source of that great river.

It is some 80 miles long by 40 wide, and many islands dot its surface. In this respect it differs from the other great lakes, unless we except the Georgian Bay of Lake Huron, and the eastern extension of Lake Ontario known as the Thousand Islands. The islands are everywhere. Even a small canoe can in summer make passages from one to another in any direction.

Lake Nipigon, while roughly oval in shape, has South, MacIntyre, Chiefs, Gull, Ombabika, and Orient Bays. All these are practically landlocked, and each is a considerable lake in itself. The crystalline water is always cold—too cold for bathing except in the bays and shallows—and it swarms with trout, whitefish, and sturgeon. Nipigon has many tributary rivers, and has had, like so many other of our lakes, different outlets at different times.

There are some magnificent bluffs on Orient and Chief's bay, and on a bright sunny day such as is common in this region in midsummer, the view of the lake and its islands is almost ideal in loveliness and charm. But Nipigon, like Superior, has its days of storm and gloom in fall and winter, when surges run high before fierce north-westerly gales. Men have camped in the lee of an island at night and been awakened by a sudden shift of wind which blew tents, canoes, and impediments bodily into the woods, and did its best to carry away blankets as well. This probably explains why fishing operations have had to be discontinued from time to time owing to roughness of weather conditions at the lake.

The Objibway in descriptive tongue, named Nipigon "Awhenipigo" [Awhene], meaning far off, distant; and "Nipi" (water which reaches far), surely an accurate and enlightening title for a body of water eighty miles long by forty in width.

The experiment in fishing by the Government of Ontario is in its essence, state socialism. Officially: "The plan adopted by the Government to serve the municipalities is co-operative. Where a city or town desires to obtain fish for its citizens the municipality is asked to select the dealer and furnish the Department of Public Works with an order for the quantity required. The shipment goes direct to the dealer, the invoice to the municipality, which collects from the dealer and remits to the department.

The Hon. Finlay Macdiarmid, Minister of Public Works for Ontario, directing head of operations in Ontario, has expressed his willingness to give the benefit of his experience to the Governments of provinces desiring to follow the example of Canada's most populous division.

It is intended, of course, that the waters shall not be permitted to become depleted. "Fish hatcheries," the department says, "will be constructed and maintained on the principle of putting into the water ten times as many spawn as fish are taken out." And it is expected that removal of the large lake-trout, through the netting operations, will make for better sport in the future for the man with the rod on Nipigon River.

The Important Button.

The item of buttons in connection with Canadian Army clothing reaches an imposing aggregate. Each shirt is fitted with five zinc buttons. In the course of eighteen months the shirts made for the army required one hundred and twenty million buttons of one size and type. To bring this total up to date it may be safely quadrupled and then fall short of actual requirements. The consumption of this apparently trivial article assumes even more staggering proportion in connection with the supply of Tommy's nether garments. There are eighteen buttons to each pair of trousers, so that to complete the thirteen million three hundred thousand garments of this description ordered during the first two years of war British mills had to furnish two hundred and forty million buttons.

A HAPPY HERO.

Letter by Canadian Used to Rouse American Patriotism.

As an illustration of the lofty sentiments possessed of men who die on the European battlefield in the war for democracy and a reminder for Americans who may be backward in contributing to the second Liberty Loan for the same cause, the Liberty Loan Committee of New York has made public the last letter written by Captain V. G. Tupper, of the 16th Canadian-Scottish Battalion, to his father, Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper, before his death at the battle of Vimy Ridge last April. The soldier wrote:

"My Dear Father,—I am writing one of these 'in case' letters for the third time, and, of course, I hope you will never have to read it. If you are reading it now, you will know that your youngest son 'went under' as proud as Punch on the most glorious day of his life. I am taking my company 'over the top' for a mile in the biggest push that has ever been launched in the world, and I trust that it is going to be the greatest factor towards peace.

"Dad, you can't imagine the wonderful feeling; a man thinks something like this: Well, if I am going to die, this is worth it a thousand times.

"I have 'been over' two or three times before, but never with a company of my own. Think of it—a hundred and fifty officers and men who will follow you to hell, if need be.

"I don't want any of you dear people to be sorry for me, although of course, you will in a way. You will miss me, but you will be proud of me. Mind you, I know what I am up against and that the odds are against me. I am not going in the way I did the first time, just for sheer devilment and curiosity. I have seen this game for two years, and I still like it and feel that my place is here.

"So much for that, I want to thank you from the bottom of my heart for all your loving kindness to me. This war has done wonders to me and makes me realise lots of things I would not have done otherwise. I could write a book about it, but you know what I mean.

"Good-bye, dear father and mother, and all of you. Again I say that I am proud to be where I am now."

In Sight of Gallipoli.

This poem by Lieut. George Davidson, whose death while a prisoner on the western front has just been confirmed, appeared in the last issue of the "Varsity" Supplement, and was written apparently not very long before he left the Gallipoli theatre of war for service in France:—

The dying day reclines in sombre arm,
While night rolls down,
The setting sun reveals a crimson glory,
Aegean sky and sea in rippling mood,
and yon winged crown
Of that sarcophagus, fain tell the story.

Hush thy hoarse note! foul, fearsome bird, thou gruesome scavenger,
Let nature tell, in accents smooth and mild,
The glory of the Dead, not thou, weird, wandering messenger!
Where voices fleckless sky and Neptune's child?

With grief canst thou not speak; nor, faltering, tell the bloody tale?
The secret of that rocky pile unfold?
To honor those who, dying, live again, does thy heart quail?
Or in the telling can it not be told?

So be it then, that tale of love may not be told to me,
Too great to tell and hear, that love which was
A hostage to the world, that thought, and love, and life might be
Unwarpt by Hun, who knows no human laws.

Keep thou thy secret and thy dead, stupendous bloody pile,
Yet know we this, that love and life were given
That death was faced with fearless heart and soul and steady smile;
And chosen souls were gently waft to heaven.

And knowing this we go in peace and heaven-born glorious hope,
Forgetting not, in that immortal day,
Unfettered soul and spirit with unfettered will shall cope
To love them more—and in a heavenly way.

High Succession Duties.

Succession duties will probably yield the Province of Ontario two and a half million dollars this year, a slight increase over last year, when a high record was established. Hon. T. W. McGarry, Provincial Treasurer, stated recently that the act, as amended, was working splendidly, and the money was coming in well. The people were now beginning to understand the law, and there were no attempts to evade payment of the tax levied by the Government.

Revenue derived from succession duties have increased gradually since they were first imposed in 1892, partly by reason of the legislation passed at recent sessions of the Legislature and partly by reason of the increased wealth of the people of Ontario. In 1893, the first full year, the total receipts were $45,507. Ten years later the amount was $458,669. In 1915 the total grew to $1,721,000, and in 1916 it was $2,451,000. This year it will be at least $2,500,000, it is believed.

The Larch in Labrador.

The soil and atmosphere are so cold and dry in Labrador that scarcely any vegetation thrives at all. The larch is a species of pine tree which is found in all northern countries, but its growth is so stunted in Labrador that a specimen found on the most southern part of that dreary land was but nine inches in height and the trunk was but three-eighths of an inch in diameter. A careful examination of the miniature tree revealed its age to be at least thirty-two years, for there were that number of ring growths shown in its small trunk. The very cold currents pouring down from the north and the fact that Labrador has less sunshine than Alaska, together with several inland climatic conditions make the summer seasons shorter and colder than are those of Alaska.

Political Offensive May Make the Huns Break Away From Following the Kaiser

THE Allies should not abandon their political offensive against Germany, according to Right Hon. Arthur Henderson, former Labor member of the Lloyd George Ministry and leader of the British Labor party, because in many respects it is the most dangerous the House of Hohenzollern has to face.

"The real position is that the German people and the high command realise that their military plans have failed. They are now at pains to prevent their military failure leading to a political upheaval at home.

"Military victory is not the final aim of the Allies. It is a means to an end. It is sought in order to enable them to achieve the sort of peace which they conceive to be essential to prevent any future recurrence of the present awful struggle and to secure the end of the war for all time.

"That is broadly the aim of the Allies, and it seems to me that to supplement military effort by the political weapon in order to more quickly achieve such an honorable and a lasting peace would not weaken the Allies' position but would strengthen it.

"We are at war with the Kaiser and Kaiserism and personally I do not want to see any peace made with Kaiserism. If the peace settlement

HON. ARTHUR HENDERSON

is to have any prospect of durability it must be made with the German people and not with the Kaiser.

"I strongly advocate a political offensive in order to widen the breach between Kaiserism and the German people. By a 'political offensive' I do not mean that Great Britain should resort to the use of unscrupulous diplomatic practices as Germany has done. The British people would not tolerate them. But I do say that they should make a wise and discriminate use of legitimate political methods, which are open and above board, and which mean elimination of secret diplomacy."

"At present," he continued, "the Allies are negotiating with the Kaiser's servants. All the speeches made by the German Chancellor and replied to by Allied statesmen constitute the employment of open political means to bring about a settlement of the war. It is a game of skilled diplomacy, but one of the chief faults is that the Allies are playing it with a Minister who is solely responsible to the Kaiser.

"To my mind the most satisfactory channel of communication available is provided by the German Socialist and particularly by the minority Socialist. Personally I would much rather consult with a German minority Socialist during the war than with an official of an autocratic German Government after the war.

"If we really desire to see a democratic Germany we should do all in our power to strengthen the democratic elements in Germany. If we intend that peace when it comes shall be a democratic and lasting peace made by democratically elected representatives of all the peoples concerned, surely it would be better to address our speeches not to the German Imperial Chancellor, who is the servant of the Kaiser, but to the elected representatives of the German people.

"So long as military effort is necessary there must be no slackening on the part of the Allies, but that is no reason why side by side with such effort we should not attempt, by a wise and sensible use of the political weapon, to hasten the settlement of the war by a peace which shall be just, honorable, and democratic."

Young Officers.

"Diarist," in the Westminster Gazette, reminds his readers that premature nomination to military rank, such as is recently reported in the case of the ten-year-old son of the German Crown Prince, was not unknown at one time in Scotland, and was not reserved to princes. Families who could command influence often secured a captaincy, or even higher rank, for an infant together with the salary attached to the post. The story is told of the case of the father of a family, somewhere in the eighteenth century, who was disturbed at breakfast by a hideous noise upstairs. A servant, being called down and interrogated, replied soothingly: "Hoots, sir, it's naethin' ava. It's just the major greetin' at the lumps in his parritch."

MISERABLE FROM STOMACH TROUBLE

Felt Wretched Until He Started To Take "Fruit-a-tives"

304 Champlain St., Montreal.

"For two years, I was a miserable sufferer from *Rheumatism and Stomach Trouble*. I had frequent Dizzy Spells, and when I took food, felt wretched and sleepy. I suffered from Rheumatism dreadfully, with pains in my back and joints, and my hands swollen.

A friend advised "Fruit-a-tives" and from the outset, they did me good. *After the first box, I felt I was getting well* and I can truthfully say that "Fruit-a-tives" is the only medicine that helped me". LOUIS LABRIE.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

BIRTHPLACE OF TELEPHONE.

Inventor Says That It Was Brantford, Not Boston.

Forty-odd years ago in a big farmhouse on Tugela Heights, near Brantford, a tall, earnest young Scotchman labored upon an idea. The neighbors considered him a clever sort of chap, but visionary and impractical. They were willing to concede that he might invent an electric motor—another of his ideas—but to suggest that the human voice could be carried over a wire—well, it was straining credulity a bit. But Alexander Graham Bell did not allow scepticism to deter him, and within a comparatively short time the telephone—not the modern product of science, but its primitive progenitor—came into existence. Brantford became the birthplace of the greatest invention of the age, and on October 24th the people of the city turned out en masse to honor the inventor. The magnificent memorial of bronze and marble erected in the centre of the city to commemorate the achievement of Dr. Bell was unveiled that day by his Excellency the Governor-General. A matter of interest to the whole Dominion, in fact to all countries where the name of Dr. Bell is linked with the telephone, the unveiling of the memorial was an event of the first importance in Brantford, and neither cold nor rain could spoil it. The weather could not have been worse, but several thousand people stood in the pouring rain for half an hour waiting for the ceremony.

The memorial stands upon an elevation in a small square in the heart of the city. In the centre in a marble setting is a great bronze bas-relief symbolising the transmission of sound through space, while mounted upon columns on either side are bronze figures representing humanity in touch. The conception of Walter Allward, the sculptor, is strikingly original, and its execution a remarkable piece of work.

The memorial as it stands to-day is the result of many years of unremitting labor upon the part of a body of public-spirited Brantford citizens. It was in 1904 that W. F. Cockshutt, M.P., then president of the Board of Trade, initiated the movement to have the discovery of the telephone in the "Telephone City" commemorated in fitting manner. As a result the Bell Telephone Memorial Association was formed and went energetically at the task of raising money with the joint object of erecting a memorial and purchasing the old Bell Homestead. The Dominion Government, the Provincial Governments of Ontario and Quebec, several cities and private citizens all over the country contributed. The commission was given to Mr. Allward several years ago, but the completion of the memorial was delayed by difficulty in getting certain material owing to the war.

CURE DANDRUFF FOR 50 CTS.

THAT'S CHEAP ENOUGH FOR ANY ONE

It's easy, and you take no risk. Step in to-day, and get a large 50 cent bottle of PARISIAN SAGE, the germ killing hair restorer.

If it does not cure dandruff in two weeks we will give you your money back.

PARISIAN SAGE is a pleasant, daintily perfumed tonic and hair grower. It is guaranteed to stop falling hair or itching of the scalp, and to cure all diseases of the scalp and hair.

PARISIAN SAGE has many imitators—get the genuine.

Rirdon's Red Cross Drug Store

Complete Service to Ford Owners Everywhere

COURTEOUS attention to your needs wherever you may travel is something you appreciate, and being a Ford owner you can get it. You are always "among friends".

There are more than 700 Ford Dealer Service Stations throughout Canada. These are always within easy reach of Ford owners—for gasoline, oil, tires, repairs, accessories, expert advice or motor adjustments.

The cost of Ford Service is as remarkably low as the cost of the car itself. Nineteen of the most called for parts cost only $5.40. Just compare this with the cost of spare parts for other cars and you will realize the advantage of owning a Ford.

Ford
THE UNIVERSAL CAR

Runabout - - $475
Touring - - $495
Coupelet - - [illegible]
Sedan - - - [illegible]

F. O. B. FORD, ONT.

Frank Smith, Madoc, Dealer

LILIUOKALANI AT 80.

Making a Hawaiian-English Dictionary for Use in Schools.

Hawaii's immortal singer, author of "Aloha Oe," known as Queen Lil in the days when she ruled the Hawaiian islands, is now compiling a Hawaiian-English dictionary for use in the schools of the islands, though she is now nearly 80 years old. This was learned lately from Mrs. Dr. Atcherley of 1743 Nelson street, Vancouver, a cousin of the former ruler.

Mrs. Atcherley spends every winter in the former queen's company. She last saw her distinguished relative on February 6 of this year, on which date she sailed for her home in Vancouver. Mrs. Atcherley is the wife of Dr. Atcherley of the royal navy, who is now in active service on the Atlantic. He is a descendant of the famous Sir Roger Atcherley, who gave Leadenhall market, London, to the poor. Mrs. Atcherley's full name is Princess Haahoe-Kabeihei-malie-Kahikoloa Atcherley. She is a cousin of Queen Liliuokalani and a foster daughter of King Kalakaua and his queen consort, Kapio-Lani, and was reared in the islands. She now has in her parlor a treasured legacy from the late king, the portraits of himself and his consort painted in 1885 by Petrovitz, R. A.

Mrs. Atcherley said former Queen Liliuokalani celebrated her 79th birthday on Tuesday, September 2. She was born in 1838 and during her life have occurred the stormiest monarchial and republican crises in the history of the Hawaiian island group.

Queen Liliuokalani is now an old woman whose thoughts are much on the future. She is a true Christian and has left behind all the worldly strife which marred her middle life. To-day she lives in a splendid house near Honolulu; visited by her direct relatives, but keeping aloof from the general tourist public which still endeavors to see the famous figure of the great political game of the early '90's.

Only on her birthdays is the public allowed to approach her. Then she sits in state on her front porch and visitors walk by, bowing to her and receiving in return the stately salutation of the former queen. Great throngs of natives and of white people attend this function, the whites mainly through curiosity, the natives through deep respect. Also, on these days, the royal band plays at the former queen's residence. It is led by the original band leader, the German musician who was bandmaster through the last regime of royalty in the Sandwich islands.

On other days the queen sees no one, though tourists frequently stroll through her [illegible] in hope of a distant glimpse [illegible] former queen [illegible] each day, and [illegible] time in her garden. [illegible] is now engaged in a work which shows that her mental powers are not impaired. She is [illegible] a Hawaiian-English dictionary [illegible] for use in the government [illegible] already has 4,000 words [illegible]

[illegible] King Kalakaua died in San [illegible] January 2, 1891, he [illegible] by Queen Liliuokalani [illegible]

queen to bring the kingdom under purely native rule and control, called on the United States Government to send troops to protect American property. A small body of troops was sent. Under protest, and acting on the advice of her ministers, the queen surrendered to these troops to avoid bloodshed. A treaty of annexation was negotiated the next month with the United States, but this was withdrawn by President Cleveland when he came into power in March, 1893.

The United States Government then ordered the reinstatement of the queen. The republican government which had been set up when she relinquished office was under Sanford B. Dole, who was president. Backed by the whites and with the sympathy of many Americans at home, he refused to allow the queen's reinstatement. The United States then refused to intervene to reinstate the queen.

On July 4, 1894, the republic was proclaimed. A plot during that year to overthrow the republic was frustrated, and the queen was arrested. The plot was broken up on January 6, 1895, and on January 24 she renounced her claim to the throne and swore allegiance to the republic. On September 17 she was granted conditional pardon and on August 12, 1897, under President McKinley, the Hawaiian islands were annexed to the United States. S. B. Dole, the first president of the republic, was made the first governor. Seven years ago Queen Liliuokalani was granted a pension of $40,000 per year by the American Government.

Newfoundland's "Bit."

Newfoundland, though her population does not exceed that of a populous English industrial city, has sent 10,000 men to fight the battles of the British Empire in this war. It is a magnificent record, and exactly what one would have expected from a country which sent its fishing ships to help in the destruction of the Great Armada. It was in 1583 that Sir Humphrey Gilbert took possession of the island in the name of his "most gracious Lady, Queen Elizabeth"; it was only five years later that La Feliccissima Armada left Corunna for English waters, so that Newfoundland had an early opportunity of establishing a tradition for gallantry which Newfoundlanders are so splendidly vindicating in the present war. The "Antient and Loyale Colony" of Newfoundland is celebrating the four hundred and twentieth anniversary of her discovery, an occasion which is seized by the rest of the Empire to wish her Godspeed.

Lower Canada.

As the train from Buffalo to Toronto was winding around the escarpment at Dundas, an enchanted American soldier gazed from the mountain upon the beautiful scene far below.

"That must be Lower Canada," he remarked.

Vacuum cleaners have been designed especially for cleansing school blackboards.

REALISTIC STAGECRAFT.

The Electric Light Is Responsible For Many Innovations.

The introduction of electric light was, of course, responsible for greater innovations in the art of stage decoration than any other one thing. It was now possible to light up equally well any portion of the stage, and so the "apron" was dispensed with and the picture frame proscenium introduced.

The cry for realism which Ibsen's dramas had aroused was now taken up by the scene builders with enthusiastic vigor, and "nature" was reproduced in every material detail. "We must show life exactly as it is," became their motto.

These changes naturally also had an effect upon the actors themselves and upon what they said. Formerly the actors were continually conscious of the presence of the audience, and to a considerable degree addressed it directly. Now they could interpret the story on the stage, entirely ignoring, apparently, the presence of the audience.

This change in the conception of the play as a whole, as being made up not alone of dialogue and recitation, but also of action and pictorial representation, has had a very farreaching effect on our present day conception of the drama.

Municipal Elections

To the Municipal Electors of the **Townships of Tudor and Cashel**

Notice is hereby given that the Nominations, which must be made in writing, for Reeve and four Councillors for the United Townships of Tudor and Cashel for the year 1918 will be held in the TOWN HALL, MILLBRIDGE, on

Monday, December 31st, 1917

at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon.

The Polling, if any, will be held in the following Divisions on Monday, January 7th, 1918:

Polling Sub-division No. 1—Town Hall, Millbridge, Deputy Returning Officer, Edward Tapp.

Polling Sub-division No. 2 — Foresters' Hall, Gilmour, Deputy Returning Officer, Arthur Wilson.

Polling Sub-division No. 3—Cashel cheese factory, Gunter, Deputy Returning Officer, Jonathan Loveless.

WM. GLENNIE,
Millbridge, Dec. 15. 1917. T'p Clerk

THE HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR
SCRAP IRON
COPPER
BRASS
RAGS
RUBBERS
WRITE FOR PRICES
SAM LAPAN [illegible] MADOC

A Flight From Death

A Story of the French Revolution.

By JAMES BRAINARD

Truth is so much stranger than fiction that perhaps it is better to state that the main incident of this story actually happened just as it is recorded.

The French revolution had reached that stage commonly designated the reign of terror. Every day the doors of the Conciergerie prison opened to let out a number of human beings not to "life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness," as was enunciated shortly before by the American colonists in their Declaration of Independence, but to suffer death on the guillotine. At first the victims were confined to those who stood for tyranny. The king, the queen, the nobility, royalty and its supporters lost their heads. Then the different factions that had brought about the revolution began to fight for power, and the conservatives were guillotined by the radicals. After this whoever desired to get rid of one he wished to remove had but to inform upon him as an enemy of France, and the accused would join the "innumerable caravan" passing under the yoke of the guillotine to his long home.

It was not always an enemy that was to be got rid of. Sometimes it was a friend. That friend might possess something that at his death would fall into the hands of the informer.

There lived in Paris at that time a young couple, Henri and Marie Chateaubrun, who were devoted to each other. Henri, when the struggle against oppression began, took a deep interest in it, advocating the reforms that were proposed. He and a friend of his, Antoine Boyer, became somewhat prominent as leaders in that quarter of the city in which they lived. Boyer, who was a bachelor, came often to the Chateaubruns to consult with his friend upon the course to be adopted by them in public affairs. Mme. Chateaubrun took a lively interest in the early efforts of the revolutionists to make France a constitutional monarchy and was usually present at the conferences of her husband and his friend.

During these meetings Boyer conceived a passion for Mme. Chateaubrun. For a time he struggled against it, not even acknowledging to himself that he loved his friend's wife. But the time came when he knew that life for him was not worth living without her.

As the revolution proceeded the two friends and coworkers found themselves on different paths. Chateaubrun continued a conservative, while Boyer joined the ranks of the bloodthirsty Jacobins. The latter did not give up his visits to the Chateaubruns. Indeed, he was not able to keep away from the young wife of his friend. Since neither she nor her husband suspected his love he was always welcome.

And now, the revolution having swept beyond the conservatives, those who had hoped for beneficent results to France, who had worked for the beginning of a better regime, found themselves in the position of enemies to their country. In attempting to stay the flow of blood they incurred the enmity of those who were shedding it. Then it was that Mme. Chateaubrun began to fear for the safety of her husband. She urged him to retire from any further participation in public affairs, to go to a small estate he owned in the country. But, dangerous as it was to continue a contest with the leaders of the mob, Chateaubrun was too much of a man to cease to defend what he considered the best interests of his country.

Fiercer and fiercer grew the mob, requiring of their leaders more and larger drafts of blood. Mme. Chateaubrun begged her husband to leave Paris. He sent for his friend Boyer, now one of the Jacobin leaders, and asked him what he had better do. Boyer said he would take the matter under advisement and let him know his conclusions.

The day after this interview there was a knock at Chateaubrun's door, and when it was opened a party of soldiers entered and informed Chateaubrun that he was under arrest by order of the convention. In spite of his clinging wife he was dragged away and lodged in the Conciergerie.

He demanded—all arrested persons made the demand—to know the charge brought against him. He received no reply till he was brought up for the semblance of a trial he was given; then was informed that he was accused of conspiring with others to bring the heir to the throne across the border and establish him as king. Chateaubrun knew that there was not a word of truth in the charge, but its very absurdity told him that it was a pretext rather than an accusation, and he lost hope at once.

There were twenty-one persons tried at the same time with Chateaubrun and convicted on various pretexts. They were all sentenced to be executed on the guillotine on the same day. All were imprisoned in the Conciergerie, which was the depot of supplies, so to speak, for the terrible engine of death. The day before the execution Mme. Chateaubrun went to Boyer and begged him to save her husband. He told her that to show favor to one convicted by the mob's tribunal would be to endanger his own head. She was astonished that he considered the risk in the case of his old friend, but Boyer maintained resolutely that he dared not interfere. From Boyer the wife went to the Conciergerie to tell her husband of the failure of her mission and to bid him goodby. She was taken from the prison and carried home in a swoon.

The next morning a number of carts were backed up to the door of the Conciergerie, and a soldier in the prison called the names of twenty-one men who were to go forth to execution. Among them was Henri Chateaubrun. They all walked out to the carts, some of them dragging themselves, some erect, all of them showing in their pale and haggard features the mark of death. Standing in the carts, they were driven toward the Seine and crossed it by a bridge entering the Place de la Revolution, since called the Place de la Concorde. There stood the guillotine with persons to work it ready to lop off twenty-one heads, and there stood a crowd, kept back by soldiers, to witness the grewsome sight. The carts stopped beside the machine, and the victims descended.

And now began a work that even an implement so well adapted to the purpose found it difficult to perform. Each one of the prisoners, hatless and with his hands tied behind his back, in turn stepped up to it, was laid upon it, strapped to it; the knife fell, his head rolled into the basket, and his body was removed to make room for the next victim. Fifteen of the twenty-one had been executed when the guillotine refused to work. Whether the knife got wedged in the grooves or whether the machinery that raised the ax or that which detached it after it had been raised got out of order doesn't matter. Something had gone wrong, and those in charge of the executions were unable to fix it.

The proceedings were stopped, and a messenger was sent for mechanics to put the guillotine in order. This required time. Waiting is not conducive to discipline. The soldiers who were there to keep the crowd back grew lax, and by the time workmen had arrived people had elbowed their way close upon the remaining six men standing in line waiting for the repairs on the machine that was to make corpses of them.

"Get back!" cried the guards, shoving the crowd with the butts of their muskets.

This was repeated so often and was disobeyed so often that at last very little attention was paid to it. Chateaubrun presently found himself in the first line of spectators. Then, instead of being in the line next the guillotine, he found himself in the second. In the pushing that continued he was wedged back into the third line and at last was at the back of the crowd that was there to see his head cut off.

There was something radically wrong with the guillotine. The man fixing it hammered and pulled and pushed and screwed and unscrewed. Meanwhile the day was ended, and it was growing dark. Chateaubrun, considering the sight of his execution not worth so long a wait, quietly walked away.

The Place de la Concorde is at the beginning of the Champs Elysees. Chateaubrun, every moment expecting to be missed, concealing as well as he could his tied hands, his heart beating wildly, passed into the Champs Elysees eager to run, but forcing himself to walk leisurely. There he made his way onward in the shadow of the trees. Finally, when he had gone far enough from the scene of his intended execution, meeting a man coming toward him, he said:

"M'sieur, a friend of mine just now, who is a great wag, tied my hands behind my back and ran away with my hat. Kindly unloosen me."

"Certainly, m'sier; it will give me great pleasure to do so."

Thanking the man who had relieved him of the last mark of being an intended guillotine victim, Chateaubrun went into a side street and was lost. The guillotine was fixed, but there were twenty instead of twenty-one persons executed.

No word of Chateaubrun's escape reached his wife during the day of execution nor the next nor the next. Indeed, it is questionable if his absence from the number of condemned was noticed by the authorities. Mme. Chateaubrun was in the condition of one stunned. Boyer called to see her and found her heartbroken. She told him she wished to die. He begged her to live for his sake, confessing the love he had long felt for her. She was too paralyzed mentally and physically to even consider what he said. Not till some time afterward did she realize that he might have had her husband put out of his way.

But within a short time a woman stopped at Mme. Chateaubrun's home and told her that her husband was alive in the Netherlands and desired her to come to him. He had not dared write her, fearing to implicate her as a correspondent with an emigre. Without waiting even to announce her happiness to Boyer she set out for the place of her husband's exile, and in a few days he who was supposed to have gone to his long home and the wife who had mourned him were clasped in each other's arms.

Chateaubrun never had any evidence that his old friend had betrayed him except that his wife told him that Boyer had declared his love for her. He believed then that Boyer had caused his downfall. But he never met Boyer again. Subsequent changes placed the Jacobin in another faction, and Boyer met his death by the guillotine he had intended for Chateaubrun.

One day an old man entered the building where records pertaining to the revolution were kept. He showed an order to the keeper to permit him to examine certain volumes containing the names of informers during the revolution. A volume was laid on a table before him. Turning to the letter "C," he found Chateaubrun. In a column opposite the name was Boyer. The old man was Chateaubrun.

New Advertisements

Advertisements under this [illegible] space,—50c first insertion, 25c [illegible] insertion 75c per month after [illegible]

Strayed

Onto the premises, lot 21, 4th [illegible] of Madoc, a yearling red Heifer [illegible] right ear and notch under ear [illegible] of November.

51-3 HENRY [illegible]

For Sale

An 8-roomed brick Dwelling in [illegible] lage of Madoc. Good cellar, [illegible] never-failing well of good water. [illegible] ings consist of good barn 18x24, [illegible] stable and hen-house. Property [illegible] 12 lots with flourishing young orch[illegible] other small fruits. Easy terms of [illegible] Apply to

51-tf MRS. W. J. STEPHE[illegible] or to M. Maybee, Madoc.

Municipal Election[illegible]

To the Municipal Electors of the **Township of Madoc**

Notice is hereby given that the Nomi[illegible] tions, which must be made in writi[illegible] Reeve, Deputy Reeve and three Counc[illegible] for the Township of Madoc for the [illegible] 1918 will be held in the TOWN HA[illegible] ELDORADO, on

Monday, December 31st, 1[illegible]

at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon.

The Polling, if any, will be held in [illegible] following Divisions on Monday, Ja[illegible] 7th, 1918:

No. 1 — Hart's School-house, [illegible] Woods, Deputy Returning Officer.

No. 2—McCoy's School-house, [illegible] Deputy Returning Officer.

No. 3—Town Hall, Eldorado, [illegible] Doughty, Deputy Returning Officer.

No. 4 — O'Hara's School-house, [illegible] Bird, Deputy Returning Officer.

W. T. A[illegible]

51-2

Sawing

The undersigned is now prepared to [illegible] out Lumber and Shingles at Tweedy's [illegible] mill, White Lake.

C. DEMILLE, 51-2p Crookston

Sawing

The undersigned is prepared to do [illegible] ing at the Hematite mine, and [illegible] Charlie Thompson's place, north of the [illegible] crusher at Eldorado.

CHARLES GAY, 51-3p Eldorado

Custom Sawing

Those who intend taking out [illegible] winter may have them sawed at [illegible] Pitts' mill, Moira Lake.

Estray

About the 10th of November there [illegible] on the premises just west of the [illegible] two yearling calves. Owner can [illegible] by proving property and [illegible]

50-3-p MISS [illegible]

Found

Two stray calves, with [illegible] one black, one red, strayed onto [illegible] ses, lot eight, con. 14, two miles [illegible] Madoc.

50-3-p SAM REYNOLD[illegible]

Notice

All accounts owing the estate of [illegible] Love must be paid on or before Ja[illegible] 1918.

MRS. MARCELLA LOVE, 50-3 Administratrix for the [illegible]

For Sale or Rent

15 acres in the 5th concession of [illegible] ingdon township, ¼ mile from Thom[illegible] good garden land. Erected on the pr[illegible] are a good frame house 18x22, fram[illegible] 24x30, stone basement, a good well, [illegible] orchard, apples, pears, cherries. For [illegible] ther particulars apply on the premis[illegible]

JAMES F[illegible] 49-4p Thom[illegible]

Wool Wanted

Highest market prices paid in cash [illegible] Madoc Woolen Mills.

Blankets and Yarn for Sale at the [illegible]

18 S. J. DANFO[illegible]

For Quick Sale on Easy T[illegible]

A farm containing 110 acres [illegible] choice land, being lot 27, con. 6, [illegible] On the premises there is a large b[illegible] barn, driving shed, hog pen, 2 [illegible] wells, fall plowing all done, 25 acre[illegible] seeding. Just 1 mile from church, [illegible] blacksmith shop, grist mill, post o[illegible] store, independent phone in house. [illegible] tity of hay, grain and straw can be [illegible] with the place. The buyer may hav[illegible] session at once. For further par[illegible] apply to the owner on the farm.

WALKER HO[illegible] 49-4mos L[illegible]

For Sale

Four well-bred road Colts, two ri[illegible] years, one rising 4 and one spring[illegible] For sale cheap. Apply to

MRS. MARCELLA L[illegible] 44-tf

WANTE[illegible]

CREAM

We have again advanced our pr[illegible] good quality Cream. We could use [illegible] It will be worth your while to write [illegible]

TORONTO CREAMERY CO[illegible] 13 Church st. [illegible]

PAINTIN[illegible]

I am prepared to paint Au[illegible] mobiles, Carriages and [illegible] all kinds of vehicles. [illegible] Second block west of the D[illegible] Union Bank. [illegible]